PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6:

A61K 31/535, A01N 37/08, 37/12, 43/02, 43/06, 43/26, 43/32, 43/38, 43/40, 43/54, 43/65, 43/58, 43/60, 43/64, 43/76, 43/82, 53/00, C07C 59/74, 59/76, 59/90, 69/76, 229/00, 321/00

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 99/62520

(43) International Publication Date:

9 December 1999 (09.12.99)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US99/12093

A1

(22) International Filing Date:

1 June 1999 (01.06.99)

(30) Priority Data:

60/087,820 3 June 1998 (03.06.98) US 9815175.6 13 July 1998 (13.07.98) GB

(71) Applicants (for all designated States except US): MERCK & CO., INC. [US/US]; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). TULARIK, INC. [US/US]; 2 Corporate Drive, S. San Francisco, CA 94080 (US).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors'Applicants (for US only): YOUNG, Steven, D. [US/US]; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). EGBERTSON, Melissa [US/US]; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). PAYNE, Linda, S. [US/US]; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). WAI, John, S. [US/US]; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). FISHER, Thorsten, E. [US/US]; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). GUARE, James, P., Jr. [US/US]; 126 East Lincoln

Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). EMBREY, Mark, W. [US/US]; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). TRAN, Lee [US/US]; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). ZHUANG, Linghang [CN/US]; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). VACCA, Joseph, P. [US/US]; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). LANGFORD, Marie [US/US]; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). MELAMED, Jeffrey [US/US]; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US). CLARK, David, L. [US/US]; 2 Corporate Drive, S. San Francisco, CA 94080 (US). MEDINA, Julio, C. [US/US]; 2 Corporate Drive, S. San Francisco, CA 94080 (US). JAEN, Juan [US/US]; 2 Corporate Drive, S. San Francisco, CA 94080 (US).

- (74) Common Representative: MERCK & CO., INC.; 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ 07065 (US).
- (81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published

With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(54) Title: HIV INTEGRASE INHIBITORS

(57) Abstract

Certain six-membered aromatic and heteroaromatic-dioxo-butyric acid derivatives are described as inhibitors of HIV integrase and inhibitors of HIV replication. These compounds are useful in the prevention or treatment of infection by HIV and the treatment of AIDS, either as compounds, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, pharmaceutical composition ingredients, whether or not in combination with other antivirals, immunomodulators, antibiotics or vaccines. Methods of treating AIDS and methods of preventing or treating infection by HIV are also described.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway '	zw	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

TITLE OF THE INVENTION HIV INTEGRASE INHIBITORS

5

25

30

35

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

The present application claims priority to U.S. provisional application Serial No. 60/087,820, filed June 3, 1998.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

A retrovirus designated human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) is the etiological agent of the complex disease that includes 10 progressive destruction of the immune system (acquired immune deficiency syndrome; AIDS) and degeneration of the central and peripheral nervous system. This virus was previously known as LAV, HTLV-III, or ARV. A common feature of retrovirus replication is the insertion by virally-encoded integrase of proviral 15 DNA into the host cell genome, a required step in HIV replication in human T-lymphoid and monocytoid cells. Integration is believed to be mediated by integrase in three steps: assembly of a stable nucleoprotein complex with viral DNA sequences; cleavage of two 20 nucleotides from the 3' termini of the linear proviral DNA; covalent joining of the recessed 3' OH termini of the proviral DNA at a staggered cut made at the host target site. The fourth step in the process, repair synthesis of the resultant gap, may be accomplished by cellular enzymes.

Nucleotide sequencing of HIV shows the presence of a pol gene in one open reading frame [Ratner, L. et al., Nature, 313, 277(1985)]. Amino acid sequence homology provides evidence that the pol sequence encodes reverse transcriptase, integrase and an HIV protease [Toh, H. et al., EMBO J. 4, 1267 (1985); Power, M.D. et al., Science, 231, 1567 (1986); Pearl, L.H. et al., Nature, 329, 351 (1987)]. All three enzymes have been shown to be essential for the replication of HIV.

It is known that some antiviral compounds which act as inhibitors of HIV replication are effective agents in the treatment of AIDS and similar diseases, e.g., azidothymidine or AZT. Applicants

demonstrate that the compounds of this invention are inhibitors of HIV integrase and inhibitors of HIV replication. The applicants additionally demonstrate that inhibition of integrase in vitro and HIV replication in cells is a direct result of inhibiting the strand transfer reaction catalyzed by the recombinant integrase in vitro and integrase as a component of the preintegration complex in HIV infected cells. The particular advantage of the present invention is highly specific inhibition of HIV integrase and HIV replication. The compounds of the present invention inhibit integrases of closely related lentiviruses such as HIV 2 and SIV, but not integrases from more distantly related retroviruses, for example RSV. These compounds do not inhibit binding or catalysis of other nucleic acid binding proteins, including enzymatic reactions such as those catalyzed by HIV reverse transcriptase, HIV Rnase H, Influenza transcriptase, Hepatitis C polymerase, Yeast DNA polymerase, DNase I, Eco RI endonuclease, or mammalian polymerase II.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Zhao et al., (J. Med Chem. vol. 40, pp. 937-941 and 1186-1194 (1997)) describe hydrazide and arylamide HIV integrase inhibitors. Bis-catechols useful for inhibiting HIV integrase are described in LaFemina et al. (Antimicrobial Agents & Chemotherapy, vol. 39, no. 2, pp. 320-324, February 1995).

U.S. Patents 4,377,258; 4,336,397; and 4,423,063 as well as Williams and Rooney (J. Med. Chem. vol 26, pp. 1196-1200, 1983) disclose 2,4-dioxo-4-substituted-1-butanoic acid derivatives useful intreating urinary tract calcium oxalate lithiasis. 4-substituted 2,4-dioxobutanoic acid compounds useful for inhibiting an influenza virus endonuclease are described in Tomassini et al. (Antimicrobial Agents & Chemotherapy, vol. 38, no. 12, pp. 2827-2837, December, 1994). 4-phenyl-4-oxo-butenoic acid derivatives are disclosed as useful as kynurenine-3-hydroxylase inhibitors for the prevention and/or treatment of neurodegenerative diseases in PCT/EP96/04517, which published as WO 97/17316 and in PCT/EP96/04518, which published as WO 97/17317.

Applicants have discovered that certain six-membered aromatic and heteroaromatic diketo acid derivatives are potent

inhibitors of HIV integrase. These compounds are useful in the treatment of AIDS or HIV infection.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5

10

20

form:

Compounds of formula I, as herein defined, are disclosed. These compounds are useful in the inhibition of HIV integrase, the prevention of infection by HIV, the treatment of infection by HIV and in the treatment of AIDS and/or ARC, either as compounds, pharmaceutically acceptable salts or hydrates (when appropriate), pharmaceutical composition ingredients, whether or not in combination with other antivirals, anti-infectives, immunomodulators, antibiotics or vaccines. Methods of treating AIDS, methods of preventing infection by HIV, and methods of treating infection by HIV are also disclosed.

15 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

This invention is concerned with compounds of formula I, combinations thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, in the inhibition of HIV integrase, the prevention or treatment of infection by HIV and in the treatment of the resulting acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS). Compounds of formula I are defined as follows:

$$R^8$$
 A
 R^9
 O
 O
 O

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

A is a six-membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring containing 0, 1, or 2 nitrogen heteroatoms substituted on carbon or nitrogen by R1, R2, R8, and R9; optionally the aromatic ring may be fused with another ring system to

R1 is selected from:

- 5 (1) -H,
 - (2) -C₁₋₅ alkyl,
 - $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl- OR^7 ,
 - (4) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁷,
 - (5) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-SR⁷,
- 10 (6) -CF3 or -CH2CF3,
 - (7) -halo,
 - (8) $-NO_2$,
 - (9) $-C_{0-3}$ alkyl $-N(R^4)(R^5)$,
 - (10) -R6,
- 15 (11) -C₂₋₅ alkenyl-R³,
 - (12) -C₂₋₅ alkynyl-R³,
 - (13) -O-R6,
 - (14) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with fluorine atoms,
- 20 (15) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR⁷;
 - (16) $-O-C_{2-6}$ alkyl-N(R4)(R5);
 - (17) -S-C₁₋₃ alkyl;
 - (18) $-C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OR^7$;
 - (19) -CH₂-CH(OH)-CH₂-O-R⁷; and
- 25 (20) $-C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5)$;

R² is selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) -R³,

(3)-C₁₋₆ alkyl, (4) -C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with R³, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms on C₁₋₆ alkyl may be replaced with a fluorine atom. 5 (5) -C₂₋₆ alkenyl, **(6)** -O-R6. -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁶, (7) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-SR₆, (8) (9) $-S(O)_n-R6$ 10 $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl $(OR_6)(R_4)$, (10) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R4)(R6), (11)-C1-6 alkyl S(O)n-R6, (12)(13)-C₀-6 alkyl C(0)-R⁶, -C₀₋₆ alkyl C(O)CH₂-C(O)-OH, (14)15 -C₁₋₆ alkyl C(S)-R⁶, (15)-C₁₋₆ alkyl NR⁴C(O)-R⁶, (16) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl- $C(O)N(R^4)(R^5)$, and (17)(18) $-CH_2(OR^7)-R6$; each R³ is independently selected from: 20 (1) a 5 or 6 membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring, containing 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, unsubstituted or substituted on nitrogen or carbon by 1 to 5 substituents selected from: (a) halogen, 25 **(b)** C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, C1-6 alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen (c) atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, (d) phenyl, 30 (e) -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl, **(f)** -CN, (g) hydroxy, phenyloxy, (h) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R⁷)₂, (i)

(j) -N+N-CH₃

- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (iii) -CF3, and
 - (iv) hydroxy;
- 10 (2) a 3 to 6 membered saturated ring containing 0, 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected from:
 - (a) halogen,
 - (b) C_{1-6} alkyl,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
 - (d) -CF3,
 - (e) -OCF3,
 - (f) -CN,
 - (g) = 0,

5

15

20

30

- (h) benzyl, and
- (i) hydroxy;
- (3) unsubstituted or substituted hexahydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazolyl with one or two substituents selected from:
- 25 (a) 0x0,
 - (b) halogen,
 - (c) C_{1-6} alkyl,
 - (d) C_{1-6} alkyloxy-,
 - (e) $-CF_3$,
 - (f) -OCF3,
 - (g) -CN, and
 - (h) hydroxy;

35

	(4)	a 5 or 6 membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring,
		containing 0, 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from oxygen,
		nitrogen and sulfur, fused with a phenyl ring; wherein the
		ring system is unsubstituted or substituted on a nitrogen or
5		carbon atom by 1 to 3 substituents selected from:
		(a) -halogen,
		(b) -C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c) -C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d) -CF3,
10		(e) -OCF3,
		(f) -CN, and
ý. ·		(g) -hydroxy;
	(5)	a 3 to 6 membered saturated ring containing 0, 1 or 2
		heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, fused
15		with a phenyl ring, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or 2
		substituents selected from:
		(a) halogen,
		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
20		(d) -CF3,
		(e) -OCF3,
		(f) -CN,
		(g) = 0, and
		(h) hydroxy;
25	(6)	a 5 to 6 membered ring containing 0, 1 or 2 heteroatoms
		selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, containing 2 or 3
		double bonds, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or 2
		substituents selected from:
		(a) halogen,
30		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d) -CF3,
		(e) -OCF3,
		(f) -CN

=O, and

(g)

(h) hydroxy; and **(7)** a 5 to 6 membered ring containing 0, 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, containing 2 or 3 double bonds, fused with a phenyl ring, unsubstituted or 5 substituted with 1 or 2 substituents selected from: halogen, (a) **(b)** C₁₋₆ alkyl, (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-, (d) -CF3, 10 (e) -OCF3, **(f)** -CN. (g) =0, and (h) hydroxy; and each R4 is independently selected from: 15 -H, **(1) (2)** -C₁₋₄ alkyl, (3) -CF3, -R3. (4) (5) -C2-3 alkenyl, 20 -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³, **(6)** -C2-3 alkenyl-R3, (7) $-S(O)_n-R^3$, and (8) $-C(O)-R^3$: (9)each R5 is independently selected from: 25 (1) -H, (2)-C₁₋₃ alkyl, -CF3, (3) -R3. **(4)** -C2-3 alkenyl, (5) -C1-3 alkyl-R3, 30 (6) **(7)** -C₂₋₃ alkenyl-R³, $-S(O)_n-R^3$, (8) (9) $-C(O)-R^3$

-C(O)OR4, and

-C(O)C(O)OH;

(10)

(11)

35

each R6 is independently selected from:

- (1) $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl- R^3 , and
- (2) $-R^3$:

each R7 is independently selected from:

5

- (1) -H, and
- (2) -C₁₋₆ alkyl;

R8 is selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) -O- C₁₋₆ alkyl and
- 10

25

30

(3) C₁₋₆ alkyl;

R⁹ is selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) -O- C₁₋₃ alkyl,
- (3) -OH, and
- 15 (4) oxo; and

each n is independently selected from 0, 1 and 2.

Also provided for by the present invention are compounds of structural formula (I) wherein: when A is phenyl:

- (1) R^1 is not R^6 para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety; and
- R^2 is not selected from:
 - (a) phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
 - (b) substituted phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
 - (c) -C₁₋₆ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety, and
 - (d) substituted -C₁₋₆ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety; and
 - (3) at least one of R^1 , R^2 , and R^8 is not:
 - (a) -H,
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, or
 - (c) R³ wherein R³ is cycloalkyl; and
 - (4) and when R² is S(O)_nR⁶, and R⁶ is CH₂-R³ or R³, then R³ is not unsubstituted phenyl.

Also provided for by the present invention are compounds of formula (I) wherein:

WHEN A is phenyl and R^1 is:

(a) H,

5

10

15

20

25

(b) C_{1-5} alkyl,

(c) halo,

(d) NO₂,

(e) R⁶ when R⁶ is CH₂R³ or R³ and when R³ is unsubstituted phenyl,

(f) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, or

(g) $-SC_{1-3}$ alkyl;

THEN R² is not selected from:

(a) H,

(b) R³ when R³ is unsubstituted phenyl,

(c) C₁₋₆ alkyl,

(d) CH₂R³ when R³ is unsubstituted phenyl, and

(e) SOR6 when R6 is CH₂R³ or R³ and when R³ is unsubstituted phenyl.

Also provided for by the present invention are compounds of formula (I) wherein at least one of R¹, R², R⁸ and R⁹ is not hydrogen.

Also provided for by the present invention are compounds of formula (I) wherein: when A is a fused ring system, the six-membered aromatic ring is substituted by the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety

Applicants hereby incorporate by reference the disclosure of U.S. provisional application Serial No. 60/087,820, filed June 3, 1998.

Also provided are compounds of formula Ia, which are defined as follows:

$$R^2$$
 A
 R^1
 O
 OR^7
 (la)

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof,

wherein:

A is a six-membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring containing 0, 1, or 2 heteroatoms selected from nitrogen and substituted on carbon or nitrogen by R¹, R² and R⁸; the aromatic or heteroaromatic ring may optionally be fused with a 5- or 6-membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring to form a fused ring system, provided that when A is a fused ring system, the six-membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring is substituted by the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety; optionally the aromatic or heteroaromatic ring may be fused with

10 another ring system to form:

R1 is selected from:

- (1) -H,
- 15 (2) -C₁₋₅ alkyl,
 - (3) -CF₃,
 - (4) -halo,
 - (5) $-NO_2$,
 - (6) $-N(R^4)(R^5)$,
- 20 (7) -R6,
 - (8) $-C_{2-5}$ alkenyl-R³,
 - (9) -C₂₋₅ alkynyl-R³,
 - (10) -O-R6,
 - (11) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, and
- 25 (12) -C(O)CH₂C(O)C(O)OR⁷;

R² is selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) -R³,
- (3) -C₁₋₆ alkyl,
- 30 (4) -C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with R³,
 - (5) -O-R6,

PCT/US99/12093

	(6)	-O-C ₁₋₆ alkyl-OR ^o ,
	(7)	-S(O)n-R6,
	(8)	$-C_{1-6}$ alkyl (OR6)(R4),
	(9)	$-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^4)(R^6)$,
5	(10)	$-C_{1-6}$ alkyl $S(O)n-R^6$,
	(11)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyl C(O)-R ⁶ ,
	(12)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyl C(S)-R ⁶ ,
	(13)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyl $NR^4C(O)$ -R ⁶ , and
	(14)	$-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-C(O)N(R ⁴)(R ⁵);
10	each \mathbb{R}^3 is i	ndependently selected from:
	(1)	a 5 or 6 membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring,
		containing 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms selected from oxygen,
		nitrogen and sulfur, unsubstituted or substituted on a
		nitrogen or carbon atom by 1 to 5 substituents selected from:
15		(a) halogen,
		(b) C_{1-6} alkyl,
		(c) C_{1-6} alkyloxy-,
		(d) phenyl,
		(e) -CF ₃ ,
20		(f) $-OCF_3$,
	·	(g) -CN,
		(h) hydroxy,
		(i) phenyloxy, and
•	·	(j) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
25		selected from:
		(i) halogen,
*		(ii) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(iii) -CF3, and
		(iv) hydroxy;
30	(2)	a 3 to 6 membered saturated ring containing 0 or 1
		heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur,
		unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected
		from:
0.5		(a) halogen,
35		(b): C1 c alkyl

(c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-, (d) -CF₃, -OCF3, (e) (f) -CN. 5 (g) =O, (h) hydroxy; (3)unsubstituted or substituted hexahydrothieno[3,4d]imidazolyl with one or two substituents selected from: (a) oxo, 10 (b) halogen, (c) C₁₋₆ alkyl, (d) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-, -CF3, (e) (f) -OCF3, 15 -CN, and (g) (h) hydroxy; (4) a 5 or 6 membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring, containing 0, 1, or 2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, fused with a phenyl ring; wherein the 20 ring system is unsubstituted or substituted on a nitrogen or carbon atom by 1 to 3 substituents selected from: (a) -halogen, (b) -C₁₋₆ alkyl, -C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-, (c) 25 (d) -CF₃, (e) -OCF3, -CN, and **(f)** (g) -hydroxy; (5) a 3 to 6 membered saturated ring containing 0 or 1 30 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, fused with a phenyl ring, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or 2 substituents selected from:

(a)

(b)

halogen,

C₁₋₆ alkyl,

```
(c)
                             C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyloxy-,
                     (d)
                             -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                     (e)
                             -OCF3,
                     (f)
                             -CN,
 5
                             =0,
                     (g)
                     (h)
                             hydroxy;
                     a 5 to 6 membered ring containing 0, 1 or 2 heteroatoms
              (6)
                     selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, containing 2 or 3
                     double bonds, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or 2
10
                     substituents selected from:
                             halogen,
                     (a)
                     (b)
                             C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                     (c)
                             C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyloxy-,
                     (d)
                             -CF3,
15
                     (e)
                             -OCF3,
                     (f)
                             -CN,
                             =0,
                     (g)
                     (h)
                             hydroxy;
      each R4 is independently selected from:
20
              (1)
                     -H,
                     -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl,
              (2)
                     -CF3,
              (3)
                     -R3,
              (4)
                     -C2-3 alkenyl,
              (5)
25
              (6)
                     -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>,
                     -C2-3 alkenyl-R3,
              (7)
              (8)
                     -S(O)_n-R^3, and
              (9)
                     -C(O)-R3;
      each R^5 is independently selected from:
30
              (1)
                     -H,
              (2)
                     -C_{1-3} alkyl,
              (3)
                     -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                     -R3,
              (4)
                     -C2-3 alkenyl,
              (5)
35
                     -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>,
              (6)
```

	(7)	-C2-	3 alkenyl-R ³ ,
	(8)	-S(O	$n-R^3$, and
	(9)	-C(O)-R ³ ;
	each R6 is		endently selected from:
5	(1)	-C ₁₋ 3	3 alkyl-R ³ , and
	(2)	-R3;	
	R7 is select	ed fro	m:
	(1)	-H, a	nd
	(2)	C_{1-6}	alkyl;
10	R8 is select	ed from	m:
	(1)	-H,	
	(2)	-O- C	1-6 alkyl, and
			alkyl; and
	each n is in		dently selected from 0, 1 and 2.
15			provided by the present invention are compounds of
			a (Ia) wherein:
	when A is		•
	(1)	R^1 is	not:
		(a)	phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
20		(b)	substituted phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester
			moiety,
		(c)	C ₁₋₃ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester
			moeity, or
		(d)	substituted -C ₁₋₃ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric
25			acid/ester moeity; and
	(2)	R^2 is	not selected from:
		(a)	phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
		(b)	substituted phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester
			moiety,
30		(c)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester
			moiety, and
		(d)	substituted -C ₁₋₆ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric
			acid/ester moiety; and
	(3)	at lea	ast one of R^1 , R^2 , and R^8 is not:
35		(a)	-H,

		(b) C1-6 alkyl, or
		(c) R3 wherein R3 is cycloalkyl; and
	(4)	and when R^1 or R^2 is $S(O)_n R^6$, R^6 is R^3 .
		Particular compounds of structural formula Ia include:
5	(1)	3-biphenyl-4-yl-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(2)	4-(3,5-bis-benzyloxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxo-but-2-enoic acid
	(3)	4-[3-(3,4-difluorobenzyl)oxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-
		enoic acid,
	(4)	4-[3-(4-methylbenzyl)oxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic
10		acid,
	(5)	4-(3-benzyloxy-5-methoxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic
		acid,
	(6)	4-(3-benzyloxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(7)	4-[3-(4-chlorobenzyl)oxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic
15		acid,
	(8)	4-[3-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)oxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-
		enoic acid,
	(9)	4-[3-(4-fluorobenzyl)oxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic
		acid,
20	(10)	4-[3-(3-chlorobenzyl)oxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic
		acid,
	(11)	4-[3-benzyloxy-5-(6-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-
		hexyloxy)phenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(12)	4-(3-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)phenyl)-4-oxo-2-butenoic acid,
25	(13)	4-(3-benzyloxy-5-hydroxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic
		acid,
	(14)	4-(3-(1-phenylethoxy)phenyl)-4-oxo-2-butenoic acid,
	(15)	\$4\$-[3-benzyloxy-5-(6-[5-(2-oxohexahydrothieno[3,4-\$d\$]imidazol-
		4-yl)pentanoylamino]hexyloxy)-phenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-
30		2-enoic acid,
	(16)	4-[3-(6-aminohexyloxy)-5-benzyloxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
		oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(17)	4-(3-dibenzylaminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(18)	4-(3-chloro-phenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid, and
35	(19)	4-(3-benzyl-phenyl)-2.4-dioxo-butanoic acid

	(20)	4-(4-dibenzylaminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid
	(21)	4-(4-benzylaminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(22)	4-(2-benzyloxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(23)	4-naphthalen-1-yl-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid, and
5	(24)	4-naphthalen-2-yl-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(25)	4-(6-benzyloxy-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-4-yl)-2-hydroxy-4-
		oxobut-2-enoic acid, and
	(26)	4-(2,6-Bis benzyloxypyridin-4-yl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(27)	4-[1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-5-indolyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxo-2-butenoic
10		acid,
	(28)	4-[1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-4-indolyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxo-2-butenoic
		acid,
	(29)	4-(4-benzyloxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(30)	4-[1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-6-indolyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxo-2-butenoic
15		acid, and
	(31)	4-biphenyl-4-yl-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	and tautor	ners and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
		Particular compounds of structural formula (I) include:
	(1)	4-(3,5-Bis-benzyloxy-phenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
20	(2)	4-[3-Benzyloxy-5-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)-phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutanoic acid,
	(3)	4-[3-Benzyloxy-5-(6-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-hexyloxy)-
		phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(4)	4-(3-Benzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
25	(5)	4-[3-(2-chlorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(6)	4-(4-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(7)	4-(3-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(8)	1-(3-benzyloxy-5-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(9)	1-(3-Benzyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
30	(10)	1-(2-Benzyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(11)	1-[3-(4-Fluorobenzyloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(12)	1-[3-(3,4-Difluorobenzyloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(13)	4-[3-(5-methyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,

(14)	4-{3-[(methyl-phenyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-2,4-dioxo-
	butyric acid,
(15)	4-(3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-yl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
(16)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-
	phenyl]butyric acid,
(17)	2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,
(18)	4-[3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
(19)	4-[5-(4-Fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
	butyric acid,
(20)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
(21)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-
	dioxobutyric acid,
(22)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid
(23)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric
	acid,
(24)	4-(5-Benzyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
(25)	
	dioxobutyric acid,
(26)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoxazol-7-yl]-2,4-dioxo
	butyric acid,
(27)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
	acid,
(28)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-
	dioxobutyric acid,
(29)	4-[3-(3-Chloropyridin-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric
	acid,
(30)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl)
	phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
(31)	4-(5-benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methoxyethoxyphenyl)-2,4-
	dioxobutyric acid,
(32)	4-(3-Benzyl-4-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
(33)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
(34)	4-(3-Benzyl-4-fluorophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
(35)	4-(3-Benzyl-4-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
	acid,
	(15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23) (24) (25) (26) (27) (28) (29) (30) (31) (32) (33) (34)

	(36)	4-[5-(2-Methylbenzyl)-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric
		acid,
	(37)	2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-pyridin-2-ylmethylphenyl)butyric acid,
	(38)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
5		acid,
	(39)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(40)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-benzyloxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
	(44)	acid,
10	(41)	4-[5-(3-Methylbenzyl)-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(42)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-benzyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(43)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-hydroxy)ethoxyphenyl]-2,4- dioxo-2-butanoic acid,
	(44)	2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-pyridin-3-ylmethylphenyl)butyric acid,
15	(45)	4-[3-(3-Methyl-pyridin-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(46)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-methylsulfanylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(47)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-N-morpholinophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(48)	4-(8-Benzyl-4-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2h-benzo[1,4]oxazin-6-yl)-
20		2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(49)	4-[5-(2-Chlorobenzyl)-3-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(50)	•
	(30)	4-[5-(3-Chlorobenzyl)-3-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
25	(51)	4-(5-Benzyl-2,3,4-trimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(52)	4-(6-Benzylbenzo[1,3]dioxol-4-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(53)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(morpholine-4-carbonyl)phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(54)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyridine-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
30		acid,
	(55)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(morpholinomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric
		acid,
	(56)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyridine-3-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,

	(57)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(2-dimethylamino-1-hydroxy-1-
		methylethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(58)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
5	(50)	acid,
ິນ	(59)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-fluorophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(60)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-hydroxymethyl-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-
	(01)	dioxobutyric acid,
	(61)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyrazin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid
	(62)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(2-oxopiperidin-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-
10	4	dioxobutyric acid,
	(63)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(morpholinomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
•	(64)	4-[3-(2-Chlorobenzyl)-5-pyridin-2-ylmethylphenyl]-2,4-
	•	dioxobutyric acid,
15	(65)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-
		ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(66)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-methoxymethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(67)	4-[3-(2-Fluorobenzyl)-5-morpholinomethylphenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
20	(68)	4-[3-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-5-morpholinomethylphenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(69)	4-[3-(3-Fluorobenzyl)-5-morpholinomethylphenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(70)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(tert-butylcarbamoyl)phenyl]-2,4-
25	, ,	dioxobutyric acid,
	(71)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-
	(/	dioxobutyric acid,
	(72)	4-[5-Benzyl-3-(N'-methyl-N-piperazinyl)phenyl]-2,4-
	(12)	dioxobutyric acid,
30	(73)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,4]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-
50	(10)	dioxobutyric acid,
	(17.4)	•
	(74)	4-(6-Benzyl-3-oxo-3,4-dihydro-2-H-benzo[1,4]oxazin-8-yl)-2,4-
	/PF PT\	dioxobutyric acid,
0.5	(75)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyrimidin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric
35		acid,

	(76)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-amino-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
		acid,
	(77)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-ethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(78)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-
5		dioxobutyric acid,
	(79)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-trifluoroethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(80)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclobutyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(81)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclopentyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(82)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-tetrazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
10		acid,
	(83)	4-(5-Benzyl-2,3-diisopropoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(84)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-N-methylaminophenyl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(85)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,4-
15		dioxo-butyric acid,
	(86)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(2-N,N-
		dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(87)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(morpholinomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxo-butyric acid,
20	(88)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-N,N-
		dimethylaminomethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(89)	4-(7-Benzylbenzo[1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic
		acid,
	(90)	2-Hydroxy-4-oxo-4-(3-phenylindan-5-yl)but-2-enoic acid,
25	(91)	4-(Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(92)	3-(3-Benzyl-5-carboxyacetylphenyl)-3-oxopropionic acid,
	(93)	4-(4-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid
	(94)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methylthioethoxyphenyl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
30	(95)	4-(7-Benzyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[1,4]dioxin-5-yl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(96)	(+/-) 4-(8-Benzyl-3-hydroxy-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzo[B][1,4]di-
		oxepin-6-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(97)	4-(2,3-Dimethoxy-5-pent-4-envlphenyl)-2.4-dioxobutyric acid

	(98)	4-(5-Cyclopropylmethyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(99)	(6-Benzyloxy-1-oxo-indan-2-ylidene)-hydroxyacetic acid,
	(100)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,3]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-
5		2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(101)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,4]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-
		2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(102)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(3-N,N-dimethylaminopropoxy)-3-
		methoxyphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
10	(103)	4-[3-(Phenyldifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(104)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclopropyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
· .	(105)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(1-piperidinylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxo-butyric acid,
	(106)	$\hbox{$4$-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-dimethylamino-1-methylethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-}\\$
15		dioxo-butyric acid,
	(107)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
	*	butyric acid,
	(108)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
20	(109)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(pyridin-2-
		ylaminomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
		4-[1-(2,6-Difluorobenzyl)-1 <i>H</i> -indol-6-yl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(111)	4-(1-Benzyl-1H-indol-6-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
		1-[1-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-6-indolyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
25		1-[1-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-4-indolyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
		4-[3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
•	(115)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(2,6-difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid,
	(116)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(2-4-6-trifluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid,
	(117)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(2-fluoro-3-choro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid,
30	(118)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(2-methyl-4-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric
		acid,
	(119)	4-[3-(2,3-Dichloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(120)	4-[3-(2-Chloro-3-methylbenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(121)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(2,6-dichloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid.

	(122)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(2,3,4,5,6-penta-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric
	,,	acid,
	(123)	·
		2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(2-choro-4-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid,
5		4-[3-(2-Methylbenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
		2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenyl]butyric acid,
		4-[3-(2-Chlorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
		4-[3-(2-Bromobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
		4-[5-(4-Fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
10		butyric acid,
	(130)	4-[3-(3-Chloro-2-methyl-benzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
		4-[3-(2,3-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
		4-(3,5-Dibenzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
		2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(2-trifluoromethylbenzyl)phenyl]butyric acid,
15		4-[3-(4-Fluorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
		4-[3-(3-Chlorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(136)	
	,	acid,
	(137)	4-(3-Benzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
20	(138)	4-[3-(2-Fluoro-3-methyl-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric
		acid,
	(139)	4-[3-(3-Chloro-4-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric
		acid,
	(140)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(2-bromo-4-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric
25		acid,
	(141)	4-[3-(3-Bromobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(142)	4-[3-(2,5-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(143)	4-[3-(5-Chloro-2-fluoro-benzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(144)	4-[3-(3-Methylbenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
30	(145)	4-(3-Benzyl-4-methyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
		4-[3-(3,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(147)	4-[3-(2,5-Dichloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
		4-[3-(2-Chloro-6-methyl-benzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(149)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(2-trifluoromethyl-4-chloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-
35		hutamia paid

	(150)	4-[3-(2-Bromo-5-chloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric
		acid,
	(151)	4-(3-Naphthalen-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(152)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(3-fluorobenzyl)phenyl]butyric acid,
5	(153)	2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,
	(154)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]butyric acid,
	(155)	4-(3-Benzyl-4,5-dimethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(156)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(3-methoxybenzyl)phenyl]butyric acid,
	(157)	4-[3-(5-Methyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric
10		acid,
	(158)	4-[3-(5-Chloro-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric
		acid,
	(159)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-methylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(160)	4-[3-(2-Cyanobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
15	(161)	4-[3-Benzylphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(162)	4-[3-(3,5-Dichloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(163)	4-(5-Benzyl-2,4-dimethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(164)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-methylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(165)	4-(3-Cyclohexylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
20	(166)	4-{3-[(Methyl-phenyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
	(167)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(5-hydroxy-pentyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric
		acid,
	(168)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-yl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
25	(169)	4-[3-(3-tert-Butoxy-2-hydroxy-propyl)-5-(2-methyl-benzyl)-
		phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(170)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(2,3-dimethoxy-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid,
	(171)	4-[3-(Methoxyphenylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(172)	4-[3-[Hydroxy-(tetrahydro-furan-3-yl)-methyl]-5-(2-methyl-
30		benzyl)-phenyl]2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(173)	2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-phenoxymethyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,
	(174)	2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-phenoxymethyl-phenyl)-butyric acid
		4-[3-Benzyl-5-(cyclopropylcarboxamido)-phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,

	(176)	acid,
	(177)	4-[3-(Hydroxy-phenyl-methyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(178)	4-(5-Benzyl-2,3-dimethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
5		n-[3-(3,5-Dibromobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
		4-[3-(2-Methyl-benzyl)-5-pyrimidin-2-yl-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
	(181)	4-[3-Benzyl-2-(pyrimidin-2-ylamino)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid
10	(182)	4-[3-Benzoimidazol-1-ylmethyl-5-(2-methyl-benzyl)-phenyl]
		2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(183)	2,4-Dioxo-4-[3-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)phenyl] butyric acid,
	(184)	4-(4-Phenoxy-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(185)	2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,
15	(186)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(6-methoxy-pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
	(187)	4-(3-Benzotriazol-2-ylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(188)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-pyrazin-6-
		yl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
20	(189)	4-[4-(3-Phenethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(190)	4-[4-(3-Chlorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(191)	4-(3-Benzoimidazol-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric
		acid,
	(192)	4-[3-Benzyloxy-5-(6-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-
25		hexyloxy)phenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxo-but-2-enoic acid,
		4-(3-Benzotriazol-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(194)	4-[3-(3,5-Dimethyl-pyrazol-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
	(195)	4-[3-Benzyloxy-5-(2-morphonin-4-yl-ethoxy)phenyl]-2-
30		hydroxy-4-oxo-but-2-enoic acid,
		4-(4-Methyl-3-phenoxy-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid
		4-[3-(2-Hydroxy-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(198)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(6-dimethylamino-pyrazin-2-yl)-phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxo-butyric acid, and
35	(199)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-methoxypyridin-3-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid;

	and tauton	iers and pharmaceuticany acceptable saits thereof.
		One class of compounds of structural formula (I) includes:
	(1)	4-(3-Benzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(2)	4-[3-(5-methyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
5		butyric acid,
	(3)	4-{3-[(methyl-phenyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
	(4)	4-(3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-yl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(5)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-
10		phenyl]butyric acid,
	(6)	2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,
	(7)	4-[3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(8)	4-[5-(4-Fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
	•	butyric acid,
15	(9)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(10)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(11)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(12)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric
20	-	acid,
	(13)	4-(5-Benzyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(14)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-dimethylamino-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(15)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoxazol-7-yl]-2,4-dioxo-
25		butyric acid,
	(16)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
		acid,
	(17)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
30	(18)	4-[3-(3-Chloropyridin-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric
		acid,
	(19)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl)
		phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(20)	4-(5-benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methoxyethoxyphenyl)-2,4-
35		dioxobutyric acid,

- (21) 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,3]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
- (22) 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,4]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
- (23) 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(3-N,N-dimethylaminopropoxy)-3-methoxyphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid.

5

10

25

- (24) 4-[3-(Phenyldifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
- (25) 4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclopropyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
- (26) 4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(1-piperidinylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
- (27) 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-dimethylamino-1-methylethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
- (28) 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
- 15 (29) 4-[3-Benzyl-5-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid, and
 - (30) 4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(pyridin-2-ylaminomethyl) phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid;

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

20 One class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the structural formula below:

Another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the structural formula below:

Another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

Still another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the formula below:

Another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

Yet another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

Still another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

Another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

Yet another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

Still another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

10

Another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

Yet another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

$$R^1$$
 R^2
 O
 O
 O

Still another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

$$R^1$$
 R^8 O O O

Another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

Still another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

One class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the structural formula below:

Another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

5 Still another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the formula below:

$$\mathbb{R}^{8}$$
 \mathbb{R}^{2}
 \mathbb{O}
 \mathbb{O}
 \mathbb{O}

Another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

$$R^1$$
 OH R^2

10

Another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

Another class of compounds of the present invention is represented by the following structural formula:

$$\mathbb{R}^2$$
 N O O

5 In one embodiment of the present invention, A is selected

from:

15

- (1) phenyl,
- (2) pyridyl,
- (3) naphthyl,

10 (4) indolyl, provided that the aryl ring is substituted by the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety in structural formula (I),

(5)

(6) NNN

(7)

(8)

(10)

5

20

(13) H

In another embodiment of the present invention, A is selected from:

- (1) phenyl,
- 15 (2) pyridinyl,
 - indolyl, provided that 6-membered aromatic ring is substituted by the dioxobutyric moiety in structural formula (I);

(5)

(6)

(7)

5

(8)

In still another embodiment of the present invention, A is

phenyl.

In one embodiment of the present invention, R1 is selected

from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) -C₁₋₅ alkyl,
- (3) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-OR7;
- 15 (4) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁷,
 - (5) $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-SR⁷,
 - (6) -CF3 or -CH2CF3,
 - (7) -F, Cl, or Br,,
 - (8) $-NO_2$,
- 20 (9) $-C_{0-3}$ alkyl $-N(R^4)(R^5)$,
 - (10) -phenyl,
 - (11) substituted phenyl substituted with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,
- 25 (b) C_{1-6} alkyl,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,

		(a)	phenyl,
		(e)	-CF3,
		(f)	-OCF ₃ ,
		(g)	-CN,
5		(h)	hydroxy,
		(i)	phenyloxy, and
		(j)	substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
			selected from:
			(i) halogen,
10			(ii) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
			(iii) -CF3, and
			(iv) hydroxy;
	(12)	phen	yl C ₁₋₃ alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be
		unsu	bstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
15		inder	pendently selected from:
		(a)	halogen,
		(b)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
20		(d)	phenyl,
		(e)	-CF3,
		(f)	-SCH ₃ ,
		(g)	-CN,
		(h)	hydroxy,
25		(i)	phenyloxy,
		(j)	$-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$,
			\(\sigma_1\)
		(k)	N-CH ₃
			, and
		(1)	substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
30			selected from:
JU			(i) halogen,(ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
			(iv) hydroxy;

```
-O-R6,
               (13)
               (14)
                        -O-C1-6 alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one to three
                        fluorine atoms,
                        -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR<sup>7</sup>;
               (15)
 5
                       -O-C_{2-6} alkyl-N(R4)(R5);
               (16)
                       -S-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl;
               (17)
               (18)
                       -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OR7;
               (19)
                       -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-R<sup>7</sup>; and
                       -C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R_4)(R_5).
               (20)
10
                        In another embodiment of the present invention, R1 is
       selected from:
               (1)
                        -H,
               (2)
                        -CH<sub>3</sub>,
               (3)
                        -C_{1-6} alkyl-OR<sup>7</sup>;
                       -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-OR<sup>7</sup>,
15
               (4)
                       -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-SR<sup>7</sup>,
               (5)
                        -CF3 or -CH2CF3,
               (6)
                        -C1,
               (7)
               (8)
                        -F,
20
               (9)
                        -C_{0-3} alkyl -N(R^4)(R^5),
               (10)
                        -phenyl,
               (11)
                       phenyl C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be
                        unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
                        independently selected from:
25
                        (a)
                                -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                        (b)
                                CH_3
                        (c)
                                -OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                        (d) .
                                -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                        (e)
                                -SCH<sub>3</sub>,
30
                                -CN,
                        (f)
                        (g)
                                hydroxy,
                                -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                        (h)
```

```
(12)
                        -O-CH<sub>2</sub>-phenyl, wherein the phenyl group may be
                        unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
                        independently selected from:
                                 -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                        (a)
 5
                        (b)
                                 -CH<sub>3</sub>,
                        (c)
                                 -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
                        (d)
                                 -CF3,
                                 -SCH<sub>3</sub>,
                        (e)
                                 -CN,
                        (f)
10
                                 hydroxy,
                        (g)
                        (h)
                                 -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R^7)_{2},
                        -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one to three
               (13)
                        fluorine atoms, and
               (14)
                        -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH;
15
               (15)
                        -O-C_{1-6} alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR7;
               (16)
                        -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
               (17)
                        -O-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
               (18)
                        -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> NH<sub>2</sub>,
                        -O-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>,
               (19)
20
               (20)
                        -S-CH<sub>3</sub>,
               (21)
                        -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
               (22)
                        -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-R<sup>7</sup>, and
               (23)
                        -C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5).
                        In yet another embodiment of the present invention, R1 is
25
       selected from:
                        -H,
               (1)
                        -CH<sub>3</sub>,
               (2)
               (3)
                        -CH2OCH3.
               (4)
                        -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH,
30
                        -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>,
               (5)
               (6)
                        -(CH_2)_6-OH,
               (7)
                        -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                         -F,
               (8)
               (9)
                        -C1,
```

```
(10)
                     -C_{0-3} alkyl -N(R^4)(R^5),
              (11)
                     -phenyl,
              (12)
                     phenyl C1-3 alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be
                     unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
 5
                     independently selected from:
                             -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                     (a)
                     (b)
                             CH_3
                     (c)
                             -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
                     (d)
                             -CF<sub>3</sub>,
10
                     (e)
                             -CN,
                     (f)
                             hydroxy,
                     (g)
                             -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R^7)_2,
                     -O-CH2-phenyl, wherein the phenyl group may be
              (13)
                     unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
15
                     independently selected from:
                     (a)
                             -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                     (b)
                             -CH<sub>3</sub>,
                     (c)
                             -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
                     (d)
                            -CF3,
20
                             -CN.
                     (e)
                     (f)
                             hydroxy,
                             -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                     (g)
                     -O-CH3,
              (14)
              (15)
                     -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>,
25
                     -OCH2CF3,
              (16)
              (17)
                     -OCF3,
              (18)
                     -OCH(CH3)2,
              (19)
                     -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
              (20)
                     -O-C_{1-6} alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR<sup>7</sup>,
30
              (21)
                     -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
              (22)^{\circ}
                     -O-CH(CH_3)CH_2N(CH_3)_2
              (23)
                     -O-CH2CH2 NH2,
              (24)
                     -O-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>,
```

(25)

-S-CH₃,

```
-C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
              (26)
              (27)
                     -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-R<sup>7</sup>, and
              (28)
                     -C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5).
                     In another embodiment of the present invention, R1 is
 5
      selected from:
              (1)
                     -H,
              (2)
                     -phenyl,
              (3)
                     substituted phenyl substituted with 1 or 2 substituents
                     independently selected from:
10
                     (a)
                             halo, selected from -F, -Br, -Cl,
                     (b)
                             methyl, and
                     (c)
                             methoxy,
              (4)
                     phenyl C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-,
              (5)
                     -O-R6.
15
              (6)
                     -O-CH3, and
              (7)
                     -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OR7.
                     In one embodiment of the present invention, R2 is selected
      from:
              (1)
                     -H,
20
                     -R3,
              (2)
              (3)
                     -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                     -C1-6 alkyl substituted with R3, wherein one or more of the
              (4)
                     hydrogen atoms on C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl may be replaced with a
                     fluorine atom,
25
                     -O-R6,
              (5)
                     -S-R6
              (6)
             (7)
                     -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl- SR<sub>6</sub>;
                     -C_{1-6} alkyl (OR6)(R4).
              (8)
                     -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R^4)(R^6),
             (9)
30
                     -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-S-R<sup>6</sup>,
             (10)
             (11)
                     -C0-6 alkyl-C(O)-R6,
                     -C<sub>0-6</sub> alkyl-C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>-C(O)-OH,
             (12)
```

-C₁₋₆ alkyl NR⁴C(O)-R⁶,

- C_{1-6} alkyl- $C(O)N(R^4)(R^5)$, and

(13)

(14)

(15) $-CH_2(OR^7)-R6$.

In another embodiment of the present invention, R2 is

selected from:

5

- (1) -H,
- (2) $-R^3$,
- (3) -CH₃,
- -C1-6 alkyl substituted with R³, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms on C1-6 alkyl may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- 10 (5) -O-R6,
 - (6) -S-R6,
 - (7) $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-SR⁶;
 - (8) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl $(OR^6)(R^4)$,
 - (9) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R⁴)(R⁶),
- 15 (10) -C₀₋₆ alkyl C(O)-R⁶,
 - (11) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl $C(O)CH_2-C(O)-OH$,
 - (12) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl NR $^{4}C(O)$ -R 6 ,
 - (13) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl- $C(O)N(R^4)(R^5)$, and
 - (14) $-CH_2(OR^7)-R^6$.
- In yet another embodiment of the present invention, R² is selected from:
 - $(1) \quad -H,$
 - (2) $-R^3$,
 - (3) $-CH_2-R^3$,
- 25 (4) -CH₂CH₂-R³,
 - (5) $-CF_2-R^3$,
 - (6) $-CH(CH3)-R^3$,
 - (7) -O-R6,
 - (8) -S-phenyl,
- 30 (9) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl $(OR_{6})(R_{4})$,
 - (10) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R4)(R6),
 - (11) -C(O)-R³,
 - (12) -C₀₋₆ alkyl C(O)CH₂-C(O)-OH,
 - (13) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl NR 4 C(O)-R 6 ,

- (14) $-CH(OCH_3)R^3$, and
- (15) -CH(OH)R³.

In another embodiment of the present invention, R^2 is

selected from:

- 5 (1) $-R^3$,
 - (2) -C1-6 alkyl substituted with R³,
 - (3) -O-R6,
 - (4) $-S(O)_{n}-R_{6}$
 - (5) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl $(OR^6)(R^4)$,
- 10 (6) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R4)(R6), and
 - (7) -C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)N(R⁴)(R⁵).

 In one embodiment of the present invention, R³ is selected

from:

- (1) phenyl;
- 15 (2) substituted phenyl with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- 20 (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (d) phenyl,
 - (e) -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (f) -CN,
 - (g) hydroxy,
 - (h) phenyloxy,
 - (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^{7})_{2}$,

(j)

30

25

- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,

(ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl, (iii) -CF3, and (iv) hydroxy; (3)thienyl, 5 **(4)** substituted thienyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from: (a) halogen. (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, 10 (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, (d) phenyl, (e) -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl, -CN, **(f)** 15 (g) hydroxy, (h) phenyloxy, (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R⁷)₂, (j) 20 (k) oxo, and (1) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from: (i) halogen. (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl, -CF3, and 25 (iii) (iv) hydroxy; (5) pyridyl, (6) substituted pyridyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from: 30 (a) halogen,

C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen

atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,

(b)

		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(d)	phenyl,
		(e)	-S- $\mathrm{C}_{1 ext{-}6}$ alkyl,
5		(f)	-CN,
		(g)	hydroxy,
		(h)	phenyloxy,
		(i)	$-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R ⁷) ₂ ,
		(j)	
10			-N-CH ₃
10		(k)	oxo, and
		(1)	substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
		(1)	selected from:
			(i) halogen,
15	٠		(ii) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
			(iii) -CF3, and
			(iv) hydroxy;
	(7)	imid	azolyl,
	(8)	subst	tituted imidazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two
20			tituents independently selected from:
		(a)	halogen,
•		(b)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
2 5			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(d)	phenyl,
		(e)	-S-C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(f)	-CN,
		(g)	hydroxy,
30		(h)	phenyloxy,
		(i)	- $\mathrm{C}_{0\text{-}6}$ alkyl- $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{R}^7)_2$,
		(j)	

- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:

(i)

(ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,

halogen,

- (iii) -CF3, and
- (iv) hydroxy;
- (9) pyrrolyl,
- 10 (10) substituted pyrrolyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (d) phenyl,
 - (e) $-S-C_{1-6}$ alkyl,
 - (f) -CN,
- 20 (g) hydroxy,
 - (h) phenyloxy,
 - (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$,

(j)

25

5

15

- (k) oxo, and
- (1) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (iii) -CF3, and
 - (iv) hydroxy;

- (11) pyrazolyl,
- (12) substituted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,

5

- (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (d) phenyl,

10

- (e) -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
- (f) -CN,

(j)

- (g) hydroxy,
- (h) phenyloxy,
- (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$,

15

- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:

20

- (i) halogen,
- (ii) C_{1-6} alkyl,
- (iii) -CF3, and
- (iv) hydroxy;
- (15) piperidinyl,

25

- (16) substituted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,
 - (b) C_{1-6} alkyl,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,

30

- (d) -CF₃,
- (e) -OCF3,
- (f) -CN,
- (g) = 0,

PCT/US99/12093

		(h)	benzyl, and
		(i)	hydroxy;
	(17)	morp	oholinyl,
	(18)	subst	cituted morpholinyl substituted at a carbon or nitrogen
5		atom	with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from:
		(a)	halogen,
		(b)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d)	-CF3,
10		(e)	-OCF3,
		(f)	-CN,
		(g)	=0,
		(h)	benzyl, and
		(i)	hydroxy;
15	(19)	hexa	hydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazolyl,
	(20)	subst	tituted hexahydrothieno[3,4-d] substituted
		hexa	hydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazolyl with one or two
		subst	tituents independently selected from:
		(a)	oxo,
20		(b)	halogen,
		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(d)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
	•	(e)	-CF ₃ ,
	•	(f)	-OCF ₃ ,
25		(g)	-CN, and
		(h)	hydroxy,
	(21)	naph	thyl,
	(22)	subst	tituted naphthyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
		inder	pendently selected from:
30		(a)	-halogen,
		(b)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d)	-CF3,
		(e)	-OCF ₃ ,
35		(f)	-CN, and

		(g) -hydroxy,		
	(23)	indolyl,		
	(24)	substituted indolyl substituted on a carbon atom with one or		
		two substituents independently selected from:		
5		(a) -halogen,		
		(b) -C ₁₋₆ alkyl,		
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,		
		(d) -CF3,		
•		(e) -OCF3,		
10		(f) -CN, and		
		(g) -hydroxy;		
	(25)	C ₃₋₆ cycloalkyl fused with a phenyl ring;		
	(26)	substituted C ₃₋₆ cycloalkyl fused with a phenyl ring		
		substituted on carbon with one or two substituents		
15		independently selected from:		
		(a) halogen,		
		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,		
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,		
		(d) -CF3,		
20		(e) -OCF3,		
		(f) -CN,		
		(g) = 0, and		
		(h) hydroxy;		
	(27)	pyrazinyl;		
25	(28)	substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with		
		one or two substituents independently selected from:		
		(a) halogen,		
		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen		
		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,		
30		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen		
		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,		
	•	(d) phenyl,		
		(e) -S-C ₁₋₆ alkyl,		
		(f) -CN,		
35		(g) hydroxy,		

		(h)	phenyloxy,
		(i)	$-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$,
		445	—N N-CH ₃
		(j)	,
		(k)	oxo, and
5		(1)	substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
			selected from:
			(i) halogen,
			(ii) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
			(iii) -CF3, and
10			(iv) hydroxy;
	(29)	pyrir	nidinyl;
	(30)	subst	tituted pyrimidinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon
			one or two substituents independently selected from:
		(a)	halogen,
15		(b)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
	- **		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(d)	phenyl,
20		(e)	-S-C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(f)	-CN,
		(g)	hydroxy,
		(h)	phenyloxy,
		(i)	$-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$,
05		(1)	—N N−CH ₃
25		(j)	,
		(k)	oxo, and
		(1)	substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
			selected from:
			(i) halogen,
30			(ii) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
			(iii) -CF3, and
			(iv) hydroxy

(31) triazolyl;

- (32) substituted triazolyl with one or two substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,

5 (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,

- (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (d) phenyl,
- (e) -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
- (f) -CN,
- (g) hydroxy,
- (h) phenyloxy,
- (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R_{7})_{2}$,

15

20

10

- **(j**)
- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (iii) -CF3, and
 - (iv) hydroxy;
- (33) tetrazolyl;
- (34) substituted tetrazolyl with a substituent selected from:
- 25 (a) halogen,
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- 30 (d) phenyl,
 - (e) -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (f) -CN,
 - (g) hydroxy,

		(1.)	1 7
		(h)	phenyloxy,
		(i)	-C ₀₋₆ alkyl-N(\mathbb{R}^7) ₂ ,
			—N N−CH ₃
		(j)	`,
		(k)	oxo, and
5		(1)	substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
			selected from:
			(i) halogen,
			(ii) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
			(iii) -CF3, and
10			(iv) hydroxy;
	(35)	Сз-6	cycloalkyl;
	(36)	subst	tituted C3-6 cycloalkyl substituted with one or two
		subs	tituents independently selected from:
		(a)	halogen,
15		(b)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d)	-CF3,
		(e)	-OCF ₃ ,
		(f)	-CN,
20		(g)	=O,
		(h)	benzyl, and
		(i)	hydroxy;
	(37)	tetra	ahydrofuran;
	(38)	subs	tituted tetrahydrofuran substituted with one or two
25		subs	tituents independently selected from:
		(a)	halogen,
		(p)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d)	-CF3,
30		(e)	-OCF ₃ ,
		(f)	-CN,
		(g)	= O,

(h)

benzyl, and

		(i)	hydroxy;
	(39)	pipe	erazinyl;
	(40)	subs	stituted piperazinyl substituted with one or two
		subs	stituents independently selected from:
5		(a)	halogen,
		(b)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d)	-CF3,
		(e)	-OCF ₃ ,
10		(f)	-CN,
		(g)	=0,
		(h)	benzyl, and
		(i)	hydroxy;
	(41)	benz	zotriazolyl,
15	(42)	subs	tituted benzotriazolyl substituted on a carbon atom with
			or two substituents independently selected from:
		(a)	
		(b)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
20		(d)	-CF3,
		(e)	-OCF3,
		(f)	-CN, and
		'(g)	-hydroxy;
	(43)	benz	oimidazolyl,
25	(44)	subs	tituted benzoimidazolyl substituted on a carbon atom
			one or two substituents independently selected from:
		(a)	-halogen,
		(b)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
30		(d)	-CF3,
		(e)	-OCF3,
		(f)	-CN, and
		(g)	-hydroxy.
		In ar	nother embodiment of the present invention, R3 is
35	selected fro		•,

(1) phenyl; (2) substituted phenyl with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from: (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br, 5 (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,-, (d) -CN, 10 (e) hydroxy, and (f) oxo; (3)thienyl, **(4)** substituted thienyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from: 15 (a) halogen, selected from F, Cl, and Br, **(b)** C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, and (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom; 20 (5) pyridyl, (6) substituted pyridyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from: (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br; (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen 25 atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, C1-6 alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen (c) atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, (d) hydroxy, and (e) oxo; 30 **(7)** imidazolyl, (8) pyrrolyl, (9)pyrazolyl (10)substituted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from: 35 (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br;

```
-CH<sub>3</sub>,
                   (b)
                   (c)
                          -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                   (d)
                          -OCH<sub>3</sub>,
                   (e)
                          -OCF3, and
 5
                   (f)
                          hydroxy;
            (11)
                   C3-6 cycloalkyl,
            (12) _ substituted C3-6 cycloalkyl with 1 or 2 substituents
                   independently selected from:
                   (a)
                          halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
10
                   (b)
                          СН3,
                   (c)
                          methyloxy-,
                   (d)
                          -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                   (e)
                          -OCF3,
                   (f)
                          -CN,
15
                   (g)
                          =O, and
                   (h)
                          hydroxy;
            (13)
                   piperidinyl,
                   substituted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with one or
            (14)
                   two substituents independently selected from:
20
                          halogen selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (a)
                   (b)
                          methyl,
                   (c)
                          methoxy-,
                          -CF3,
                   (d)
                   (e)
                          -OCF3,
25
                   (f)
                          =O, and
                   (g)
                          hydroxy;
            (15)
                   morpholinyl,
            (16)
                   substituted morpholinyl substituted on carbon or nitrogen
                   with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from:
30
                   (a)
                          halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (b)
                          methyl,
                   (c)
                         methoxy-,
                   (d)
                          -CF3,
                   (e)
                          -OCF3, and
```

PCT/US99/12093

		(f) hydroxy;
	(17)	hexahydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazolyl,
	(18)	naphthyl,
	(19)	substituted naphthyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
5		independently selected from:
		(a) -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
. •		(b) methyl,
		(c) methoxy-,
		(d) -CF3,
10		(e) -OCF3,
		(f) -CN, and
		(g) -hydroxy,
	(20)	indolyl,
	(21)	1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl,
15	(22)	substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl substituted on
		carbon with a substituent selected from:
		(a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
		(b) methyl,
		(c) methoxy-,
20		(d) -CF3,
		(e) -OCF3,
		(f) -CN,
		(g) = 0, and
		(h) hydroxy;
25	(23)	pyrazinyl;
	(24)	substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with
		one or two substituents independently selected from:
		(a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
30		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(d) hydroxy,
		(e) phenyloxy,
35		(f) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R ⁷) ₂ , and

(25) pyrimidinyl;

5 (26) substituted pyrimidinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with a substituent selected from:

- (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
- (b) methyl,
- (c) methoxy-, and

10 (d) phenyl,

- (27) triazolyl;
- (28) substituted triazolyl with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,
- 15 (c) methoxy-, and
 - (d) hydroxy,
 - (29) tetrazolyl;
 - (30) substituted tetrazolyl with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
- 20 (b) methyl,
 - (c) methoxy-, and
 - (d) hydroxy,
 - (31) C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;
 - (32) substituted C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,
 - (c) methoxy-,
 - (d) -CF3, and
- 30 (e) -OCF₃,

25

- (33) tetrahydrofuran;
- (34) substituted tetrahydrofuran substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from:

```
halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (a)
                          methyl,
                   (b)
                   (c)
                          methoxy-,
                          -CF3, and
                   (d)
 5
                   (e)
                          -OCF3,
            (35)
                   piperazinyl;
            (36)
                   substituted piperazinyl substituted with one or two
                   substituents independently selected from:
                   (a)
                          halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
10
                   (b)
                          C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                   (c)
                          C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyloxy-,
                   (d)
                          -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                   (e)
                          -OCF3,
                   (f)
                          benzyl, and
15
                   (g)
                          hydroxy;
            (37)
                   benzotriazolyl,
            (38)
                   substituted benzotriazolyl substituted on carbon with one or
                   two substituents independently selected from:
                          -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl. and -Br,
                   (a)
20
                   (b)
                          -methyl,
                   (c)
                          methoxy-,
                   (d)
                          -CF3, and
                   (e)
                          -OCF3,
            (39)
                   benzoimidazolyl, and
25
            (40)
                   substituted benzoimidazolyl substituted on carbon with one
                   or two substituents independently selected from:
                   (a)
                          -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl. and -Br,
                   (b)
                          -methyl,
                   (c)
                          methoxy-,
30
                   (d)
                          -CF3, and
                          -OCF3.
                   (e)
                   In yet another embodiment of the present invention, each
     R<sup>3</sup> is independently selected from:
```

(1) phenyl,

	(2)		tituted phenyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently	
			cted from:	
		(a) (b)	halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br, -CH ₃ ,	
-				
5		(c)	methyloxy-,	
		(d)	ethyloxy-,	
		(e)	-OCH ₂ CF ₃ ,	
		(f)	-OCF ₂ CH ₃ ,	
10		(g)	-CF3,	
10		(h)	- 0,	
		(i)	-CF ₂ CH ₃ ,	
		(j)	-OCF3,	
		(k)	-CN, and	
	45)	(1)	hydroxy;	
15	(3)	thienyl,		
	(4)		tituted thienyl substituted on a carbon atom with a	
			tituent selected from:	
		(a)	F,	
		(b)	Cl, and	
20		(c)	methyl;	
	(5)	pyric	łyl,	
	(6)	subs	tituted pyridyl substituted on a carbon with a	
		subs	tituent selected from:	
		(a)	-F,	
25		(b)	-Cl,	
		(c)	-CH3,	
		(d)	-CF3,	
		(e)	-OCH3,	
		(f)	-OCF3,	
30		(g)	hydroxy, and	
		(h)	oxo;	
	(7)	pyra	zolyl	
	(8)	subs	tituted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two	
		subs	tituents independently selected from:	
35		(a)	-F,	

		(b) -Cl,
		(c) -CH3, and
		(d) -CF3;
	(9)	C ₃₋₆ cycloalkyl,
5	(10)	piperidinyl,
	(11)	substituted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with a
		substituent selected from:
		(a) methoxy-,
		(b) -OCF ₃ ,
10		(c) $=0$, and
		(d) hydroxy;
,	(12)	morpholinyl,
	(13)	naphthyl,
	(14)	1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl,
15	(15)	pyrazinyl;
	(16)	substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with
	1	a substituent selected from:
		(a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
		(b) methyl,
20		(c) -CF3,
		(d) methoxy-,
		(e) $-N(CH_3)_2$, and
		(f)
		$-N$ $N-CH_3$
25	(17)	pyrimidinyl,
	(18)	[1,2,3]-triazolyl,
	(19)	[1,2,4]-triazolyl,
	(20)	tetrazolyl;
	(21)	cyclopropyl,
30	(22)	cyclobutyl,
	(23)	cyclopentyl,
	(24)	cyclohexyl,
	(25)	tetrahydrofuran,

```
(26)
                    piperazinyl;
             (27)
                    substituted piperazinyl substituted with a substituent
                    selected from:
                    (a)
                           -F,
 5
                    (b)
                           -C1,
                    (c)
                           methyl,
                    (d)
                           -CF3, and
                    (e)
                           benzyl,
             (28)
                    benzotriazolyl, and
10
             (29)
                    benzoimidazolyl.
                    In still another embodiment of the present invention, R3 is
      selected from:
             (1)
                    phenyl;
                    substituted phenyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently
             (2)
15
                    selected from:
                          halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br,
                    (a)
                    (b)
                          -CH<sub>3</sub>,
                          methyloxy-,
                    (c)
                    (d)
                          phenyl,
20
                    (e)
                          -CF3,
                    (f)
                          -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
                          -CN,
                    (g)
                    (h)
                          hydroxy,
                    (i)
                          phenyloxy, and
25
                          substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
                   (j)
                          selected from:
                                 halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br,
                          (i)
                          (ii)
                                 -CH<sub>3</sub>,
                          (iii)
                                 -CF3, and
30
                          (iv)
                                 hydroxy.
                   In one embodiment of the present invention, each R4 is
     independently selected from:
            (1)
                   -H,
            (2)
                   -C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,
35
            (3)
                   -CF3,
```

- (4) -R³,
- (5) -C₂₋₃ alkenyl,
- (6) $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl- R^3 ,
- (7) $-C_{2-3}$ alkenyl- R^3 , and
- 5 (8) -C(O)-R³.

In another embodiment of the present invention, each R⁴ is independently selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) -C₁₋₄ alkyl,
- 10 (3) $-CF_3$,
 - (4) -R3,
 - (5) -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³, and
 - (6) $-C(O)-R^3$.

In one embodiment of the present invention, each R5 is

- 15 independently selected from:
 - (1) -H,
 - (2) -C₁₋₃ alkyl,
 - (3) -CF3,
 - (4) -R³,
- 20 (5) -C₂₋₃ alkenyl,
 - (6) $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl- R^3 ,
 - (7) $-S(O)_n-R^3$,
 - (8) $-C(O)-R^3$,
 - (9) -C(O)OR4, and
- 25 (10) -C(O)C(O)OH;

In another embodiment of the present invention, each ${\rm R}^5$ is independently selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) -C₁₋₃ alkyl,
- 30 (3) -CF₃,
 - (4) -R³,
 - (5) $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl- R^3 ,
 - (6) $-C(O)-R^3$,
 - (7) -C(O)OR4, and

(8) -C(O)C(O)OH.

In another embodiment of the present invention, each R⁵ is independently selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) $-CH_3$,

5

- (3) -CF₃,
- (4) phenyl,
- (5) -benzyl,
- (6) -C(O)OR4, and
- 10 (7) -C(O)C(O)OH;

In one embodiment of the present invention, R7 is independently selected from H, and -C₁₋₆ alkyl.

In one embodiment of the present invention, R^8 is selected from hydrogen, methyl and -O- C_{1-6} alkyl.

In yet another embodiment of the present invention, R8 is hydrogen.

In one embodiment of the present invention, R9 is selected

(1) -H,

from:

20

25

30

35

- (2) $-O-C_{1-3}$ alkyl,
- (3) -OH, and
- (4) oxo.

Also included within the present invention are pharmaceutical compositions useful for inhibiting HIV integrase, comprising an effective amount of a compound of this invention, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. Pharmaceutical compositions useful for treating infection by HIV, or for treating AIDS or ARC, are also encompassed by the present invention, as well as a method of inhibiting HIV integrase, and a method of treating infection by HIV, or of treating AIDS or ARC. Additionally, the present invention is directed to a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the present invention in combination with a therapeutically effective amount of an AIDS treatment agent selected from:

(1) an AIDS antiviral agent,

(2) an anti-infective agent, and

(3) an immunomodulator.

5

10

15

20

The compounds of the present invention may have asymmetric centers and may occur, except when specifically noted, as mixtures of stereoisomers or as individual diastereomers, or enantiomers, with all isomeric forms being included in the present invention.

As is recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art, the diketo-acid/ester compounds of the present invention exist as tautomers, and thus by using the phrase "and tautomers thereof" in describing compounds of structural formula (I), Applicants also intend the following tautomeric forms of the same compound (IA) and (IB):

By naming or referring to compound (I) and tautomers thereof, it is understood for the purposes of the present application that the tautomers (IA) and (IB) are also intended. Similarly, by referring to compound (IA), it is understood for the purposes of the present application that the tautomers (I) and (IB) are also intended. The same holds true for references to tautomer (IB).

When any variable (e.g., R³, R⁴, etc.) occurs more than one time in any constituent or in formula I, its definition on each occurrence is independent of its definition at every other occurrence. Also,

combinations of substituents and/or variables are permissible only if such combinations result in stable compounds.

The compounds of the present inventions are useful in the inhibition of HIV integrase, the prevention or treatment of infection by human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and the treatment of consequent pathological conditions such as AIDS. Treating AIDS or preventing or treating infection by HIV is defined as including, but not limited to, treating a wide range of states of HIV infection: AIDS, ARC (AIDS related complex), both symptomatic and asymptomatic, and actual or potential exposure to HIV. For example, the compounds of this invention are useful in treating infection by HIV after suspected past exposure to HIV by e.g., blood transfusion, exchange of body fluids, bites, accidental needle stick, or exposure to patient blood during surgery.

10

15

20

25

30

The compounds of this invention are useful in the preparation and execution of screening assays for antiviral compounds. For example, the compounds of this invention are useful for isolating enzyme mutants, which are excellent screening tools for more powerful antiviral compounds. Furthermore, the compounds of this invention are useful in establishing or determining the binding site of other antivirals to HIV integrase, e.g., by competitive inhibition. Thus the compounds of this invention are commercial products to be sold for these purposes.

The present invention also provides for the use of a compound of structural formula (I) to make a pharmaceutical composition useful for inhibiting HIV integrase and in the treatment of AIDS or ARC.

Schemes AI, AII, and AVI illustrate the preparation of compounds wherein A is di-aryloxy/alkyloxy substituted phenyl. Scheme AIII illustrates the preparation of the compounds of the present invention wherein A is arylalkyl substituted phenyl. Schemes AIV and AV describe the synthesis of compounds wherein A is amino substituted phenyl. Scheme AVII describes the synthesis of compounds wherein A is indolyl. Scheme IX illustrates the synthesis of pyridyl compounds.

PCT/US99/12093

Scheme AI

WO 99/62520

Scheme AII

$$\begin{array}{c} & & \\$$

1)NaH DME dimethyl oxalate 2) NaOH

Scheme AIII

<u>АШ-1-1</u>

PCT/US99/12093

<u>AIII-2-1</u>

<u>AIII-3-1</u>

dimethyl oxalate NaH DME , 60°C

Scheme A-IV

<u>AIV-2-1</u>

AIV-3-1

Scheme A-V

<u>AV-2-1</u>

<u>AV-3-1</u>

5

Scheme AVI

- diethyl oxalate
 NaOEt, THF
- 2. HCI, H₂O, dioxane

PCT/US99/12093

Scheme AVII

PCT/US99/12093

Scheme IX

The compounds of the present invention may be administered in the form of pharmaceutically acceptable salts. The term "pharmaceutically acceptable salt" is intended to include all 5 acceptable salts such as acetate, lactobionate, benzenesulfonate, laurate, benzoate, malate, bicarbonate, maleate, bisulfate, mandelate, bitartrate, mesylate, borate, methylbromide, bromide, methylnitrate, calcium edetate, methylsulfate, camsylate, mucate, carbonate, napsylate, 10 chloride, nitrate, clavulanate, N-methylglucamine, citrate, ammonium salt, dihydrochloride, oleate, edetate, oxalate, edisylate, pamoate (embonate), estolate, palmitate, esylate, pantothenate, fumarate, phosphate/diphosphate, gluceptate, polygalacturonate, gluconate, salicylate, glutamate, stearate, glycollylarsanilate, sulfate, hexylresorcinate, subacetate, hydrabamine, succinate, hydrobromide, 15 tannate, hydrochloride, tartrate, hydroxynaphthoate, teoclate, iodide, tosylate, isothionate, triethiodide, lactate, panoate, valerate, and the like which can be used as a dosage form for modifying the solubility or hydrolysis characteristics or can be used in sustained release or pro-

drug formulations. Depending on the particular functionality of the compound of the present invention, pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of this invention include those formed from cations such as sodium, potassium, aluminum, calcium, lithium, magnesium, zinc, and from bases such as ammonia, ethylenediamine, N-methylglutamine, lysine, arginine, ornithine, choline, N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine, chloroprocaine, diethanolamine, procaine, N-benzylphenethylamine, diethylamine, piperazine, tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane, and tetramethylammonium hydroxide. These salts may be prepared by standard procedures, e.g. by reacting a free acid with a suitable organic or inorganic base. Where a basic group is present, such as amino, an acidic salt, i.e. hydrochloride, hydrobromide, acetate, pamoate, and the like, can be used as the dosage form.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Also, in the case of an acid (-COOH) or alcohol group being present, pharmaceutically acceptable esters can be employed, e.g. acetate, maleate, pivaloyloxymethyl, and the like, and those esters known in the art for modifying solubility or hydrolysis characteristics for use as sustained release or prodrug formulations.

For these purposes, the compounds of the present invention may be administered orally, parenterally (including subcutaneous injections, intravenous, intramuscular, intrasternal injection or infusion techniques), by inhalation spray, or rectally, in dosage unit formulations containing conventional non-toxic pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers, adjuvants and vehicles.

The terms "administration of and or "administering a" compound should be understood to mean providing a compound of the invention or a prodrug of a compound of the invention to the individual in need of treatment.

Thus, in accordance with the present invention there is further provided a method of treating and a pharmaceutical composition for treating HIV infection and AIDS. The treatment involves administering to a patient in need of such treatment a pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutical carrier and a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of the present invention.

As used herein, the term "composition" is intended to encompass a product comprising the specified ingredients in the specified amounts, as well as any product which results, directly or indirectly, from combination of the specified ingredients in the specified amounts.

By "pharmaceutically acceptable" it is meant the carrier, diluent or excipient must be compatible with the other ingredients of the formulation and not deleterious to the recipient thereof.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

These pharmaceutical compositions may be in the form of orally-administrable suspensions or tablets, nasal sprays, sterile injectible preparations, for example, as sterile injectible aqueous or oleagenous suspensions or suppositories.

When administered orally as a suspension, these compositions are prepared according to techniques well-known in the art of pharmaceutical formulation and may contain microcrystalline cellulose for imparting bulk, alginic acid or sodium alginate as a suspending agent, methylcellulose as a viscosity enhancer, and sweeteners/flavoring agents known in the art. As immediate release tablets, these compositions may contain microcrystalline cellulose, dicalcium phosphate, starch, magnesium stearate and lactose and/or other excipients, binders, extenders, disintegrants, diluents and lubricants known in the art.

When administered by nasal aerosol or inhalation, these compositions are prepared according to techniques well-known in the art of pharmaceutical formulation and may be prepared as solutions in saline, employing benzyl alcohol or other suitable preservatives, absorption promoters to enhance bioavailability, fluorocarbons, and/or other solubilizing or dispersing agents known in the art.

The injectible solutions or suspensions may be formulated according to known art, using suitable non-toxic, parenterally-acceptable diluents or solvents, such as mannitol, 1,3-butanediol, water, Ringer's solution or isotonic sodium chloride solution, or suitable dispersing or wetting and suspending agents, such as sterile, bland, fixed oils, including synthetic mono- or diglycerides, and fatty acids, including oleic acid.

When rectally administered in the form of suppositories, these compositions may be prepared by mixing the drug with a suitable non-irritating excipient, such as cocoa butter, synthetic glyceride esters of polyethylene glycols, which are solid at ordinary temperatures, but liquefy and/or dissolve in the rectal cavity to release the drug.

5

10

15

20

25

The compounds of this invention can be administered orally to humans in a dosage range of 1 to 1000 mg/kg body weight in divided doses. One preferred dosage range is 0.1 to 200 mg/kg body weight orally in divided doses. Another preferred dosage range is 0.5 to 100 mg/kg body weight orally in divided doses. For oral administration, the compositions are preferably provided in the form of tablets containing 1.0 to 1000 milligrams of the active ingredient, particularly 1.0, 5.0, 10.0, 15.0. 20.0, 25.0, 50.0, 75.0, 100.0, 150.0, 200.0, 250.0, 300.0, 400.0, 500.0, 600.0, 750.0, 800.0, 900.0, and 1000.0 milligrams of the active ingredient for the symptomatic adjustment of the dosage to the patient to be treated. It will be understood, however, that the specific dose level and frequency of dosage for any particular patient may be varied and will depend upon a variety of factors including the activity of the specific compound employed, the metabolic stability and length of action of that compound, the age, body weight, general health, sex, diet, mode and time of administration, rate of excretion, drug combination, the severity of the particular condition, and the host undergoing therapy.

The present invention is also directed to combinations of the HIV integrase inhibitor compounds with one or more agents useful in the treatment of AIDS. For example, the compounds of this invention may be effectively administered, whether at periods of pre-exposure and/or post-exposure, in combination with effective amounts of the AIDS antivirals, imunomodulators, antiinfectives, or vaccines, such as those in the following table.

ANTIVIRALS

Drug Name	Manufacturer	Indication
097	Hoechst/Bayer	HIV infection,
		AIDS, ARC
		(non-nucleoside
		reverse
		transcriptase (RT)
A	Ol 117.11	inhibitor)
Amprenivir 141 W94	Glaxo Wellcome	HIV infection,
	,	AIDS, ARC
GW 141		(protease inhibitor)
Abacavir (1592U89)	Glaxo Wellcome	HIV infection,
GW 1592		AIDS, ARC
		(RT inhibitor)
Acemannan	Carrington Labs	ARC
	(Irving, TX)	
Acyclovir	Burroughs Wellcome	HIV infection, AIDS,
,	Dailoughs Wencome	ARC, in
		combination with
		AZT
AD-439	Tanox Biosystems	HIV infection, AIDS,
·		ARC
AD-519	Tanox Biosystems	HIV infection, AIDS,
		ARC
Adefovir dipivoxil	Gilead Sciences	HIV infection
AL-721	Ethigen	ARC, PGL
	(Los Angeles, CA)	HIV positive, AIDS
Alpha Interferon	Glaxo Wellcome	Kaposi's sarcoma,
		HIV in combination
•		w/Retrovir
AL-721	Ethigen (Los Angeles, CA)	HIV infection ARC, PGL HIV positive, AIDS Kaposi's sarcoma, HIV in combination

Ansamycin	Adria Laboratories	ARC
LM 427	(Dublin, OH)	
	Erbamont	
	(Stamford, CT)	
Antibody which	Advanced Biotherapy	AIDS, ARC
neutralizes pH	Concepts	
labile alpha aberrant	(Rockville, MD)	
Interferon		
AR177	Aronex Pharm	HIV infection, AIDS,
		ARC
beta-fluoro-ddA	Nat'l Cancer Institute	AIDS-associated
		diseases
BMS-232623	Bristol-Myers Squibb/	HIV infection,
(CGP-73547)	Novartis	AIDS, ARC
		(protease inhibitor)
BMS-234475	Bristol-Myers Squibb/	HIV infection,
(CGP-61755)	Novartis	AIDS, ARC
		(protease inhibitor)
CI-1012.	Warner-Lambert	HIV-1 infection
Cidofovir	Gilead Science	CMV retinitis, herpes,
		papillomavirus
Curdlan sulfate	AJI Pharma USA	HIV infection
Cytomegalovirus	MedImmune	CMV retinitis
immune globin		
Cytovene	Syntex	sight threatening
Ganciclovir		CMV
		peripheral CMV
		retinitis
Delaviridine	Pharmacia-Upjohn	HIV infection,
		AIDS, ARC
		(RT inhibitor)
Dextran Sulfate	Ueno Fine Chem.	AIDS, ARC, HIV
	Ind. Ltd. (Osaka,	positive asymptomatic
	Japan)	-

ddC Dideoxycytidine	Hoffman-La Roche	HIV infection, AIDS,
ddI	Bristol-Myers Squibb	HIV infection, AIDS,
Dideoxyinosine		ARC; combination with AZT/d4T
DMP-450	AVID	HIV infection,
	(Camden, NJ)	AIDS, ARC
		(protease inhibitor)
Efavirenz	DuPont Merck	HIV infection,
(DMP 266)		AIDS, ARC
(-) 6-Chloro-4(S)-		(non-nucleoside RT
cyclopropylethynyl-		inhibitor)
4(S)-trifluoro-		
methyl-1,4-dihydro-		
2H-3,1-benzoxazin-		
2-one, STOCRINE		
EL10	Elan Corp, PLC	HIV infection
	(Gainesville, GA)	
Famciclovir	Smith Kline	herpes zoster,
		herpes simplex
FTC	Emory University	HIV infection,
	,	AIDS, ARC
		(reverse transcriptase
		inhibitor)
GS 840	Gilead	HIV infection,
		AIDS, ARC
		(reverse transcriptase
		inhibitor)
HBY097	Hoechst Marion	HIV infection,
	Roussel	AIDS, ARC
		(non-nucleoside
		reverse transcriptase
		inhibitor)

Hypericin	VIMRx Pharm.	HIV infection, AIDS,
Recombinant Human	Triton Biosciences	AIDS, Kaposi's
Interferon Beta	(Almeda, CA)	sarcoma, ARC
Interferon alfa-n3	Interferon Sciences	ARC, AIDS
Indinavir	Merck	HIV infection, AIDS,
		ARC, asymptomatic
		HIV positive, also in
		combination with
		AZT/ddI/ddC
ISIS 2922	ISIS Pharmaceuticals	CMV retinitis
KNI-272	Nat'l Cancer Institute	HIV-assoc.
		diseases
Lamivudine, 3TC	Glaxo Wellcome	HIV infection,
		AIDS, ARC
		(reverse
		transcriptase
		inhibitor); also
		with AZT
Lobucavir	Bristol-Myers Squibb	CMV infection
Nelfinavir	Agouron	HIV infection,
	Pharmaceuticals	AIDS, ARC
		(protease inhibitor)
Nevirapine	Boeheringer	HIV infection,
	Ingleheim	AIDS, ARC
		(RT inhibitor)
Novapren	Novaferon Labs, Inc.	HIV inhibitor
	(Akron, OH)	
Peptide T	Peninsula Labs	AIDS
Octapeptide	(Belmont, CA)	
Sequence		
Trisodium	Astra Pharm.	CMV retinitis, HIV
Phosphonoformate	Products, Inc	infection, other CMV infections
		ITHECHOID

Pharmacia Upjohn PNU-140690 HIV infection, AIDS, ARC (protease inhibitor) Probucol Vyrex HIV infection, AIDS RBC-CD4 Sheffield Med. HIV infection, Tech (Houston TX) AIDS, ARC Ritonavir Abbott HIV infection, AIDS, ARC (protease inhibitor) Saquinavir -Hoffmann-HIV infection, LaRoche AIDS, ARC (protease inhibitor) Stavudine; d4T **Bristol-Myers Squibb** HIV infection, AIDS, Didehydrodeoxy-ARC thymidine Valaciclovir Glaxo Wellcome genital HSV & CMV infections Virazole Viratek/ICN asymptomatic HIV Ribavirin (Costa Mesa, CA) positive, LAS, ARC VX-478 Vertex HIV infection, AIDS, ARC Zalcitabine Hoffmann-La Roche HIV infection, AIDS, ARC, with AZT Zidovudine; AZT Glaxo Wellcome HIV infection, AIDS, ARC, Kaposi's sarcoma, in combination with other therapies

IMMUNO-MODULATORS

Drug NameManufacturerIndicationAS-101Wyeth-AyerstAIDS

Bropirimine	Pharmacia Upjohn	advanced AIDS
Acemannan	Carrington Labs, Inc. (Irving, TX)	AIDS, ARC
CL246,738	American Cyanamid	AIDS, Kaposi's
	Lederle Labs	sarcoma
EL10	Elan Corp, PLC	HIV infection
	(Gainesville, GA)	
FP-21399	Fuki ImmunoPharm	blocks HIV fusion
		with CD4+ cells
Gamma Interferon	Genentech	ARC, in combination
		w/TNF (tumor
		necrosis factor)
Granulocyte	Genetics Institute	AIDS
Macrophage Colony	Sandoz	
Stimulating		
Factor		
Granulocyte	Hoeschst-Roussel	AIDS
Macrophage Colony	Immunex	
Stimulating		
Factor		
Granulocyte	Schering-Plough	AIDS, combination
Macrophage Colony		w/AZT
Stimulating Factor		
HIV Core Particle	Rorer	seropositive HIV
Immunostimulant		
IL-2	Cetus	AIDS, in combination
Interleukin-2		w/AZT
IL-2	Hoffman-La Roche	AIDS, ARC, HIV, in
Interleukin-2	Immunex	combination w/AZT
IL-2	Chiron	AIDS, increase in CD4
Interleukin-2		cell counts
(aldeslukin)		

Immune Globulin	Cutter Biological	pediatric AIDS, in
Intravenous	(Berkeley, CA)	combination w/AZT
(human)		
IMREG-1	Imreg	AIDS, Kaposi's
	(New Orleans, LA)	sarcoma, ARC, PGL
IMREG-2	Imreg	AIDS, Kaposi's
	(New Orleans, LA)	sarcoma, ARC, PGL
Imuthiol Diethyl	Merieux Institute	AIDS, ARC
Dithio Carbamate		•
Alpha-2	Schering Plough	Kaposi's sarcoma
Interferon		w/AZT, AIDS
Methionine-	TNI Pharmaceutical	AIDS, ARC
Enkephalin	(Chicago, IL)	,
MTP-PE	Ciba-Geigy Corp.	Kaposi's sarcoma
Muramyl-Tripeptide		•
Granulocyte	Amgen	AIDS, in combination
Colony Stimulating		w/AZT
Factor		
Remune	Immune Response	immunotherapeutic
	Corp.	-
rCD4	Genentech	AIDS, ARC
Recombinant		,
Soluble Human CD4		
rCD4-IgG	•	AIDS, ARC
hybrids		•
Recombinant	Biogen	AIDS, ARC
Soluble Human CD4		,
Interferon	Hoffman-La Roche	Kaposi's sarcoma
Alfa 2a		AIDS, ARC, in
		combination w/AZT
SK&F106528	Smith Kline	HIV infection
Soluble T4		

Thymopentin

Immunobiology

HIV infection

Research Institute

(Annandale, NJ)

Tumor Necrosis

Factor; TNF

Genentech

ARC, in combination

w/gamma Interferon

ANTI-INFECTIVES

Drug Name

Manufacturer

Indication

Clindamycin with

Pharmacia Upjohn

PCP

Primaquine

Fluconazole Pfizer

cryptococcal

meningitis,

candidiasis

Pastille

Squibb Corp.

prevention of

oral candidiasis

Nystatin Pastille

Ornidyl

Merrell Dow

PCP

Eflornithine

Pentamidine

LyphoMed

(Rosemont, IL)

PCP treatment

Isethionate (IM & IV)

Trimethoprim

Trimethoprim/sulfa

antibacterial

antibacterial

Piritrexim Pentamidine

Burroughs Wellcome Fisons Corporation

PCP treatment PCP prophylaxis

isethionate for

inhalation Spiramycin

Rhone-Poulenc

diarrhea

Intraconazole-

Janssen Pharm.

histoplasmosis:

cryptosporidial

R51211

cryptococcal

meningitis

Trimetrexate

Warner-Lambert

PCP

OTHER

Drug Name	Manufacturer	<u>Indication</u>
Daunorubicin	NeXstar, Sequus	Karposi's sarcoma
Recombinant Human	Ortho Pharm. Corp.	severe anemia
Erythropoietin		assoc. with AZT
		therapy
Recombinant Human	Serono	AIDS-related wasting,
Growth Hormone		cachexia
Megestrol Acetate	Bristol-Myers Squibb	treatment of
		anorexia assoc.
		w/AIDS
Testosterone	Alza, Smith Kline	AIDS-related wasting
Total Enteral	Norwich Eaton	diarrhea and
Nutrition	Pharmaceuticals	malabsorption
	·	related to AIDS

It will be understood that the scope of combinations of the compounds of this invention with AIDS antivirals, immunomodulators, anti-infectives or vaccines is not limited to the list in the above Table, but includes in principle any combination with any pharmaceutical composition useful for the treatment of AIDS.

5

10

15

20

Preferred combinations are simultaneous or alternating treatments of with a compound of the present invention and an inhibitor of HIV protease and/or a non-nucleoside inhibitor of HIV reverse transcriptase. An optional fourth component in the combination is a nucleoside inhibitor of HIV reverse transcriptase, such as AZT, 3TC, ddC or ddI. A preferred inhibitor of HIV protease is indinavir, which is the sulfate salt of N-(2(R)-hydroxy-1(S)-indanyl)-2(R)-phenylmethyl-4-(S)-hydroxy-5-(1-(4-(3-pyridyl-methyl)-2(S)-N'-(t-butylcarboxamido)-piperazinyl))-pentaneamide ethanolate, and is synthesized according to U.S. 5,413,999. Indinavir is generally administered at a dosage of 800 mg three times a day. Other preferred protease inhibitors are nelfinavir and ritonavir. Another preferred inhibitor of HIV protease is saquinavir which is administered in a dosage of 600 or 1200 mg tid. Preferred non-

nucleoside inhibitors of HIV reverse transcriptase include efavirenz. The preparation of ddC, ddI and AZT are also described in EPO 0,484,071. These combinations may have unexpected effects on limiting the spread and degree of infection of HIV. Preferred combinations include those with the following (1) indinavir with efavirenz, and, optionally, AZT and/or 3TC and/or ddI and/or ddC; (2) indinavir, and any of AZT and/or ddI and/or ddC and/or 3TC, in particular, indinavir and AZT and 3TC; (3) stavudine and 3TC and/or zidovudine; (4) zidovudine and lamivudine and 141W94 and 1592U89; (5) zidovudine and lamivudine.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

In such combinations the compound of the present invention and other active agents may be administered separately or in conjunction. In addition, the administration of one element may be prior to, concurrent to, or subsequent to the administration of other agent(s).

It will be understood that the scope of combinations of the compounds of this invention with AIDS antivirals, immunomodulators, anti-infectives or vaccines is not limited to the list in the above Table, but includes in principle any combination with any pharmaceutical composition useful for the treatment of AIDS.

Indinavir is an inhibitor of HIV protease and is the sulfate salt of N-(2(R)-hydroxy-1(S)-indanyl)-2(R)-phenylmethyl-4-(S)-hydroxy-5-(1-(4-(3-pyridyl-methyl)-2(S)-N'-(t-butylcarboxamido)-piperazinyl))-pentaneamide ethanolate, and is synthesized according to U.S. 5,413,999. Indinavir is generally administered at a dosage of 800 mg three times a day.

The following examples are provided to further illustrate details for the preparation and use of the compounds of the present invention. The examples are not intended to be limitations on the scope of the instant invention in any way, and they should not be so construed. Furthermore, the compounds described in the following examples are not to be construed as forming the only genus that is considered as the invention, and any combination of the compounds or their moieties may itself form a genus. Those skilled in the art will readily understand that known variations of the conditions and

processes of the following preparative procedures can be used to prepare these compounds. All temperatures are in degrees Celsius unless noted otherwise.

Abbreviations: Ac represents acetyl; ACN is
acetonitrile; Bn represents benzyl; Bu represents butyl; Calc'd
represents calculated; DEAD is diethylazido-carboxylate; DME is
dimethoxyethane; DMF is dimethyl formamide; DMSO is
dimethylsulfoxide; EI represents electron impact; ES represents
electrospray; Et represents ethyl; FAB represents fast atom
bombardment; IPA is isopropyl alcohol; LDA is lithium
diisopropylamide; L-Selectride® is lithium tri-secbutylborohydride; MEK is methyl ethyl ketone; Me represents
methyl; NMP is 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone; PDA is photodiode
array; rt and RT represent room temperature; THF is
tetrahydrofuran; TLC is thin layer (SiO₂) chromatography.

EXAMPLE 1

4-(3,5-Bis-benzyloxy-phenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AI-2-1

20 Step 1: 4-(3,5-Bis-benzyloxy-phenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid methyl ester AI-1-1

A solution of 1-(3,5-bis-benzyloxy-phenyl)ethanone (3g, 9.0 mmole) in DME (20 mL) was treated with sodium hydride (0.54g, 60% dispersion in oil, 13.5 mmole) followed by dimethyl oxalate (1.3, 9.0 mmole) and a drop of methanol and the solution was warmed to 110°C. After 0.5 hours the reaction became dark brown and homogeneous. The reaction mixture

25

PCT/US99/12093 WO 99/62520

was poured into into 1N HCl and extracted with EtOAc three times, the combined organic layers were dried over MgSO4, filtered and evaporated to give a yellow solid. The residue was dissolved in THF and absorbed to silica gel and added to the top of a pad of silica gel. The pad was eluted with CH2Cl2, which removed non-polar impurities, then with 20% MeOH/CH2Cl2, which eluted the product. The product was further purified by crystallization from EtOAc/Hexanes/Et2O to give AI-1-1 as a orange foam. Rf=0.3 (97:3:1 CH2Cl3 / MeOH / HOAc). 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.4 (m, 10H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.84 (m, 1H), 5.1 (s, 4H), 3.94, (s, 3H).

5

10

20

<u>Step 2:</u> 4-(3,5-Bis-benzyloxy-phenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AI-2-1

A solution of AI-1-1 (1.5g, 3.47 mmole) was dissolved in 1:1 THF / MeOH (20 mL) and treated with 1 N NaOH (10 mL, 10 m mole) and stirred for 15 one hour. The reaction mixture was washed with dilute ether, then acidified to pH2 with 1N HCl and extracted three times with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined, washed with 1 N HCl, dried over MgSO4, filtered through a pad of CELITE diatomaceous earth and evaporated to dryness. The residue was triturated with ether to give AI-2-1 as bright yellow powder. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43-7.31 (m, 10H), 7.22 (s, 1H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 6.86 (m, 1H). mass spec (FAB, m+1) 405.13

EXAMPLE 2

25 4-[3-Benzyloxy-5-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AII-3-1

Step 1: 1-(3-Benzyloxy-5-hydroxyphenyl)ethanone AII-1-1

A solution of 1-(3,5-bis-benzyloxyphenyl)ethanone (10g, 3.0 mmole) in 1:1 EtOH/Et₂O (200 mL) was treated with 10% palladium on carbon (3.4g) and hydrogen gas at balloon pressure for one hour with vigorous stirring. The solvent was evaporated and the residue chromatographed on silica gel eluting with 20% acetone / hexanes to give AII-1-1 as a white solid. Rf=0.27 (30% acetone / hexanes). 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.4 (m, 5H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 6.7 (m, 1H), 5.82 (s, 1H), 5.08 (s, 2H), 2.55 (s, 3H).

10

15

5

Step 2: 4-[2-(3-Acetyl-5-benzyloxy-phenoxy)-ethyl]morpholin-4-ium AII-2-1

The free base of 4-(2-chloroethyl)morpholine hydrochloride (1.85g, 10 mmole) was formed and then combined with <u>AII-1-1</u> (0.8g, 3.3 mmole), cesium carbonate (3.25g, 10 mmole) and dioxane (40 mL) and heated to 80°C for 4.5 hours. The solution was filtered, washed with EtOAc and concentrated. Column chromatography with 10-30% acetone / hexanes gave <u>AII-2-1</u> as a brown syrup. Rf=0.39 (30% acetone / hexanes). 1H

NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.4 (m, 5H), 7.2 (s, 1H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 6.74 (m, 1H), 5.1 (s, 2H), 4.13 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.74 (t, J=4.5 Hz, 4H), 2.8 (t, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (m, 4H), 2.55 (s, 3H).

5 Step 3:

4-[3-Benzyloxy-5-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AII-3-1

In a manner similar to that discribed for AI-1-1, AII-2-1 was treated with NaH and dimethyloxate in DME to give a mixture of AII-3-1 and its methyl ester. The mixture was treated with NaOH as described for AI-2-1 to give AII-3-1 as a yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, D2O) δ 7.4 (m, 5H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 6.86 (s, 1H), 6.56 (s, 1H), 5.05 (s, 2H), 4.05 (m, 2H), 3.6 (m, 5H), 2.7 (s, 2H), 2.5 (s, 4H). mass spec (m+1)=428

15

10

EXAMPLE 3

4-[3-Benzyloxy-5-(6-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AII-6-1

Step 1:

[6-(3-Acetyl-5-benzyloxy-phenoxy)-hexyl]carbamic acid-tert - butyl ester AII-4-1

In a manner similar to that described for <u>AII-2-1</u>, <u>AII-1-1</u> was treated with (6-bromo-hexyl)-carbamic acid-tert-butyl ester (J. Med. Chem. 1994, 37, 2537-2551) to give <u>AII-4-1</u>. Rf=0.41 (80% acetone / hexanes); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.4 (m, 5H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 6.72 (m, 1h), 5.1 (s, 2H), 3.98 (t, J=6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.12 (m, 2H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 1.8 (m, 2H), 1.5 (m, 6H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.40 (m, 2H).

Step 2: 4-[3-Benzyloxy-5-(6-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-hexyloxy)
phenyll-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid methyl ester AII-5-1

5

10

15

Freshly prepared sodium methoxide (from 0.25g sodium metal in MeOH) was suspended in toluene (5 mL) and a solution of <u>AII-4-1</u> (0.8g, 1.8 mmole) and dimethyloxalate (0.21g, 1.8 mmole) in toluene (5 mL) was added. The mixture was stirred for 2 hours, then quenched with 3 N HCl and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated. The residue was passed through a plug of silica gel as described for <u>AI-1-1</u> and the resulting oil crystallized from ether to give <u>AII-5-1</u> as a red solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.4

(m, 5H), 7.2 (s, 1H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 6.75 (m, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 4.5 (bs, 1H), 4.0 (t, J=6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 3.13 (m, 2H), 1.8 (m, 2H), 1.5 (m, 6H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.4 (m, 2H).

5 <u>Step 3</u>: 4-[3-Benzyloxy-5-(6-tert-butoxycarbonylaminohexyloxy)

phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butanoic acid AII-6-1

In a manner similar to that described for AI-2-1, AII-5-1 was treated with NaOH to give <u>AII-6-1</u> as a foamy yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.4 (m, 5H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 5.08 (s, 2H), 4.5 (bs, 1H), 4.0 (m, 2H), 3.13 (m, 2H), 1.8 (m, 2H), 1.6-1.3 (m, 17H.

EXAMPLE 4

15 4-(3-Benzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid A-III-5-1

Step 1: (3-Bromophenyl)phenylmethanol AIII-1-1

10

4

2

To an oven dried 500 ml 3-neck flask fitted with temperature probe, magnetic stir bar, and argon inlet was added a solution of 2.5M n-butyl lithium in hexanes (20.8 ml, 0.052 mole) chilled to -78°C then diluted with diethyl ether (90 ml). To this was added dropwise by syringe over 30 minutes 1,3-dibromobenzene (11.80 g, 6.043 ml, 0.05 mole; activated basic

alumina pretreatment) keeping the internal temperature between -74°C and -78°C. The reaction was aged at -78°C for 2.5h before adding neat benzaldehyde (5.52 g, 5.29 ml, 0.052 mole) over 15 minutes then allowing the reaction mixture to slowly warm to room temperature as the bath discharged overnight. The reaction was quenched with 20 mL H₂O then acidified with 5.4 ml conc. HCl and extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined organic layers were washed with NaHCO₃, brine and dried over NaSO₄, filtered and evaporated in vacuo to give a clear yellow oil <u>AIII-1-1</u> which crystallized to afford a white solid after washing with pet ether. Rf=0.14 (10% EtOAc/Hexanes). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 (s, 1H), 7.36-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.32-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.19 (m, 1H), 5.79 (s, 1H), 2.25 (s, 1H).

Step 2: (3-Benzyl)phenyl bromide AIII-2-1

10

15

20

25

Br AIII-2-1

A solution of <u>AIII-1-1</u> (4.10 g, 0.0156 mole) and triethylsilane (2.72 g, 3.71 ml, 0.0234 mole) in methylene chloride (40 ml) was chilled to 0°C under argon with stirring followed by addition of neat boron trifluoride etherate (3.32 g, 2.96 ml, 23.4 mmol). The reaction stirred at room temprature overnight. The reaction mixture was poured into 160 ml saturated NaHCO3 and extracted with EtOAc three times, the combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated to afford colorless oil. Chromatographic purification using 5% EtOAc/hexanes afforded pure <u>AIII-2-1</u>; RF=0.44 (5% EtOAc/Hexanes) 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27-7.33 (m, 4H), 7.09-7.23 (m, 5H),3.93 (s, 2H).

Step 3: 1-(3-Benzylphenyl)ethanone AIII-3-1

To an oven-dried 100 ml 3-neck flask fitted with temperature probe, magnetic stir bar, and argon inlet was added 1.10 g AIII2-1 in 26 ml THF and cooled to -78°C. Following dropwise addition of 1.6 M n-butyl lithium in hexanes (4.90 ml, 49 mmole) over 15 minutes, the reaction was stirred for 1h at -78°C before adding neat N-methoxy-N-methylacetamide (551 mg, 53.4 mmole) over 20 minutes. The reaction mixture warmed slowly to room temperature as the bath discharged overnight. The reaction was quenched with 60 ml 10% KHSO4 and extracted with Et₂O three times. The combined organic layers were washed with NaHCO3, brine and dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated in vacuo to give a clear yellow oil. Chromatographic purification using EtOAc/hexanes afforded pure AIII-3-1. Rf=0.10 (5% EtOAc/hexanes); 0.40 (30 acetone, 70 hexane, 1.5 HOAc); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.19 (m, 3H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 2.6 (s, 3H).

10

15

20

25

<u>Step 4</u>: 4-(3-Benzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid methyl ester AIII-4-1

To an oven dried 100 ml flask fitted with magnetic stir bar, and argon inlet was added freshly prepared NaOMe (485 mg, 9.2 mmole) in 10 ml toluene and cooled to 0°C. Dimethyl oxalate (951 mg, 8.1 mmole) and <u>AIII-3-1</u> (770 mg) were dissolved in dry dimethoxyethane (10 ml) and added by syringe at 0°C over 5 minutes. The flask was removed from ice bath and heated to 60°C overnight. The reaction was quenched with 60 ml saturated NH4Cl and extracted with EtOAc three times. The

combined organic layers were washed with H₂O, brine and dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated in vacuo to give an orange oil <u>AIII-4-1</u>. Rf=0.26 (30 acetone, 70 hexane + 1.5 HOAc); 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 8 7.83 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 4.04 (s, 2H) 3.90 (m, 3H).

Step 5: 4-(3-Benzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AIII-5-1

5

20

A solution of AIII-4-1 (900 mg, 2.9 mmole) was dissolved in 1:1 THF / MeOH (20 ml) and treated with 1 N NaOH (14.6 mL, 0.0146 mole) and stirred 1h. The reaction mixture was extracted with diethyl ether (2X), then acidified to pH 1-2 with 2N HCl (7.5 ml) and extracted three times with EtOAc. The organic layers were combined, washed with H2O, brine and dried over Na2SO4, filtered and evaporated to afford a waxy
solid. The residue was recrystallized from toluene-hexane to give a light yellow solid AIII-5-1. mp 118-119°C (uncorrected). Rf=0.12 (5 MeOH, 95 CH2Cl2, 5 HOAc). 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.84 (m, 2H), 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.14 (s, 1H), 4.06 (s, 2H). mass spec (FAB, M+1) 283 m/e

EXAMPLE 5

In a manner similar to that described for <u>AIII-5-1</u>, the following compound was prepared:

25 mp 102-103°C (uncorrected). Rf=0.18 (5 MeOH, 95 CH₂Cl₂, 5 HOAc)

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.06 (m, 1H), 4.03 (s, 2H). mass spec (FAB, M+1) 317 m/e

EXAMPLE 6

5 4-(4-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AIV-3-1 <u>Step 1</u>: <u>1-(4-Dibenzylaminophenyl)ethanone AIV-1-1</u>

10

15

20

A mixture of 4-aminoacetophenone (.027 g, 2 mmol), benzyl bromide (1.71 g, .19 ml, 10 mmol), and cesium carbonate (1.63 g, 5 mmol) were combined in 20 ml DMF and heated to 60 °C for 8 hr. The solvent was then removed and the residue partitioned between ethyl acetate/H₂O and extracted. The combined organic extracts were washed with H₂O, brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent removed. Purification by radial disc chromatography (4:1 hexane/EtOAc) yielded 0.238 g (38%) of AIV-1-1 as a clear oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.51 (s, 3H), 4.76 (s, 4H), 6.77 (d, 2H, J = 8.97 Hz), 7.26 (d, 4H, J = 6.96 Hz), 7.32 (t, 2H, J = 7.14 Hz), 7.37 (t, 4H, J = 7.51 Hz), 7.86 (d, 2H, J = 9.16 Hz).

Step 2: 4-(4-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid ethyl ester AIV-2-1

In a similar manner to example AI-1-1, 1-(4-dibenzylaminophenyl)-ethanone (0.238 g, 0.75 mmol) was reacted with diethyl oxalate (0.22 g, 0.2 ml, 1.5 mmol) and sodium ethoxide (0.1 g, 1.5 mmol) in 3 ml THF to yield 0.29 g (93%) of <u>AIV-2-1</u> as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.39 (t, 3H, J = 7.14 Hz), 4.36 (q, 2H, J = 7.14 Hz), 4.75 (s, 4H), 6.77 (d, 2H, J = 9.15 Hz), 6.95 (s, 1H), 7.21 (d, 4H, J = 6.96 Hz), 7.29 (t, 2H, J = 6.95 Hz), 7.35 (t, 4H, J = 7.69 Hz), 7.86 (d, 2H, J = 9.15 Hz).

10 Step 3: 4-(4-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AIV-3-1

5

15

In a manner similar to example AI-2-1, 4-(4-dibenzylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid ethyl ester (0.29 g, 0.7 mmol) was hydrolyzed using 0.58 ml 1N LiOH in 5 ml THF to afford 0.237 g (87%) of AIV-3-1 as an orange solid. MP = 161 - 162 oC. 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 4.76 (s, 4H), 6.79 (d, 2H, J = 9.34 Hz), 6.99 (s, 1H), 7.20 (d, 4H, J = 6.78 Hz), 7.30 (t, 2H, J = 7.14 Hz), 7.35 (t, 4H, J = 7.33 Hz), 7.86 (d, 2H, J = 9.15 Hz).

EXAMPLE 7

20 4-(3-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AV-3-1

Step 1: 1-(3-Dibenzylaminophenyl)ethanone AV-1-1

In a similar manner to example AIV-1-1, 3-aminoacetophenone (0.27 g, 2 mmol) was reacted with benzyl bromide (1.71 g, 1.19 ml, 10 mmol) and cesium carbonate (1.63 g, 5 mmol) in 20 ml DMF at 60°C for 4 hr to give 0.346 g (55%) of AV-1-1 as a clear oil after purification by radial disc chromatography (4:1 hexane/CH₂Cl₂). 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.44 (s, 3H), 4.66 (s, 4H), 6.88 (ddd, 1H, J = 8.06, 2.75, 1.10 Hz), 7.18 - 7.26 (m, 7H), 7.26 - 7.33 (m, 3H), 7.37 (dd, 1H, J = 2.74, 1.47 Hz).

10

Step 2: 4-(3-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid ethyl ester AV-2-1

AV-2-1

In a manner similar to example AIV-1-1, 1-(3-dibenzylaminophenyl)-ethanone (0.346 g, 1.1 mmol) was reacted with diethyl oxalate (0.32 g, 0.3 ml, 2.2 mmol) and sodium ethoxide (0.15 g, 2.2 mmol) in 5 ml THF for 1 hr to give 0.48 g (100%) of $\underline{\text{AV-2-1}}$ as a yellow oil. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.37 (t, 3H, J = 7.14 Hz), 4.37 (q, 2H, J = 7.14 Hz), 4.71 (s, 4H),

6.93 (s, 1H), 6.95 (dd, 1H, J = 2.75, 1.47 Hz), 7.21 - 7.30 (m, 7H), 7.30 - 7.36 (m, 4H), 7.37 - 7.41 (m, 1H).

Step 3: 4-(3-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AV-3-1

AV-3-1

In a similar manner to example AI-2-1, 4-(3-dibenzylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid ethyl ester (0.489 g, 1.1 mmol) was reacted with 3 ml 1N LiOH in 10 ml THF to yield 0.4 g (94%) of AV-3-1 as an orange resin. 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.71 (s, 4H), 6.96 (dt, 1H, J = 7.33, 2.20 Hz).

10 ...

20

5

EXAMPLE 8

1-(3-benzyloxy-5-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AVI-3-1

15 Step 1: 1-(3-Benzyloxy-5-methoxyphenyl)-ethanone AVI-1-1

To a solution of 5-hydroxy-3-benzyloxyacetophenone (740 mg, 3.06 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was added K2CO3 (845 mg, 6.12 mmol) followed by methyl iodide (0.38 mL, 6.10 mmol). After stirring at rt for 3 h, the reaction mixture was poured onto water (20 mL) and extracted with Et2O (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with water (20 mL), sat. NaCl (20 mL) and dried (MgSO4). Concentration

followed by medium-pressure liquid chromatography on silica gel, eluting with 9:1/hexanes:EtOAc, afforded 0.550 g (70%) of product as a clear oil. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45-7.33 (m, 5H), 7.18 (t, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (t, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (t, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.57 (s, 3H). mass spec (EI, M+) 256

Step 2: 1-(3-Benzyloxy-5-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AVI-3-1

5

15

AI-1-1 was treated with NaOEt and diethyl oxalate to give the ethyl ester which was treated with aqueous HCl in dioxane to give AVI-3-1. mp 101-102 °C (uncorrected) 1 H NMR (400 MHz, d_{6} -DMSO) δ 7.48-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 7.14 (s, 1H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H). mass spec (FAB, M+H) 329

EXAMPLE 9

1-(3-Benzyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AVI-3-2

Step 1: 1-(3-Benzyloxyphenyl)-ethanone AVI-1-2

To a solution of benzyl alcohol (Aldrich, 1.08 g, 10.0 mmol) in benzene (40 mL) at rt was added 3-hydroxyacetophenone (Aldrich, 1.36 g, 10.0 mmol) followed by PPh3 (2.62 g, 10.0 mmol). After cooling to 0 °C, DEAD (1.60 mL, 10.0 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred at rt. After 4 h, the reaction mixture was poured onto hexanes (50 mL) and

filtered through a pad of CELITE diatomaceous earth. The filtrate was concentrated and chromatographed on silica gel, eluting with 9:1/hexanes:EtOAc, to provide 2.01 g (89%) of product as a clear oil. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.47-7.32 (m, 6H), 7.21-7.17 (m, 1H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 2.59 (s, 3H). mass spec (EI, M+) 226

Step 2: 1-(3-Benzyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AVI-3-2

AVI-1-2 was treated with NaOEt and diethyl oxalate to give the ethyl ester which was treated with aqueous HCl in dioxane to give AVI-3-2. mp 109-114 °C (uncorrected) 1 H NMR (400 MHz, d_{6} -DMSO) δ 7.66 (dt, J = 1.4, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J = 1.8, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.47 (m, 3H), 7.43-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 5.22 (s, 2H).

EXAMPLE 10

5

10

15

20

25

1-(2-Benzyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AVI-3-3

2-benzyloxyacetophenone (Chem Service) was treated with NaOEt and diethyl oxalate to give the ethyl ester which was treated with aqueous HCl in dioxane to give AVI-3-3. mp 136-138 °C (uncorrected). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 7.81 (dd, J = 1.8, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (ddd, J = 1.8, 7.4, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.31 (m, 4H), 7.27 (s, 1H), 7.12 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (s, 2H). mass spec (FAB, M+H) 299

EXAMPLE 11

1-[3-(4-Fluorobenzyloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AVI-3-5

Step 1: 1-[3-(4-Fluorobenzyloxy)phenyl]-ethanone AVI-1-5

To a solution of 3-hydroxyacetophenone (Aldrich, 680 mg, 5.00 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) at rt was added K2CO3 (1.38 g, 10.0 mmol) and 4-fluorobenzyl bromide (897 mg, 4.75 mmol). After 3 h, the reaction mixture was poured onto water (20 mL) and extracted with Et2O (3 x 25 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with 2.5 N NaOH (25

5

15

mL), sat. NaCl (25 mL) and dried (MgSO₄). Concentration followed by medium-pressure liquid chromatography on silica gel, eluting with
9:1/hexanes:EtOAc, yielded 1.08 g (93%) of product as a clear oil. 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.19-7.15 (m, 1H), 7.09 (m, 2H), 5.08 (s, 2H), 2.60 (s, 3H). mass spec (EI, M+) 244

Step 2: 1-[3-(4-Fluorobenzyloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AVI-3-5

AVI-1-5 was treated with NaOEt and diethyl oxalate to give the ethyl ester which was treated with aqueous HCl in dioxane to give AVI-3-5. mp 157-158 °C (uncorrected) 1H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO) δ 7.66 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.47 (m, 4H), 7.33 (dd, J = 1.9, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 5.20 (s, 2H). mass spec (FAB, M+H) 317

EXAMPLE 12

25 1-[3-(3,4-Difluorobenzyloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AVI-3-6

PCT/US99/12093 WO 99/62520

<u>Step 1</u>: 1-[3-(3,4-Difluorobenzyloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AVI-3-6

AVI-3-6 was prepared in a manner similar to that described for AVI-3-5 by replacing 4-fluorobenzyl bromide with 3,4-difluorobenzyl bromide. mp 181-182 °C (uncorrected). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 7.68 (d, J =7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (m, 1H), 7.60-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.43 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 5.21 (s, 2H). mass spec (negative mode electrospray, M-H) 333

10

EXAMPLE 13

4-[3-(5-methyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid E1 Step 1: (3-bromo-phenyl)-(5-methyl-thiophen-2-yl)-methanol E1-A

15 To an oven dried 3-neck 250 mL round bottom flask equipped with argon inlet and digital thermometer was added 2.5M nBuLi in hexanes (15.24 mL, 0.0381 mole) at -78°C. 1,3-Dibromobenzene (4.60 mL, 0.0381 mole) was then added dropwise via syringe to the solution, and this was allowed to stir for 2 hours. 5-methyl-2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde (5g, 20 4.27mL, 0.0396 mole) was added over one hour. After an additional hour, 50 mL of water was poured into the reaction which was then acidified with conc. HCl. Extraction with EtOAc three times followed by drying over NaSO4, filtration and removal of solvent gave E1-A as a brown oil that was taken on to the next step.

25

Step 2: 2-(3-bromobenzyl)-5-methylthiophene E1-B

A solution of crude E1-A (7.0 g, 0.0247 mole) and triethylsilane (5.9 mL, 0.0371 mole) in methylene chloride (30 mL) was chilled to O°C under argon with stirring followed by addition of boron trifluoride etherate (4.67 mL, 0.0371 mole). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for two hours. The reaction mixture was poured into 150 mL of saturated sodium bicarbonate and extracted with methylene chloride 2 times. The combined organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate. Filtration and removal of solvent afforded a brown oil. Chromatographic purification using 100% hexanes afforded E1-B as a clear oil.

Rf=0.52 (100% Hexanes) 1H NMR (400MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.37-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 7.14-7.15 (m, 1H), 6.56 (m, 7.56), 4.02 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H).

5

10

20

25

15 Step 3: 1-[3-(5-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-ethanone E1-C

To an oven dried 3-neck flask fitted with temperature probe and argon inlet was added <u>E1-B</u> (4 g, 0.0150 mole) in 40 mL of THF. The reaction was cooled to -78°C and 2.5M nBuLi in hexanes (9.0mL 0.0225 mole) was added over one hour. The lithium salt of compound precipitated out of solution. Neat N-methoxy-N-methylacetamide (2.3g, 2.3mL .0225 mole) was added slowly which caused rxn to become homogenous. Once addition was complete the reaction was allowed to stir at room temperture for two hours. The reaction was poured into 20 mL of water and acidified with concentrated HCl. Extraction with EtOAc three times followed by drying over sodium sulfate, and subsequent removal of solvent gave a brown oil. Chromatographic purification using a 88:12 mixture of Hexanes/EtOAc afforded <u>E1-C</u> as a clear oil.

Rf=0.42 (10% EtOAc/Hexanes) ¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.82,7.80 (d, 1H), 7.37-7.45 (m, 2H), 6.58-6.55 (m, 2H), 4.12 (s, 2H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H).

5 Step 4:

4-[3-(5-methylthiophen-2-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid E1

To a solution of E1-C (1g, 0.00446 mole) and diethyloxylate (0.67mL, 0.00491 mole) in THF (8mL) was added NaOEt (0.46g, 0.00669 mole) under an atmosphere of Argon. After two hours the reaction was poured into an aqueous solution of potassium hydrogen sulfate, extracted with EtOAc three times, dried over sodium sulfate, and the solvent removed to give the ethyl ester. Immediately following workup the ester was submitted to 3N NaOH (7.4 mL, 0.0223 mole) in a 5:2 mixture of THF/MeOH (20 mL). After one hour the reaction was poured into saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and extracted two times with ether. The aqueous layer was acidified with a solution of 10% KHSO4 which caused a large amount of solids to crash out. The ageuous layer was extracted with EtOAc eight times, the organic layer was dried over NaSO4, filtered and concentrated to give a solid which was crystallized from CH₂Cl₂ and pet. ether. Collected pure <u>E1</u> as a yellow solid by filtration. ¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88–7.85 (m, 2H), 7.50-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 6.60-6.57 (m, 2H), 4.14 (s, 2H), 2.42, (s, 3H). Exact mass (M + NH4) = 320.0951.

25

10

15

20

EXAMPLE 14

4-{3-[(methyl-phenyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid E2

Step 1: (3-bromo-benzyl)-phenyl-amine E2-A

To a solution of aniline (1.26g. 1.23 mL, 0.0135 mole) and 3-bromobenzaldehyde (2.5g, 1.58 mL, 0.0135 mole) in MeOH (20mL) under argon was added HOAc to adjust pH to 5.5. After 45 minutes sodium cyanoborohydride (1.11g, 0.0176 mole) was added and pH readjusted to 5.5. After 16 hours the reaction was poured into saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution, extracted 3 times with EtOAc, dried over NaSO4, filtered and concentrated. Chromatographic purification with 95:5 Hexanes/EtOAc afforded E2-A as an oil. Rf=0.28 (5% EtOAc/Hexanes) 1H NMR (400MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.52 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.38 (d, 1H, j=7.33 Hz), 7.28, 7.30 (d, 1H, j=7.69 Hz), 7.21-7.14 (m, 3H), 6.75-6.71 (t, 1H, j=7.42 Hz), 6.62-6.59 (d, 2H, j=7.87 Hz) 4.31 (s, 2H), 4.06 (broad, 1H).

Step 2: (3-bromo-benzyl)-methyl-phenyl-amine E2-B

15

20

25

To a solution of E2-A (1.5 g, 0.00572 mole) in DMF (25 mL) and under argon at O°C was added NaH (0.15 g, 0.00629 mole) and this was stirred for 15 minutes followed by addition of iodomethane (0.40 mL, 0.00629 mole) which was passed through basic alumina. Reaction required an additional 1 equivalent each of NaH and iodomethane. After 24 hours poured into 50 mL of saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, extracted with EtOAc 3 times, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. Chromatographic purification using 90:10 Hexanes/Ethyl acetate afforded E2-B.

Rf=0.45 (5% EtOAc/Hexanes) ¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.15 (m, 4H), 6.76-6.72 (m, 3H), 4.49 (s,2H), 3.02 (s, 3H).

Step 3: 1-{3-[(methyl-phenyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-ethanone E2-C

5

10

15

20

Product from E2-B (1 g, 0.00361 mole), triethylamine (2mL, 0.0144 mole), thallium acetate (1.05g, 0.00937 mole), palladium acetate (0.2g, 0.000903 mole), butyl vinyl ether (1.81 mL, 0.0181 mole), and 1,3-Bis(diphenyl-phosphino)-propane (0.4g, 0.000975 mole) were combined in a pressure tube in anhydrous DMF (8 mL) under argon at 100°C overnight. Passed mixture through a pad of CELITE diatomaceous earth which was washed several times with EtOAc. Solvent was then removed and the residue dissolved in THF to which 1N HCl was added (14 mL, 0.0144 mole). After one hour poured into 20 mL of saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and extraced with EtOAc dried over NaSO4, filtered and concentrated. Chromatographic purification with 80:20 Hexanes/EtOAc afforded purified E2-C.
Rf= 0.29 (10% EtOAc/Hexanes) 1H NMR (400MHz, CDCl3) 87.91-7.87 (m, 2H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.3-7.25 (m, 2H), 6.82-6.76 (m, 3H), 4.61 (s, 2H), 3.07 (s, 3H), 2.61 (s, 3H.

Step 4: 4-{3-[(methyl-phenyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-2,4-dioxo-

butyric acid E2

To a solution of <u>E2-C</u> (0.4 g, 0.00167 mole) and dimethyloxylate (0.22g 0.00184 mole) in THF (5mL) was added NaOMe (0.4g, 0.00334 mole) under an atmosphere of Argon. After two hours the reaction was poured into an aqueous solution of potassium hydrogen sulfate, extracted with EtOAc three times, dried over sodium sulfate, and the solvent removed to give the methyl ester. Immediately following workup the ester was submitted to 1N NaOH (7.0 mL, 0.00167 mole) in THF (20 mL). After 1 hour the reaction was poured into saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and extracted two times with ether. The aqeuous was with 3N HCl, extracted with EtOAc three times, and the organic layers dried over NaSO4, filtered and concentrated to give solid pure <u>E2</u>. 1H NMR (400MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.91–7.81 (m, 2H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 6.81-6.77 (m, 3H), 4.59 (s, 2H), 3.09 (s, 3H). Exact mass found (m+H) = 312.1230.

15

10

5

EXAMPLE 15

4-(3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-yl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid E3

Step 1: (3.5-dibromo-phenyl)-phenyl-methanol E3-A

To a solution of 1,3,5-tribromobenzene (10 g, 0.0318 mole) in ether (500g), under argon was added nBuLi in hexanes (13.4 mL, 0.0318 mole) dropwise at -78°C. During the intial cooling of the tribrombenzene in ether some solids crashed out of solution. After addition of nBuLi was complete the reaction was allowed to stir for 0.5 hours at which time neat benzaldehyde (3.55 mL, 0.035 mole) was added dropwise to the vigorously stirred reaction mixture. Once addition was complete the reaction was allowed to reach 0°C and 100 mL of HCl was added to the mixture. This was extracted with ether two times, dried with brine and over sodium sulfate and concentrated to give an oil. The crude product

was purified by chromatography with 5% EtOAc/Hexanes to afford $\underline{E3-A}$ as a colorless oil that solidified on the bench. Rf = 0.44 (5%EtOAc/Hexanes) ¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56–7.55 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.29 (m, 5H), 5.75 (d, 1H, j=3.48 Hz), 2.28-2.27 (d, 1H, j=3.48 Hz).

Step 2: 3-bromo-5-benzyl-bromobenzene E3-B

A solution of E3-A (2.0 g, 0.00548 mole) and triethylsilane (1.39 mL, 0.00877 mole) in methylene chloride (20 mL) was chilled to O° C under argon with stirring followed by addition of boron trifluoride etherate (1.10 mL, 0.00877 mole). The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was poured into 75 mL of saturated sodium bicarbonate and extracted with methylene chloride two times.
The combined organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and the solvent removed. Chromatographic purification using 1% EtOAc/Hexanes afforded E3-B. Rf=0.72 (5%EtOAc/hexanes) 1H NMR (400MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.37-7.21 (m, 5H), 7.16-7.14 (m, 2H), 3.91 (s, 2H).

20

5

Step 3: 2-(3-benzyl-5-bromo-phenyl)-pyrazine E3-C

To a solution of E3-B (1 g, 0.00307 mole) in THF (20 mL) under argon at -78°C was added 2.4M nBuLi in hexanes (1.4 mL, 0.00337 mole)

dropwise. After 45 minutes of stirring, the solution was treated with 0.5m ZnCl2 in THF (6.14 mL 0.00337 mole) and this was warmed to 0°C. To the reaction was added a cold mixture of chloropyrazine (0.35 mL, 0.00307 mole) and tetrakistriphenylphosphine palladium (18 mg, 0.0000154 mole) in THF (5 mL) and the reaction was heated to reflux for two hours. The reaction was then cooled, concentrated and treated with EtOAc and washed with 6% aqueous solution of diaminotetraacetic acid disodium salt dihydrate two times. The EtOAc layer was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. Chromatographic
purification with 15% EtOAc/hexanes afforded a clear oil E3-C. Rf=0.17 (20%EtOAc/hexanes) ¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl3) δ 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.62-8.61 (m, 1H), 8.52 (m, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.43 (s, 1H), 7.32-7.20 (m, 5H), 4.04 (s, 2H).

15 Step 4: 1-(3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-yl-phenyl)-ethanone E3-D

20

25

E3-C (0.29 g g, 0.000926 mole), triethylamine (0.52mL, 0.00370 mole), thallium acetate (0.27 g, 0.00102 mole), palladium acetate (52 mg, 0.000232 mole), butyl vinyl ether (0.60 mL, 0.00463 mole), and 1,3-bis(diphenylphosphino)-propane (0.1g, 0.000242 mole) were combined in a pressure tube in anhydrous DMF (4 mL) under argon at 100°C overnight. The mixture was passed through a pad of CELITE diatomaceous earth which was washed several times with EtOAc. The solvent was then removed and the residue dissolved in THF to which 1N HCl was added (3.70 mL, 0.00370 mole). After one hour the reaction was poured into 15 mL of saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and extraced with EtOAc. The organic layers were dried over NaSO4, filtered and

concentrated. Chromatographic purification with 70:30 Hexanes/EtOAc afforded purified $\underline{E3-D}$ as a clear oil. Rf= 1 H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.04 (s, 1H), 8.65-8.64 (m, 1H), 8.55-8.54 (m, 1H), 8.44 (s, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.33-7.22 (m, 5H), 4.14 (s, 2H), 2.65 (s, 3H).

5

10

15

20

Step 5: 4-(3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-yl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid E3

To a solution of E3-D (0.17 g, 0.000590 mole) and dimethyloxylate (76 mg 0.000650 mole) in THF (7mL) was added NaOMe (50 mg, 0.000884 mole) under an atmosphere of Argon. After one hour the reaction was poured into an aqueous solution of potassium hydrogen sulfate, extracted with EtOAc three times, dried over sodium sulfate, and the solvent removed to give the methyl ester. Immediately following workup the ester was submitted to 1N NaOH (1.48 mL, 0.00148 mole) in THF (10 mL). After 1 hour the reaction was poured into saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and extracted three times with ether. The aqueous layer was acidified with 3N HCl, extracted with EtOAc three times, the organic layers were dried over NaSO4, filtered and concentrated to give E3 as a pure white solid. ¹H NMR (400MHz, DMSO) δ 9.41 (m, 1H), 8.76-8.75 (m, 1H), 8.67 (m, 1H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.36-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.22-7.19 (m, 2H), 4.17 (s, 2H). Exact mass found (m+H) = 361.1196

EXAMPLE 16

2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-phenyl]butyric acid (isomers A and B) (G1 and G2)

Step 1: Synthesis of 1-(3-bromophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-ol

To a solution of 1 g (4.2 mmol) 1,3-dibromobenzene in 10 mL diethyl ether was added .096 g (4 mmol) magnesium metal turnings. This mixture was stirred until all of the magnesium was consumed, at which time .29 g (2 mmol) 1-tetralone was added dropwise in 2 mL diethyl ether. The reaction was then heated to reflux for 30 min, after which the cooled reaction was quenched with a 10% HCl solution and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with water, brine, dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate, filtered, and the solvent removed in vacuo to afford the crude product which was used without further purification.

Step 2. Synthesis of 1-(3-bromophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene and 4-(3-bromophenyl)-1,2-dihydronaphthalene.

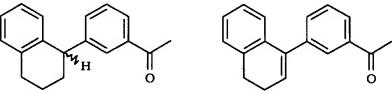
Into an ice cooled solution of .671 g (2.2 mmol) of 1-(3-bromophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-ol and and .386 g (3.3 mmol) triethylsilane in 5 mL methylene chloride was added .471 g (3.3 mmol) boron trifluoride diethyl etherate dropwise. After stirring the reaction

for 6 hr, the solution was slowly poured into 10 mL 10% sodium carbonate solution and extracted three times with methylene chloride. The combined organic layers were washed with water, brine, dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate, filtered, and the solvent removed in vacuo. Purification by radial chromatography (5:1 hexane/ethyl acetate) followed by a second purification (7:1 hexane/methylene chloride) a 2.5:1 mixture of 1-(3-bromophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene and 4-(3-bromophenyl)-1,2-dihydronaphthalene which was used without further purification.

10

15

Step 3. Synthesis of 1-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-phenyl]ethanone and 1-[3-(1,2-dihydronaphthalen-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethanone



To a solution of .276 g of the above mixture dissolved in 10 mL of a 1:1

mixture of diethyl ether/tetrahydrofuran and cooled to -76°C was slowly added .42 mL of a 2.5M solution of *n*-butyllithium in hexanes so the temperature did not exceed -70 °C. After the addition, the reaction was stirred for an addition 30 min, after which time .118 mL *N*-methoxy-*N*-methyl acetamide was added. This mixture was allowed to stir for 15 min, then warmed to ambient temperature and stirred for 18 hr. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of 50 mL water and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined ethyl acetate extracts were washed with water, brine, dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate, filtered, and the solvent removed *in vacuo*. Subsequent purification by preparative HPLC afforded three compounds: the olefin, enantiomer A and enantiomer B. The absolute stereochemistry of the enantiomers was not determined.

25

20

Step 4: Synthesis of 2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-phenyllbutyric acid ethyl ester (isomers A and B)

Isomer A: Into 1 mL distilled tetrahydrofuran was placed .046 g (.18 mmol) of 1-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethanone (isomer A), .054 g (.37 mmol) diethyl oxalate, and .025 g (.37 mmol) sodium ethoxide. After stirring for 1.5 hr, excess 10% citric acid solution was added and the THF removed *in vacuo*. The residue was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate and extracted. The combined organic extracts were washed with water, brine, dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate, filtered, and the solvent removed *in vacuo* to afford the title compound which was used without further purification.

Isomer B: As described above, .048 g (.19 mmol) of 1-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-phenyl]-ethanone (isomer B), .056 g (.38 mmol) diethyl oxalate, and .026 g (.38 mmol) sodium ethoxide were reacted to give the title compound which was used without further purification.

10

15

20

25

30

Step 5: Synthesis of 2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-phenyllbutyric acid (isomers A and B)

Isomer A: 2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-phenyl]butyric acid ethyl ester (isomer A from above) was dissolved in 2 mLs methanol, and to it was added 1 mL of a 1M solution of sodium hydroxide in water. After stirring for 4hr, the reaction was poured into 5 mL sodium hydroxide and extracted three times with diethyl ether. The aqueous layer was then acidified via the addition of excess 10% citric acid and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate extracts were combined and washed with water, brine, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, filtered, and the solvent removed *in vacuo*. The residue was triturated in 3:1 hexane/diethyl ether, filtered and the solvent removed *in vacuo* to yield the title compound as a yellow solid. 1H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.72 - 1.91(3H,m), 2.20(1H,m), 2.80 - 3.00(2H,m),

4.22(1H, t, J=7.14Hz), 6.77(1H, d, J=7.69Hz), 7.03(1H, t, J=7.42Hz), 7.11 - 7.19(3H,m), 7.31(1H, d, J=7.69Hz), 7.41(1H, t, J=7.69Hz), 7.80(1H,s), 7.84(1H, d, J=7.88Hz)

CHN Calc. (C20H18O4 • .1EtOAc) 73.98, 5.72; Fnd. 73.68, 6.04

Isomer B: In a similar manner to the above, 2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-phenyl]butyric acid ethyl ester (isomer B from above) was reacted in 2 mL methanol with 1 mL 1M sodium hydroxide to afford the title compound as a yellow solid.

1H NMR (CDCl3) & 1.72 - 1.91(3H,m), 2.20(1H,m), 2.80 - 3.00(2H,m),

10 4.22(1H, t, J=7.14Hz), 6.77(1H, d, J=7.69Hz), 7.03(1H, t, J=7.42Hz), 7.11 - 7.19(3H,m), 7.31(1H, d, J=7.69Hz), 7.41(1H, t, J=7.69Hz), 7.80(1H,s), 7.84(1H, d, J=7.88Hz)

CHN Calc. (C20H18O4 • .1EtOAc) 73.98, 5.72; Fnd. 73.68, 5.90

15

20

25

EXAMPLE 17

2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-butyric acid L1
Step 1: 1-(3-Phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-ethanone L1-A

A mixture of potassium carbonate (1.20 g, 9.08 mmol), 0.17 M Ni(II)Br₂ (2.12 mL, 0.36 mmol), 1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene (dppf, 403 mg, 0.73 mmol), zinc powder (119 mg, 1.82 mmol), and N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (NMP, 10 mL) was stirred at room temperature for one hour in dried glassware under argon. Thiophenol (932 μL, 9.08 mmol) and 3'-iodoacetophenone (1.88 mL, 13.6 mmol) were then introduced and the mixture was stirred for three hours. The resulting mixture was directly chromatographed using 5 % EtOAc / hexane as the elutant. Pure fractions were combined and concentrated to afford L1-A as a yellow oil. Rf = 0.49 (10% EtOAc / hexane). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (m, 1H), 7.79 (m, 1H), 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.40 (m, 6H), 2.58 (s, 3H).

30

Step 2: 2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-butyric acid L1

In a manner similar to example <u>AIV-2-1</u>, 2,4-dioxo-4-(3-phenylsulfanylphenyl)-butyric acid ethyl ester was formed and the crude material was hydrolyzed in a manner similar to example <u>AIV-3-1</u> using 1N NaOH to afford <u>L-1</u> as a yellow solid. Rf = 0.32 (6:6:94 MeOH / AcOH / CH₂Cl₂). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (m, 1H), 7.81 (m, 1H), 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.43 (m, 5H), 7.09 (s, 1H). mass spec (FAB, M+1) 301 m/e.

10

EXAMPLE 18

4-[3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid L2

Step 1: 1-[3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-ethanone L2-A

15 To an oven dried three-necked 100 mL round bottom flask fitted with argon inlet, temperature probe and stir bar was added zinc powder (793 mg, 12.2 mmol), 1,2-dibromoethane (21 μ L, 0.24 mmol), and THF (2 mL). The mixture was brought to reflux two times using a heat gun then cooled to O°C at which time $\alpha\text{-bromo-}2,\!4\text{-difluorotoluene}$ (781 $\mu L,\,6.10$ mL) in THF (3 mL) was added slowly keeping the temperature $< 3^{\circ}C$. 20 To another 3-necked round bottom flask fitted as above was added bis(dibenzylideneacetone)palladium (Pd(dba)2, 234 mg, 0.41 mmol), tris(2-furyl)phosphine (tfp, 189 mg, 0.81 mmol), and THF (5 mL). The mixture was stirred 10 minutes at room temperature then cooled to O°C 25 at which time 3'-iodoacetophenone (562 μ L, 4.06 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was added. The flask was flushed with argon and the zinc mixture was pipetted in. After stirring 5 minutes at O°C, the reaction was left to stir

over night at room temperature. The next morning the reaction was quenched with sat. NH4Cl solution and extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated to a brown oil. The crude product was chromatographed on silica gel using 5% EtOAc / hexane as elutant. Pure product fractions were combined and concentrated to afford $\underline{L2-A}$ as a yellow oil. Rf = 0.22 (5% EtOAc / hexane). 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.81 (m, 2H), 4.02 (s, 2H), 2.56 (s, 3H).

10

Step 2: 4-[3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid L2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

In a manner similar to example <u>AIV-2-1</u>, 4-[3-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid ethyl ester was formed and the crude material was hydrolyzed in a manner similar to example <u>AIV-3-1</u> using 1N NaOH to afford <u>L2</u> as a yellow solid. Rf = 0.60 (6:6:94 MeOH / AcOH / CH₂Cl₂). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.13 (m, 2H), 6.82 (m, 2H), 4.03 (s, 2H). mass spec (FAB, M+1) 319 m/e.

20

25

15

EXAMPLE 19

4-[5-(4-Fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid L3

Step 1: (3-Bromo-4,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methanol L3-A

In a dried round bottom flask under argon, 1.0 M 4-fluorophenyl-magnesium bromide in THF (25.5 mL, 25.5 mmol) was slowly added to 5-bromoveratraldehyde (2.5 g, 10.2 mmol) in dry THF (150 mL) at 0°C. The resulting solution was stirred for 15 minutes then allowed to stir at room temperature for 2 hours. The solvent was then removed *in vacuo* and the residue was partitioned between 10 % KHSO4 solution and EtOAc. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc and the combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated to a yellow oil. The crude product was taken on without further purification. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.05 (m, 3H), 6.86 (m, 1H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 3.83 (s, 6H).

Step 2: Preparation of L3-B

5

10

15 To (3-bromo-4,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methanol (2.95 g, 8.65 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ at 0°C was added triethylsilane (3.54 mL, 22.2 mmol) and borontrifluoride diethyl etherate (2.27 mL, 22.2 mmol). The solution was allowed to stir overnight at room temperature. The solvent was then removed in vacuo and the residue was partitioned between sat. NaHCO3 solution and CH2Cl2. The aqueous layer was extracted three 20 times with CH2Cl2 and the combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated to a clear oil. The crude product was chromatographed on silica gel using 10 % EtOAc / hexane as the elutant. Collected and concentrated pure product fractions to give afford <u>L3-B</u> as a clear oil. Rf = 0.41 (10 % EtOAc/25 hexane). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.13 (m, 2H), 6.97 (m, 3H), 6.62 (m, 1H), 3.86 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H).

Step 3: 1-[5-(4-Fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-ethanone L3-C

In dried glassware under argon, slowly added 2.5 M n -BuLi in hexane to L3-B (2.50 g, 7.69 mmol) in distilled THF (45 mL) at -78°C. Aged solution 10 minutes then added N -methoxy-N -methylacetamide (1.11 mL, 10.8 mmol) dropwise. The reaction was stirred for 30 minutes then allowed to slowly warm to room temperature over 2 hours. The reaction was quenched with sat. NH4Cl solution and extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated to a yellow oil. The crude product was chromatographed on silica gel using 5 % EtOAc / hexane as elutant. Collected and concentrated product fractions to afford L3-C as a clear oil. Rf = 0.27 (10 % EtOAc / hexane).

1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.05 (m, 1H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 6.80 (m, 1H), 3.90 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.61 (s, 3H).

15

20

Step 4: 4-[5-(4-Fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid L3

In a manner similar to example <u>AIV-2-1</u>, 4-[5-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid ethyl ester was formed and the crude material was hydrolyzed in a manner similar to example <u>AIV-3-1</u> using 1N NaOH to afford <u>L3</u> as a yellow solid. Rf = 0.67 (6:6:94 MeOH / AcOH / CH₂Cl₂). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.25 (m, 1H),

7.14 (m, 2H), 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.88 (m, 1H), 3.94 (s, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H). mass spec (FAB, M+1) 361 m/e.

EXAMPLE 20

5 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W1

Step 1: (3-Bromo-4-fluorophenyl)phenylmethanol W1-A

To a cold (0 °C) solution of 3-bromo-4-fluorobenzaldehyde (25.5 g) in THF (300 mL) under an atmosphere of argon, a solution of phenylmagnesium bromide in diethyl ether (3 M, 45 mL) was added. The resultant solution was stirred at room temp. for 2.5 h, and treated with aq. HCl. The resultant mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, and neutralized with aq. HCl. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to provide the title alcohol.

Step 2: 1-Benzyl-3-bromo-4-fluorobenzene W1-B

20

25

To a cold (0 °C) solution of (3-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)phenylmethanol (35 g) and triethylsilane (100 g) in dichloromethane (400 mL), boron trifluoride diethyl etherate (24 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 45 min. The resultant mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 hr, diluted with dichloromethane, and neutralized with saturated aq. sodium bicarbonate. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluted with hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title bromide.

Step 3: 5-Benzyl-2-fluorobenzonitrile W1-C

To a mixture of 1-benzyl-3-bromo-4-fluorobenzene (14.7 g) and zinc cyanide (38.7 g) in dimethylformamide (55 mL), purged with a steady stream of argon for 45 min., tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (7 g) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at 95 °C for 2 days under an atmosphere of argon. The resultant mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed successively with water, aq. HCl, and brine. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluted with 5 - 25% ethyl acetate - hexane gradient. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title nitrile.

15

20

25

10

5

Step 4: 5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxybenzonitrile W1-D

To a mixture of 5-benzyl-2-fluorobenzonitrile (0.55 g) and isopropyl alcohol (0.22 mL) in THF (15 mL) at room temp., a solution of potassium bis(trimethyl-sily)amide (0.5 M, 7 mL) in toluene was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. for 2 days under an atmosphere of argon. The resultant mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed successively with aq. NH4Cl, and brine. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluted with 10% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title nitrile.

Step 5: 5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxyacetophenone W1-E

To a solution of 5-benzyl-2-isopropoxybenzonitrile (0.6 g) in benzene (15 mL), a solution of methylmagnesium iodide (3 M, 1.45 mL) in ether was added. The resultant mixture was heated at 80 °C overnight under an atmosphere of argon. The resultant mixture was treated with aq. HCl and washed with brine. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluted with 10% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title ketone.

Step 6: 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W1

15

20

5

10

To a solution of 5-benzyl-2-isopropoxyacetophenone (0.268 g) and dimethyl oxalate (0.315 g) in THF (10 mL) at room temp., sodium methoxide (85 mg) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. for 2 hr. under an atmosphere of argon. The resultant mixture was treated with aq. NaOH (1M, 5.5 mL) and stirred at room temp for 1 hr. The product solution was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed successively with aq. HCl and brine. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residual oil was triturated with a mixture of ether and

hexane. The yellow solid precipitated was filtered to provide the title product. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.8-6.8 (m, 9H), 4.6 (m, 1H), 3.95 (s, 2H), 1.43 (d, 6H).

EXAMPLE 21

 $\hbox{$4$-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethoxy)$phenyl]-2,$4$-dioxobutyric acid $W2$}$

Step 1: 5-Benzyl-2-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethoxy)benzonitrile W2-A

10

15

20

5

To a mixture of 5-benzyl-2-fluorobenzonitrile (0.60 g) and N,N-dimethylethanolamine (0.32 mL) in THF (20 mL) at room temp., a solution of potassium bis(trimethylsily)amide (0.5 M, 6.25 mL) in toluene was added. The resultant mixture was heated at 60 °C overnight under an atmosphere of argon. The resultant mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with brine. The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluted with 5% methanol in chloroform. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title nitrile.

Step 2: 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid W2

The title compound was prepared using the protocol described in Example W1, Step 5 - 6 substituting 5-benzyl-2-isopropoxybenzonitrile

with 5-Benzyl-2-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethoxy)benzonitrile in Step 5. 1 H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ 7.7-6.9 (m, 9H), 4.45 (br s, 2H), 3.98 (s, 2H), 3.5 (br s, 2H), 2.85 (s, 6H).

EXAMPLE 22

4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid W3

Step 1: 4-Benzyl-2-bromophenol W3-A

5

To a solution of 4-hydroxydiphenylmethane (10 g) in chloroform (60 mL) at room temp., a solution of bromine (2.9 mL) in chloroform (20 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 2 hr. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. overnight, diluted with chloroform, and washed successively with sat. aq. sodium bicarbonate and brine. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to provide the title compound.

Step 2: 5-Benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)phenyl bromide W3-B

A mixture of 4-benzyl-2-bromophenol (3 g) and sodium hydride (0.3 g) in DMSO (60 mL) was stirred at room temp. until evolution of gas subsided. The resultant mixture was treated with 2-fluoropyridine (2 mL) and stirred at 150 °C under an atmosphere of argon overnight. The product mixture was partitioned between chloroform and water. The organic extract was washed successively with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue

was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with chloroform. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provide the title bromide.

5 Step 3: 5-Benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)acetophenone W3-C

10

15

20

To a cold (-78 °C) solution of 5-benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)phenyl bromide (1.68 g) in diethyl ether (40 mL), a solution of n-BuLi in hexanes (2.5 M, 2.12 mL) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h and was treated with N-methoxy-N-methylacetamide (0.6 mL). The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up slowly to room temp. and was stirred at room temp. overnight. The product mixture was diluted with ether and partitioned with aq. HCl. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with chloroform. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provide the title ketone.

Step 4: Methyl 4-[5-benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyrate W3-D

$$CO_2Me$$

To a cold (-78 °C) solution of 5-benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy) acetophenone (0.3 g) in THF (15 mL), a solution of LDA in heptane and THF (2 M, 0.56 mL) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h and was treated with a solution of dimethyl oxalate (0.213 g) in THF. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up slowly to room temp. and was stirred at room temp. overnight. The product mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and partitioned with aq. HCl. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residual oil was triturated with diethyl ether. The resultant ethereal solution was isolated and concentrated under vacuum to provide the title ester.

Step 5: 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid W3

$$CO_2H$$

· 15

10

To a solution of methyl 4-[5-benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyrate (0.14 g) in THF (10 mL) at room temp., aq. NaOH (1 M, 0.44 mL) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp for 6 h. The product mixture was diluted with chloroform and partitioned with aq. HCl. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was triturated with a mixture of diethyl ether and hexane. Filtration of the resultant solid provided the title acid. 1H NMR (CDCl3) δ 8.25 (m, 1H), 7.8-6.8 (m, 12H), 4.05 (s, 2H).

25

20

EXAMPLE 23

4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid W4

Step 1: 5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-methoxy-1-bromobenzene W4-A

A mixture of 4-benzyl-2-bromo-6-methoxyphenol (0.5 g), cesium carbonate (0.84 g), and isopropyl iodide (0.51 mL) in DMF (2 mL) was stirred at room temp. overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with ether, and washed with aq. ammonium chloride. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 5% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provide the title bromide.

Step 2: 5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-methoxy-acetophenone W4-B

10

15

20

To a mixture of 5-benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-methoxy-1-bromobenzene (0.4 g), thallium acetate (0.41 g), 1,3-bis(diphenylphosphino)propane (0.138 g) and triethylamine (0.67 mL) in DMF (3 mL) in a pressure tube, purged with argon for a period of 5 minute, palladium acetate (67.2 mg) and n-butyl vinyl ether (0.77 mL) was added. The reaction tube was sealed and stirred at 100 °C overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered through a bed of CELITE diatomaceous earth, and the filtrate concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in THF (5 mL) and treated with aq. HCl (1M, 2.5 mL). The resultant mixture was stirred at rt for 1 hr., diluted with ether, and washed with brine. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under

vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 10% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provide the title ketone.

5 Step 3: 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid W4

To a solution of 5-benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-methoxy-acetophenone (79 mg) and dimethyl oxalate (125 mg) in THF (2 mL), sodium methoxide (30 mg) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. for 0.5 h under an atmosphere of argon. The resultant mixture was diluted with THF (3 mL) and methanol (0.5 mL), and treated with aq. NaOH (1M, 3 mL) and stirred at room temp for 1 hr. The product solution was adjusted to pH 2 with addition of aq. HCl. The resultant mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to HPLC purification on reverse phase stationary phase. Collection and lyophilization of appropriate fractions provide the title product as light yellow solid. 1 H NMR (CDCl3) δ 7.58-6.89 (m, 8H), 4.53 (m, 1H), 3.97 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 1.26 (d, 6H).

20

10

15

EXAMPLE 24

4-(5-Benzyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W5

Step 1: (3-Bromo-4,5-dimethoxyphenyl)phenylmethanol W5-A

To a cold (0 °C) solution of 3-bromo-4,5-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (5.42 g) in THF (25 mL) under an atmosphere of argon, a solution of phenylmagnesium bromide in THF (1 M, 25 mL) was added. The resultant solution was stirred at room temp. for 1 h, and treated with aq. HCl. The resultant mixture was diluted with ether, and neutralized with aq. HCl. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to provide the title alcohol.

10 Step 2: 5-Benzyl-2,3-dimethoxy-1-bromobenzene W5-B

To a cold (0 °C) solution of the (3-Bromo-4,5-dimethoxyphenyl)phenyl-methanol (5 g) and triethylsilane (3.7 g) in dichloromethane (80 mL), boron trifluoride diethyl etherate (3 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 5 min. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. for 1 hr, diluted with dichloromethane, and neutralized with saturated aq. sodium bicarbonate. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title bromide.

Step 3: 5-Benzyl-2,3-dimethoxyacetophenone W5-C

15

To a cold (-78 °C) solution of 5-benzyl-2,3-dimethoxy-1-bromobenzene (3.1 g) in THF (46 mL), a solution of n-BuLi in hexanes (2.5 M, 4.2 mL) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h and was treated with N-methoxy-N-methylacetamide (1.1 g). The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up slowly to room temp. and was stirred at room temp. 1 h. The product mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and partitioned with aq. HCl. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with a 5 - 20% ethyl acetate gradient. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provide the title ketone.

Step 4: Ethyl 4-(5-benzyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyrate W5-D

15

20

5

10

To a solution of 5-benzyl-2,3-dimethoxyacetophenone (0.55 g) and diethyl oxalate (0.48 g) in THF (8 mL), sodium ethoxide (0.22 g) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. for 1 hr under an atmosphere of argon. The reaction mixture was quenched with aq. KHSO4, and diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to provide the title ester.

Step 5: 4-(5-Benzyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W5

To a solution of ethyl 4-(5-benzyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyrate (0.59~g) in ethanol (8~mL), aq. NaOH (1~M, 6.4~mL) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp for 2~h. The product mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and aq. HCl. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was triturated with a mixture of diethyl ether and hexane. Filtration of the resultant solid provided the title acid. ^{1}H NMR (CDCl3) δ 7.4-7.2 (m, 7H), 6.92 (br s, 1H), 3.97 (s, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 25

4-(5-Benzyl-3-dimethylamino-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W6

15 Step 1: 4-benzyl-2-bromo-6-nitrophenol W6-A

10

20

25

To a solution of 4-benzyl-2-bromophenol (7.2 g) in glacial acetic acid (65 mL) at room temp., a solution of conc. nitric acid (15.8 M, 1.7 mL) in glacial acetic acid (10 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 1 hr. The resultant solution was stirred at room temp. for 2 hr., poured into icewater, and neutralized with aq. ammonia. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with a gradient of 5 - 7% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title phenol.

Step 2: 5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-nitro-1-bromobenzene W6-B

To a cold (0 °C) solution of 4-benzyl-2-bromo-6-nitrophenol (1.3 g) in diethyl ether (50 mL), a solution of diazomethane in diethyl ether was added over a period of 15 minute. The diazomethane solution was prepared by addition of 1-methyl-3-nitro-1-nitrosoguanidine (2.0 g) portionwise into a mixture of 40% aq. KOH (50 mL) and ether (50 mL) at 0 °C over a period of 15 min. The resultant solution was stirred at room temp. overnight, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 4% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provide the title bromide.

Step 3: 5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-bromoaniline W6-C

10

A mixture of 5-benzyl-2-methoxy-3-nitro-1-bromobenzene (2.0 g) and 5% Pt on charcoal (0.2 g) in a mixture of ethanol (100 mL) and acetic acid (5 mL) was shaken in a Parr hydrogenator under an atmosphere of hydrogen gas (56 psi) at room temp. for 45 min. The resultant mixture was filtered through a plug of CELITE diatomaceous earth. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to provide the title aniline.

Step 4: 5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-bromo-N,N-dimethylaniline W6-D

To a solution of 5-benzyl-2-methoxy-3-bromoaniline (1.9 g), formaldehyde (37%, 5.3 g), and sodium cyanoborohydride (1.25 g) in acetonitrile (40 mL) at room temp, glacial acetic acid (2 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 3 hr. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temp.

5 overnight. The resultant solution was adjusted to pH ~6 with addition of aq sodium bicarbonate and partitioned with ethyl acetate. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 3% ethyl acetate in hexane.

10 Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provide the title bromide.

Step 5: 5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-N,N-dimethylaminoacetophenone W6-E

15

20

To a mixture of 5-benzyl-2-methoxy-3-bromo-N,N-dimethylaniline (0.33 g), thallium acetate (0.3 g), 1,3-bis(diphenylphosphino)propane (0.106 g) and triethylamine (0.42 mL) in DMF (2.5 mL) in a pressure tube, purged with argon for a period of 5 minute, palladium acetate (56 mg) and n-butyl vinyl ether (0.67 mL) was added. The reaction tube was sealed and stirred at 100 °C for 1 hr. The reaction mixture was filtered through a bed of CELITE diatomaceous earth, and the filtrate concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in THF (10 mL) and treated with aq. HCl (1M, 3 mL). The resultant mixture was stirred at rt for 1 hr., diluted with ether, basified with aq. sodium bicarbonate. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 4% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provide the title ketone.

30

Step 6: 4-(5-Benzyl-3-dimethylamino-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W6

To a solution of 5-benzyl-2-methoxy-3-N,N-dimethylaminoacetophenone (75 mg) and diethyl oxalate (57 mg) in THF (2 mL), sodium ethoxide (36 mg) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. for 1 hr. under an atmosphere of argon. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and partitioned with 5% aq. KHSO4. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in ethanol (3 mL) and treated with aq. NaOH (1M, 1 mL) and stirred at room temp for 1 hr. The product solution was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile and acidified with aq TFA, and subjected to HPLC purification on reverse phase. Collection and lyophilization of appropriate fractions provided the title acid. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.6-7.0 (m, 8H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.21 (s, 6H).

EXAMPLE 26

4-[5-Benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoxazol-7-yl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid W7

Step 1: 3-Benzyl-5-bromo-6-hydroxyaniline W7-A

5

10

15

20

To a solution of 4-benzyl-2-bromo-6-nitrophenol (8.65 g) and 5% Pt on charcoal (0.15 g) in a mixture of ethanol (100 mL) and acetic acid (8 mL) was shaken in a Parr hydrogenator under an atmosphere of hydrogen

gas (43 psi) at room temp. for 1 hr. The resultant mixture was filtered through a plug of CELITE diatomaceous earth. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to provide the title aniline.

5 Step 2: 5-Benzyl-7-bromo-2-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoxazole W7-B

A mixture of 3-benzyl-5-bromo-6-hydroxyaniline (1.0 g) and anhydrous (dichloromethylene)dimethylammonium chloride (0.6 g; dried by repetitive concentration from toluene under vacuum) in anhydrous chloroform (30 mL) was heated under reflux overnight under an atmosphere of argon. The reaction mixture was diluted with chloroform, and washed successively with aq. KOH and brine. The organic extract was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 40% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title benzoxazole.

10

15

Step 3: 7-Acetyl-5-benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoxazole W7-C

To a mixture of 5-benzyl-7-bromo-2-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoxazole (0.8 g), thallium acetate (0.695 g), 1,3-bis(diphenylphosphino)propane (0.25 g) and triethylamine (0.98 mL) in DMF (5 mL) in a pressure tube, purged with argon for a period of 15 minute, palladium acetate (130 mg) and n-

butyl vinyl ether (1.55 mL) was added. The reaction tube was sealed and stirred at 100 °C overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered through a bed of CELITE diatomaceous earth, and the filtrate concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in THF (20 mL) and treated with aq. HCl (1M, 6 mL). The resultant mixture was stirred at rt for 1 hr., diluted with ether, basified with aq. sodium bicarbonate. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 50% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title ketone.

5

10

Step 4: 4-[5-Benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoxazol-7-yl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W7

$$\begin{array}{c} N(CH_3)_2 \\ O \\ O \\ O \end{array}$$

15 To a solution of 7-acetyl-5-benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoxazole (200 mg) and diethyl oxalate (150 mg) in THF (7 mL), sodium ethoxide (138 mg) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. for 3 hr. under an atmosphere of argon. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and partitioned with aq. HCl. The organic extract was 20 washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was triturated with diethyl ether, and the solid precipitated was obtained by filtration. A solution of this intermediate ester (125 mg) in THF (4 mL) was treated with aq. NaOH (1M, 2.7 mL) and stirred at room temp for 1 hr. The product mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and aq. HCl. The organic 25 extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was triturated with

ether. The yellow solid precipitated was filtered to provide the title acid. 1H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.54-7.16 (m, 8H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 3.25 (s, 6H).

EXAMPLE 27

5 4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W8

Step 1: (3.5-dibromophenyl)phenylmethanol W8-A

To a cold (-78 °C) solution of 1,3,5-tribromobenzene (30 g) in diethyl ether (500 mL), a solution of n-BuLi in hexanes (2.5 M, 38.1 mL) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h and was treated with benzaldehyde (10.2 mL). The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up slowly to 0 °C. and was stirred at that temp. for 1.5 hr. The product mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and partitioned with aq. HCl (1M, 95 mL). The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to provide the title alcohol.

Step 2: 1-Benzyl-3.5-dibromobenzene W8-B

20

25

10

15

To a cold (0 °C) solution of (3,5-dibromophenyl)phenylmethanol (32.5 g) and triethylsilane (27.7 g) in dichloromethane (500 mL), boron trifluoride diethyl etherate (30 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 45 min. The resultant mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 hr, and at room temp. overnight. The product mixture was diluted with dichloromethane, and neutralized with saturated aq. sodium bicarbonate. The organic extract

was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluted with hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title dibromide.

5

Step 3: (3-benzyl-5-bromophenyl) pyrazin-2-yl ketone W8-C

To a cold (-78 °C) solution of 1-benzyl-3,5-dibromobenzene (1.5 g) in diethyl ether (20 mL), a solution of n-BuLi in hexanes (2.5 M, 2 mL) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h and was treated with a solution of N-methoxy-N-methylpyrazinecarboxyamide (0.84 g) in diethyl ether (5 mL). The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up slowly to room temp. and was stirred at that temp. overnight. The product mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and partitioned with aq. HCl. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 20% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title pyrazine.

20

10

15

Step 4: 3-Benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-ylmethyl-1-bromobenzene W8-D

A mixture of (3-benzyl-5-bromophenyl) pyrazin-2-yl ketone (0.97 g) and anhydrous hydrazine (2 mL) in ethylene glycol (6 mL) was heated at 110 °C for 4 hr. Excess hydrazine was removed under reduced pressure. The residue ethylene glycol solution was treated with powdered solid KOH (0.4 g) and heated under an atmosphere of argon for 4 h. The product mixture was partitioned between benzene and water. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 20-30% ethyl acetate in hexane gradient. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title bromide.

Step 5: 3-Benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-vlmethylacetophenone W8-E

10

To a mixture of 3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-ylmethyl-1-bromobenzene (0.77 g), 15 thallium acetate (0.66 g), 1,3-bis(diphenylphosphino)propane (0.263 g) and triethylamine (1.27 mL) in DMF (5 mL) in a pressure tube, purged with argon for a period of 10 minute, palladium acetate (128 mg) and nbutyl vinyl ether (1.5 mL) was added. The reaction tube was sealed and stirred at 100 °C overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered through a 20 bed of CELITE diatomaceous earth, and the filtrate concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in THF (5 mL) and treated with aq. HCl (3M, 4 mL). The resultant mixture was stirred at rt for 3 hr., diluted with ethyl acetate, basified with aq. sodium bicarbonate. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and 25 concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 50% ethyl acetate in hexane.

Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title ketone.

Step 6: 4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W8

To a cold (-78 °C) solution of 3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-ylmethylacetophenone (0.595 g) in THF (4 mL), a solution of lithium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide in THF (1 M, 1.2 mL) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h and was treated with diethyl oxalate (0.18 mL). The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up slowly to room temp. and was stirred at room temp. overnight. The product mixture was treated with aq. NaOH (1 M, 2 mL) and stirred at room temp for 4 h. The product solution was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile and acidified with aq TFA, and subjected to HPLC purification on reverse phase. Collection and lyophilization of appropriate fractions provided the title acid. $^1\mathrm{H}$ NMR (CDCl3) δ 8.7-7.0 (m, 12H), 4.22 (s, 2H) , 4.02 (s, 2H).

20 EXAMPLE 28

5

10

15

4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W9

Step 1: 3-Benzyl-5-bromobenzaldehyde W9-A

To a cold (-78 °C) solution of 1-benzyl-3,5-dibromobenzene (1.15 g) in THF (30 mL), a solution of n-BuLi in hexanes (2.5 M, 2 mL) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h and was treated with anhydrous DMF (0.3 mL). The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up slowly to room temp. and was stirred at that temp. overnight. The product mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and partitioned with aq. HCl. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 10% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title benzaldehyde.

Step 2: 3-Benzyl-5-bromobenzyl alcohol W9-B

10

To a cold (0 °C) solution of 3-benzyl-5-bromobenzaldehyde (0.465 g) in methanol (5 mL), sodium borohydride (0.123 g) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temp. for 3 hr. The product mixture was concentrated, and the residue partitioned between ethyl acetate and aq. HCl. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to provide the title alcohol.

Step 3: 3-Benzyl-5-bromobenzyl bromide W9-C

To a cold (0 °C) solution of 3-benzyl-5-bromobenzyl alcohol (0.32 g) and carbon tetrabromide (0.57 g) in dichloromethane (6 mL), a solution of triphenylphosphine (0.45 g) in dichloromethane (4 mL) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temp. for 2 hr. The product mixture was concentrated, and the residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 15% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title dibromide.

10 Step 4: 3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethyl-1-bromobenzene W9-D

5

15

20

A mixture of sodium hydride (28 mg, 60% dispersion in mineral oil, washed with hexane) and 1,2,3-triazole (0.38 mL) in DMF was stirred at room temp. for 10 min. The resultant mixture was treated with a solution of 3-benzyl-5-bromobenzyl bromide in DMF. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temp. overnight. The product mixture was concentrated, and the residue partitioned between ethyl acetate and aq. ammonium chloride. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 50% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of earlier fractions (Rf = 0.8, slica gel, eluted with 50% ethyl acetate in hexane) provided the title triazole bromide [^{1}H NMR (CDCl3) δ 7.63 (s, ^{2}H)], and later fractions (Rf = 0.2) provided the isomeric 3-benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-1-25 ylmethyl-1-bromo-benzene analog [1 H NMR (CDCl3) δ 7.76 (br s, 1 H), 7.73 (br s, 1H)].

3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-2-vlmethylacetophenone W9-E <u>Step 5:</u>

To a mixture of 3-benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethyl-1-bromobenzene (0.4 g), thallium acetate (0.35 g), 1,3-bis(diphenylphosphino)propane (0.13 g) and triethylamine (0.68 mL) in DMF (4 mL) in a pressure tube, purged with argon for a period of 10 minute, palladium acetate (55 mg) and nbutyl vinyl ether (0.8 mL) was added. The reaction tube was sealed and stirred at 100 °C overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered through a bed of CELITE diatomaceous earth, and the filtrate concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in THF (5 mL) and treated with aq. HCl (3M, 4 mL). The resultant mixture was stirred at rt for 3 hr., diluted with ethyl acetate, basified with aq. sodium bicarbonate. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 50% ethyl acetate in hexane. 15 Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title ketone.

Step 6: 4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W9

20

To a solution of 3-benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethylacetophenone (60 mg) and diethyl oxalate (89 mg) in THF (3 mL), sodium ethoxide (21 mg) was

added. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. for 1 hr. under an atmosphere of argon. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and partitioned with aq. HCl. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in THF (1 mL) and treated with aq. NaOH (1M, 1 mL) and stirred at room temp for 3 hr. The product mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and partitioned with aq. HCl. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was triturated with hexane/ethyl acetate. Filtration and collection of the solid provided the title acid. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.78-7.10 (m, 11H), 5.64 (s, 2H), 4.03 (s, 2H).

EXAMPLE 29

15 4-[3-(3-Chloropyridin-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W10

Step 1: 3-Chloropyridin-2-vl 3-bromophenyl ketone W10-A

To a cold (-78 °C) solution of 1,3-dibromobenzene (0.8 mL) in THF (4 mL), a solution of n-BuLi in hexanes (2.5 M, 3.2 mL) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h and was treated with a solution of N-methoxy-N-methyl-3-chloropyridine-2-carboxyamide in THF (4 mL). The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up slowly to room temp. and was stirred at that temp. overnight. The product mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and partitioned with aq. HCl. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 50% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title ketone.

30

5

10

20

Step 2: 3-(3-Chloropyridin-2-vlmethyl)-1-bromobenzene W10-B

A mixture of 3-chloropyridin-2-yl 3-bromophenyl ketone (0.2 g) and anhydrous hydrazine (1 mL) in ethylene glycol (2.5 mL) was heated at 110 °C for 4 hr. Excess hydrazine was removed under reduced pressure. The residue ethylene glycol solution was treated with powdered solid KOH (0.1 g) and heated under an atmosphere of argon for 1 h. The product mixture was partitioned between benzene and water. The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 25% ethyl acetate Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title bromide. 1 H NMR (CDCl3) δ 8.47 (br dd, 1H), 7.66 (br dd, 1 H), 7.44 (br s, 1H), 7.35 (br d, 1 H), 7.22 (br d, 1H), 7.16-7.12 (m 2 H), 4.28 (s, 2H).

15

20

25

10

5

Step 3: 3-(3-Chloropyridin-2-ylmethyl)acetophenone W10-C

To a mixture of 3-(3-chloropyridin-2-ylmethyl)-1-bromobenzene (0.76 g), thallium acetate (0.87 g), 1,3-bis(diphenylphosphino)propane (0.27 g) and triethylamine (1.67 mL) in DMF (6 mL) in a pressure tube, purged with argon for a period of 10 minute, palladium acetate (134 mg) and n-butyl vinyl ether (1.96 mL) was added. The reaction tube was sealed and stirred at 100 °C for 2 days. The reaction mixture was filtered through a bed of CELITE diatomaceous earth, and the filtrate concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in THF (3 mL) and treated with aq. HCl (3M, 3 mL). The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. overnight, diluted with ethyl acetate, basified with aq. sodium

bicarbonate. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 25% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title ketone.

Step 4: 4-[3-(3-Chloropyridin-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W10

5

To a cold (-78 °C) solution of 3-(3-chloropyridin-2-ylmethyl)acetophenone (0.19 g) in THF (3 mL), a solution of lithium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide in hexane (1 M, 1.54 mL) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h and was treated with diethyl oxalate (0.22 mL). The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up slowly to room temp. and was stirred at room temp. for 1.5 hr. The product mixture was treated with aq. NaOH (1 M, 3.2 mL) and stirred at room temp overnight. The product solution was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile and acidified with aq TFA, and subjected to HPLC purification on reverse phase. Collection and lyophilization of appropriate fractions provided the title acid. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d6) δ 8.48 (br d, 1H), 7.92 - 7.0 (m, 7H), 4.35 (s, 2H).

EXAMPLE 30

4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid W11

Step 1: 4-Benzyl-2,6-dibromophenol W11-A

To a solution of 4-hydroxydiphenylmethane (15.3 g) in glacial acetic acid (200 mL) at room temp., a solution of bromine (8.6 mL) in acetic acid (20 mL) was added dropwise over a period of half an hour. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. for 3 hr, poured into ice water, and partitioned with toluene. The organic extract was washed successively with 10% aq. sodium hydrogensulfite and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 7% ethyl acetate in hexane. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title dibromophenol.

Step 2: 4-Benzyl-2,6-dibromo-1-methoxybenzene W11-B

10

15

20

To a cold (0 °C) solution of 4-benzyl-2,6-dibromophenol (10 g) in diethyl ether (100 mL), a solution of diazomethane in diethyl ether was over a period of 20 minute. The diazomethane solution was prepared by addition of 1-methyl-3-nitro-1-nitrosoguanidine (8.5 g) portionwise into a mixture of 40% aq. KOH (100 mL) and ether (50 mL) at 0 °C over a period of 15 min. The resultant solution was stirred at room temp. for two days, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 1-2 % ethyl acetate in hexane gradient. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title dibromide.

25 Step 3: 3-Benzyl-5-bromo-6-methoxybenzyl bromide W11-C

The title compound was prepared using the protocol described in Example W9, Step 1 - 3 substituting 1-benzyl-3,5-dibromobenzene with 4-benzyl-2,6-dibromo-1-methoxybenzene in Step 1.

5 <u>Step 4:</u> 3-Benzyl-1-bromo-5-N,N,-dimethylaminomethyl-6methoxybenzene W11-D

A solution of 3-benzyl-5-bromo-6-methoxybenzyl bromide (0.65 g), dimethylamine hydrochloride (0.29 g), and diisopropylethylamine (0.61 mL) in acetonitrile (8 mL) was heated at 60 °C overnight. The resultant solution was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 4 % methanol in chloroform. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title bromide.

Step 5: 5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl)-

acetophenone W11-E

10

15

20

To a mixture of 3-benzyl-1-bromo-5-N,N,-dimethylaminomethyl-6-methoxybenzene (0.30 g), thallium acetate (0.28 g), 1,3-bis(diphenyl-phosphino)propane (0.80 g) and triethylamine (0.39 mL) in DMF (2 mL) in a pressure tube, purged with argon for a period of 5 minute, palladium acetate (43 mg) and n-butyl vinyl ether (0.62 mL) was added.

The reaction tube was sealed and stirred at 100 °C overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered through a bed of CELITE diatomaceous earth, and the filtrate concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in THF (10 mL) and treated with aq. HCl (1M, 3 mL). The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. for 1 h, diluted with ethyl acetate, basified with aq. sodium bicarbonate. The organic extract was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel eluting with 7% methanol in chloroform. Collection and concentration of appropriate fractions provided the title ketone.

Step 6: 4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid W11

10

To a solution of 5-benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl)-acetophenone (0.26 g) and diethyl oxalate (0.19 g) in THF (8 mL), sodium ethoxide (118 mg) was added. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temp. for 1 hr. under an atmosphere of argon. The resultant solution was treated with aq. NaOH (1M, 5 mL) and stirred at room temp for 1 hr.
The product solution was neutralized with addition of aq. HCl, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile and acidified with aq TFA, and subjected to HPLC purification on reverse phase. Collection and lyophilization of appropriate fractions provided the title acid. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.67-7.11 (m, 8H), 4.26 (s, 2H), 3.97 (s, 2H),3.74 (s, 3H), 2.86 (s, 6H).

EXAMPLE 31

4-(5-Benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methoxyethoxyphenyl)2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Step 1: 3-Bromo-4-(2-methoxyethoxy)-5-methoxybenzaldehyde

- To a 500 mL round bottomed flask with a stirring bar, reflux condenser and an argon inlet was added 5-bromovanillin (10 g, 43.28 mmol), DMF (125 mL), powdered Cs₂CO₃ (28.2 g, 86.56 mmol) and 2-bromoethylmethyl ether (5.08 mL, 54.10 mmol). This well stirred mixture was heated at 75°C for 24h. The cooled mixture was filtered through a frit to remove the cesium salts and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc and washed with water and brine. Drying (MgSO₄), filtration and removal of the solvent *in vacuo* gave an oil. 1H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 3.44 (s, 3H); 3.77 (t, j=4 Hz, 2H); 3.92 (s, 3H); 4.27 (t, j=4 Hz, 2H); 7.38 (d, j=2 Hz, 1H); 7.65 (d, j=2Hz, 1H); 9.84 (s, 1H).
 - Step 2: 1-(3-Bromo-4-(2-methoxyethoxy)-5-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylmethanol.

To a 1l round bottomed flask with a stirring bar and an argon inlet was added 3-bromo-4-(2-methoxyethoxy)-5-methoxybenzaldehyde (12.00g, 41.50 mmol) and dry THF (150 mL). This solution was cooled in an ice bath and phenylmagnesiumbromide in diethyl ether (16.6 mL of a 3.0M solution, 49.81 mmol) was added with a syringe. The resulting solution was stirred for 1h at 0°C. The reaction was quenched with aqueous NH4Cl solution. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc and the layers were separated. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried (MgSO4), filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. This material was chromatographed on 400g of silica gel using 30/70 EtOAc-hexane as eluant. There was obtained 1-(3-bromo-4-(2-methoxyethoxy)-5-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylmethanol as an oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl3): δ 2.29 (d, j=4Hz, 1H); 3.44 (s, 3H); 3.74 (t, j=4 Hz, 2H); 3.82 (s, 3H); 4.13 (t, j=4 Hz, 2H); 5.75 (d, j=4Hz, 1H); 6.88 (s, 1H); 7.12 (s, 1H); 7.35 (m, 5H).

10

Step 3: 1-(3-Bromo-4-(2-methoxyethoxy)-5-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylmethane.

To a 500 mL round bottomed flask with a stirring bar and a nitrogen inlet was added of 1-(3-bromo-4-(2-methoxyethoxy)-5-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylmethanol (12.83g, 34.94 mmol), dry methylene chloride (200 mL) and triethylsilane (13.87 mL, 87.34 mmol). This solution was cooled in an ice bath and borontrifluoride etherate (4.43 mL, 34.94 mmol) was added with a syringe over 5 min. The mixture was aged 2h at 0°C. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution and the mixture was extracted with chloroform. The chloroform fraction was washed with brine, dried (MgSO4), filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. This material was chromatographed on 400g of silica gel using 20/80 EtOAc-hexane as eluant to give 9.45g of 1-(3-bromo-4-(2-methoxyethoxy)-5-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylmethane as an oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 3.44 (s, 3H); 3.74 (t, j=4 Hz, 2H); 3.77 (s, 3H); 3.88 (s, 2H); 4.13 (t, j=4 Hz, 2H); 6.64 (d, j=2Hz, 1H); 6.94 (d, j=2Hz, 1H); 7.26 (m, 5H).

15

20

25

10

Step 4: 1-(2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-3-methoxy-5-phenylmethyl)-1-ethanone.

To a 25 mL glass pressure vessel with a stirring bar was added 1-(3-bromo-4-(2-methoxyethoxy)-5-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenylmethane (1.95g, 5.55 mmol) and 12 mL of DMF. This solution was degassed with a stream of nitrogen for 10 min. Palladium (II) acetate (0.25g, 1.11 mmol), DPPP (0.50g, 1.20 mmol), thallium (I) acetate (1.61g, 6.11 mmol), butylvinyl ether (3.62 mL, 27.75 mmol) and triethylamine (3.09 mL, 22.20 mmol) were added and the mixture was degassed for another 10 min. The vessel was sealed and heated at 100°C for 18h with vigorous stirring. The cooled mixture was filtered through a CELITE diatomaceous earth pad and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in THF (30 mL) and 1N HCl (30 mL) was added. This solution

was stirred at ambient temperature 20h. The mixture was extracted with two portions of EtOAc. The combined EtOAc extracts were washed with water and brine. Drying (MgSO4), filtration and removal of the solvent *in vacuo* gave a yellow oil. This material was chromatographed on 90g of silica gel using 30/70 EtOAc-hexane as eluant. There was obtained 1-(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-3-methoxy-5-phenylmethyl)-1-ethanone as an oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 2.64 (s, 3H);3.37 (s, 3H); 3.63 (t, j=4 Hz, 2H); 3.80 (s, 3H); 3.93 (s, 2H); 4.17 (t, j=4 Hz, 2H); 6.82 (d, j=2Hz, 1H); 7.04 (d, j=2Hz, 1H); 7.26 (m, 5H).

10

15

20

25

5

Step 5: Ethyl 4-(benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methoxyethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyrate.

To a 50 mL round bottomed flask with a stirring bar and a nitrogen inlet was added 1-(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-3-methoxy-5-phenylmethyl)-1-ethanone (1.35g, 4.29 mmol), THF (30 mL), diethyl oxalate (1.75 mL, 12.88 mmol) and sodium ethoxide (0.41g, 6.00 mmol). This solution was stirred 2h at ambient temperature. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH4Cl solution and extracted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with water and brine. Drying (MgSO4), filtration and removal of the solvent *in vacuo* gave an oil. This material was exposed to high vacuum for 2 days to remove the excess diethyl oxalate giving 1.48g of ethyl 4-(benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methoxyethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyrate as an oil. 1H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.38 (t, j=7Hz, 3H), 3.36 (s, 3H); 3.66 (t, j=4 Hz, 2H); 3.82 (s, 3H); 3.96 (s, 2H); 4.16 (t, j=4 Hz, 2H); 4.82 (q, j=7Hz, 2H); 6.87 (d, j=2Hz, 1H); 7.26 (m, 7H).

Step 6: 4-(Benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methoxyethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid.

To a 200 mL round bottomed flask with a stirring bar and a nitrogen inlet was added ethyl 4-(benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methoxyethoxyphenyl)-2,4dioxobutyrate (1.48g, 3.57 mmol), THF (30 mL), methanol (30 mL), and sodium hydroxide solution (18 mL of a 1 N solution in water, 18 mmol). This mixture was stirred 2h at ambient temperature. The organic solvents were removed in vacuo and the aqueous residue was diluted with 30 mL of water. This solution was washed with ethyl ether (2 X 50 10 mL) then acidified with 1N HCl. This mixture was extracted with ethyl ether (100 mL). The ether solution was washed with water and brine. Drying (MgSO₄), filtration and removal of the solvent in vacuo gave a yellow oil. This material was crystallized by dissolving in 1:1 ether-15 hexane (~5mL) and storing in a freezer over night. The crystalline product was collected by filtration on a frit and dried in vacuo at ambient temperature to give 4-(benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methoxyethoxyphenyl)-2,4dioxobutyric acid as yellow needles. MP: 83-85°C. Anal. Calc'd for C₂₁H₂₂O₇: C, 65.28; H, 5.74; Found: C, 65.28; H, 6.05. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 20 δ 3.39 (s, 3H); 3.71 (t, j=4 Hz, 2H); 3.82 (s, 3H); 3.96 (s, 2H); 4.21 (t, j=4 Hz, 2H); 6.90 (d, j=2Hz, 1H); 7.28 (m, 6H); 9.60 (br s, 1H).

EXAMPLES 32-108

The following examples (32-108) may be prepared according to the general procedures outlined in the Schemes and in Examples 1 to 31.

32. 4-(3-Benzyl-4-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₁₆O₅ 0.30 toluene:

C, 71.01; H, 5.46.

Found:

C, 71.05; H, 5.68.

5 33. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C18H16O5:

C, 69.22; H, 5.16.

Found:

C, 68.89; H, 5.10.

10

34. 4-(3-Benzyl-4-fluorophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C17H13FO4 0.15 H2O:

C, 67.38; H, 4.42.

15 Found:

C, 67.31; H, 4.16.

35. 4-(3-Benzyl-4-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C19H19NO4 1.42 TFA:

C, 55.61; H, 4.41; N, 3.03.

Found:

C, 55.51; H, 4.22; N, 2.95.

5 36. 4-[5-(2-Methylbenzyl)-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C20H20O6:

C, 67.41; H, 5.66.

Found:

C, 67.42; H, 5.57.

10

37. 2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-pyridin-2-ylmethylphenyl)butyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₃NO₄ 0.7 TFA:

C, 57.55; H, 3.80; N, 3.86.

15 Found:

C, 57.73; H, 3.84; N, 3.79.

38. 4-(5-Benzyl-3-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

20 Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₉NO₄ 1.35 TFA:

C, 57.40; H, 4.59; N, 3.19.

Found:

C, 57.66; H, 4.87; N, 3.03.

39. 4-(5-Benzyl-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

25

Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₁₆O₅ 0.15 H₂O:

C, 68.62; H, 5.22.

Found:

C, 68.59; H, 5.04.

40. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-benzyloxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C25H22O6 0.30 H2O:

C, 70.84; H, 5.37.

Found:

C, 70.82; H, 5.22.

5 41. 4-[5-(3-Methylbenzyl)-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C20H20O6:

C, 67.41; H, 5.66.

Found:

C, 67.33; H, 5.18.

10

42. 4-(5-Benzyl-3-benzyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₂₀O₅ 0.15 H₂O:

C, 73.69; H, 5.23.

15 Found:

C, 73.65; H, 5.30.

43. 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-hydroxy)ethoxyphenyl]-2,4- dioxo-2-butanoic acid

20 Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₈O₆:

C, 66.66; H, 5.30.

Found:

C, 66.69; H, 5.51.

44. 2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-pyridin-3-ylmethylphenyl)butyric acid

25

Anal. Calcd for C16H13NO4 1.1 TFA & 0.35 MeCN:

C, 53.65; H, 3.61; N, 4.47.

Found:

C, 53.56; H, 3.79; N, 4.47.

30 45. 4-[3-(3-Methyl-pyridin-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C16H13NO4 1 TFA:

C, 55.48; H, 3.92; N, 3.41.

Found:

C, 55.20; H, 4.01; N, 3.58.

5

46. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-methylsulfanylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₁₆O₅ 0.05 H₂O 0.20 HCl:

C, 64.23; H, 4.88.

10 Found:

C, 64.16; H, 4.76.

47. 4-(5-Benzyl-3-N-morpholinophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

15 Anal. Calcd for C₂₁H₂₁NO₅ 1 TFA 0.2 H₂O: C, 56.95; H, 4.66; N, 2.89.

Found:

C, 56.96; H, 5.18; N, 3.00.

48. 4-(8-Benzyl-4-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2h-benzo[1,4]oxazin-6-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

20

Anal. Calcd for C20H19NO5 0.15 MeCN 0.1 TFA:

C, 66.37; H, 5.31; N, 4.34.

Found:

C, 66.41; H, 5.58; N, 4.41.

25

 ${\bf 49.\ 4-[5-(2-Chlorobenzyl)-3-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric\ acid}$

Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₈ClNO₄ 0.15 hexane: C, 64.12; H, 5.44; N, 3.76. Found: C, 64.02; H, 5.43; N, 3.56.

50. 4-[5-(3-Chlorobenzyl)-3-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₈ClNO₄ 0.65 Et₂O:

C, 58.37; H, 5.78; N, 3.15.

Found:

C, 58.12; H, 5.45; N, 2.77.

10

51. 4-(5-Benzyl-2,3,4-trimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C₂₀H₂₀O₇ 0.15 H₂O:

C, 64.04; H, 5.46.

15 Found:

C, 63.98; H, 5.29.

52. 4-(6-Benzylbenzo[1,3]dioxol-4-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

20 Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₁₄O₆ 0.3 H₂O 0.1 Et₂O:

C, 65.16; H, 4.64.

Found:

C, 65.25; H, 4.65.

53. 4-[3-Benzyl-5-(morpholine-4-carbonyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

25

Anal. Calcd for C22H21NO6 0.25 CHCl3 0.15 hexane:

C, 63.45; H, 5.37; N, 3.20.

Found:

C, 63.42; H, 5.30; N, 3.20.

30 54. 4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyridine-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C23H19NO4 1.0 TFA 0.2 hexane:

C, 62.39; H, 4.19; N, 2.46.

Found:

C, 62.35; H, 4.55; N, 2.78.

5

55. 4-[3-Benzyl-5-(morpholinomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C22H23NO5:

C, 58.18; H, 4.88; N, 2.83.

10 Found:

C, 58.26; H, 4.76; N, 2.77.

56. 4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyridine-3-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

15 Anal. Calcd for C23H19NO4 1.0 TFA:

C, 61.60; H, 4.14; N, 2.87.

Found:

C, 61.65; H, 4.43; N, 2.92.

57. 4-[3-Benzyl-5-(2-dimethylamino-1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

20

Anal. Calcd for C22H25NO5 1.20 H2O:

C, 55.53; H, 5.51; N, 2.70.

Found:

C, 55.55; H, 5.23; N, 2.55.

25 58. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{19}NO_4$ 1.0 TFA 0.55 H_2O : C, 56.13; H, 4.73; N, 3.12.

Found:

C, 56.11; H, 4.67; N, 3.11.

59. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-fluorophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₁₃FO₄ 0.05 H₂O 0.05 Et₂O:

C, 67.75; H, 4.50.

5 Found: C, 67.83; H, 4.46.

60. 4-(5-Benzyl-3-hydroxymethyl-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

10 Anal. Calcd for C19H18O6: C, 66.66; H, 5.30.

Found:

C, 66.91; H, 5.39.

61. 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyrazin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

15

Anal. Calcd for C21H16N2O5 0.45 TFA 1.15 H2O:

C, 58.66; H, 4.21; N, 6.25.

Found:

C, 58.67; H, 4.15; N, 6.55.

20 62. 4-[3-Benzyl-5-(2-oxopiperidin-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C23H23NO5: C, 70.22; H, 5.89; N, 3.56.

25 Found: C, 69.86; H, 5.55; N, 3.40.

63. 4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(morpholinomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C23H25NO6:

C, 57.14; H, 4.99; N, 2.67.

Found:

C, 57.57; H, 5.34; N, 2.47.

64. 4-[3-(2-Chlorobenzyl)-5-pyridin-2-ylmethylphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C23H18ClNO4 1.0 H2O:

C, 64.86; H, 4.73; N, 3.29.

Found:

C, 64.89; H, 4.37; N, 2.97.

10

 $65. \ \ 4\hbox{-}[5\hbox{-}Benzyl\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}methoxy\hbox{-}3\hbox{-}(4\hbox{-}methyl)piperazin\hbox{-}1\hbox{-}ylmethyl)phenyl]\hbox{-}2,4\hbox{-}dioxobutyric acid }$

15 Anal. Calcd for C24H28N2O5 2.2 TFA:

C, 51.01; H, 4.57; N, 4.22.

Found:

C, 51.03; H, 4.52; N, 4.12.

66. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-methoxymethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

20

Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₈O₅ 0.10 hexane:

C, 70.27; H, 5.84.

Found:

C, 70.40; H, 5.48.

67. 4-[3-(2-Fluorobenzyl)-5-morpholinomethylphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric 25 acid

Anal. Calcd for C22H22NO5F 2.25 TFA 0.15 H2O:

C, 48.32; H, 3.76; N, 2.13.

30 Found:

C, 48.30; H, 3.77; N, 1.82.

68. 4-[3-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-5-morpholinomethylphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

5

Anal. Calcd for C22H22NO5F 1.05 TFA 0.15 H2O:

C, 55.46; H, 4.51; N, 2.68.

Found:

C, 55.48; H, 4.53; N, 2.43.

10 69. 4-[3-(3-Fluorobenzyl)-5-morpholinomethylphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C22H22NO5F 1.45 TFA 0.50 H2O:

C, 52.12; H, 4.30; N, 2.44.

15 Found:

C, 52.11; H, 4.29; N, 2.24.

70. 4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(tert-butylcarbamoyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

20

Anal. Calcd for C23H25NO7 0.25 EtOAc 0.05 Et2O:

C, 64.13; H, 6.12; N, 3.09.

Found:

C, 64.13; H, 6.10; N, 3.13.

25 71. 4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C₂₀H₁₇N₃O₄ 0.1 hexane:

C, 66.51; H, 4.99; N, 11.30.

Found:

C, 66.87; H, 4.87; N, 11.65.

72. 4-[5-Benzyl-3-(N'-methyl-N-piperazinyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C22H24N3O4:

C, 63.38; H, 6.04; N, 6.72.

5 Found:

C, 63.34; H, 6.12; N, 6.56.

73. 4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,4]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

10 Anal. Calcd for C₂₀H₁₇N₃O₄: C, 66.11; H, 4.72; N, 11.56.

Found:

C, 66.26; H, 4.99; N, 11.59.

74. 4-(6-Benzyl-3-oxo-3,4-dihydro-2-H-benzo[1,4]oxazin-8-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

15

Anal. Calcd for C19H15NO6 0.30 H2O:

C, 63.61; H, 4.38; N, 3.90.

Found:

C, 63.69; H, 4.51; N, 3.89.

20 75. 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyrimidin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C21H16N2O5 0.40 H2O 0.45 TFA:

C, 60.48; H, 4.00; N, 6.44.

25 Found:

C, 60.51; H, 3.96; N, 6.31.

76. 4-(5-Benzyl-3-amino-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

FAB MS M+1 = 345

77. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-ethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

5

Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₁₆O₅ 0.15 hexane:

C, 70.44; H, 5.97.

Found:

C, 70.62; H, 5.62.

78 . 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid $10\,$

Anal. Calcd for C23H25NO6 0.65 CH2Cl2 0.10 Et2O:

C, 60.93; H, 5.80; N, 2.95.

Found:

C, 61.11; H, 5.78; N, 2.75.

15

79. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-trifluoroethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₅F₃O₅ 0.05 Et₂O:

C, 60.05; H, 4.07.

20 Found:

C, 60.00; H, 4.08.

80. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclobutyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

25 Anal. Calcd for C₂₁H₂₀O₅ 0.05 H₂O 0.15 Et₂O:

C, 71.19; H, 5.97.

Found:

C, 71.20; H, 5.99.

81. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclopentyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C22H22O5 0.20 toluene 0.15 Et2O: C, 72.80; H, 6.39.

Found:

C, 72.81; H, 6.40.

82. 4-(3-Benzyl-5-tetrazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid 5

Anal. Calcd for C19H16N4O4: C, 61.99; H, 4.59; N, 14.91.

Found:

C, 62.00; H, 4.74; N, 14.88.

10 83. 4-(5-Benzyl-2,3-diisopropoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C23H26O6 0.2 hexane:

C, 69.92; H, 6.98.

Found:

C, 69.86; H, 6.99.

15

84. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-N-methylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C21H23NO5 0.10 TFA 0.90 H2O: 20

C, 55.28; H, 5.20; N, 2.80.

Found:

C, 55.26; H, 5.12; N, 2.82.

85. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxo-25 butyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C22H25NO5 0.10 TFA:

C, 57.95; H, 5.27; N, 2.82.

Found:

C, 58.09; H, 5.10; N, 2.83.

 $86. \ \ 4\hbox{-}[5\hbox{-}Benzyl\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}isopropoxy\hbox{-}3\hbox{-}(2\hbox{-}N,N\hbox{-}dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]\hbox{-}2,4\hbox{-}dioxobutyric acid}$

5 Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₂₉NO₆ 1.70 TFA 0.05 H₂O:

C, 52.89; H, 4.99; N, 2.25.

Found:

C, 52.92; H, 5.02; N, 2.01.

87. 4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(morpholinomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-10 butyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C₂₅H₂₉NO₆ 1.0 HCl:

C, 63.09; H, 6.35; N, 2.94.

Found:

C, 63.43; H, 6.46; N, 2.65.

15

88. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-N,N-dimethylaminomethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid

20 Anal. Calcd for C23H27NO5 0.10 TFA:

C, 58.70; H, 5.52; N, 2.74.

Found:

C, 58.42; H, 5.27; N, 2.45.

89. 4-(7-Benzylbenzo[1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid

25

Anal calc for C₁₈H₁₄O₆ .1 ethyl acetate

C, 65.94; H, 4.45

Found

C, 65.95; H, 4.84

90. 2-Hydroxy-4-oxo-4-(3-phenylindan-5-yl)but-2-enoic acid

5

Anal calc for $C_{19}H_{16}O_{4}$.05 $H_{2}O$

C, 73.79; H, 5.25

Found

C, 73.48; H, 5.33

10 91. 4-(Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid

Anal calc for $C_{24}H_{21}NO_4\,$.1 ethyl acetate

C, 73.95; H, 5.55; N, 3.54

Found

C, 73.69; H, 5.90; N, 3.22

15

92. 3-(3-Benzyl-5-carboxyacetylphenyl)-3-oxopropionic acid

Anal calc for C₁₉H₁₆O₆ 1.5 H₂O

C, 62.12; H, 5.21

Found

C, 61.98; H, 5.28

5 93. 4-(4-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Anal calc for C_{24}H$_{21}$NO$_4} & .05 \mbox{ ethyl acetate} & C, 74.17 \ ; \mbox{ } H, 5.51 \ ; \mbox{ } N, 3.57 \\ \mbox{Found} & C, 74.05 \ ; \mbox{ } H, 5.38 \ ; \mbox{ } N, 3.29 \\ \end{array}$

10 94. 4-(5-Benzyl-3-methoxy-2-mtethylthioethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calc'd for C21H22O6S: C, 62.67; H, 5.51

Found: C, 62.26; H, 5.65

mp: 99-100°C

5 95. 4-(7-Benzyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[1,4]dioxin-5-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calc'd for C₁₉H₁₆O₆: C, 67.05; H, 4.74

Found: C, 66.35; H, 4.87

mp: 154-155°C

10

96. (+/-) 4-(8-Benzyl-3-hydroxy-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzo[B][1,4]di-oxepin-6-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calc'd for C20H18O7: C, 64.06; H, 4.90

15 Found: C, 64.06; H, 5.14

mp: 182-183°C

97. 4-(2,3-Dimethoxy-5-pent-4-enylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calc'd for C17H20O6:

C, 63.74; H, 6.29

Found:

C, 64.05; H, 6.05

mp: 75-76°C

5

98. 4-(5-Cyclopropylmethyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calc'd for C16H18O6:

C, 62.74; H, 5.92

10 Found:

C, 62.75; H, 5.79

mp: 101-103°C

---p. 101 100 0

99. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,3]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

15

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.31-7.12 (m, 7H), 5.63 (s, 2H), 4.19 (m, 1H), 3.92 (s, 2H), 1.29 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H).

20 100. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,4]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

```
1H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.58 (s, 1H), 7.34-7.14 (m, 7H), 5.37 (s, 2H), 4.23 (m, 1H), 3.95 (s, 2H), 1.31 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H).
```

101. 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(3-N,N-dimethylaminopropoxy)-3-methoxyphenyl]-2,4-5 dioxobutyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C23H27NO6 0.40 HCl 0.25 Et2O:

C, 64.54; H, 6.75; N, 3.14.

10 Found:

C, 64.42; H, 6.76; N, 3.11.

102. 4-[3-(Phenyldifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

15 Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₁₂F₂O₄: C, 64.15; H, 3.80.

Found:

C, 64.29; H, 3.73.

103. 4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclopropyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

20

Anal. Calcd for C₂₀H₁₈O₅ 0.2 hexane:

C, 71.60; H, 5.90.

Found:

C, 71.78; H, 5.55

104. 4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(1-piperidinylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-25 butyric acid TFA salt

Anal. Calcd for C₂₆H₃₁NO₅ 1.15 TFA:

C, 59.77; H, 5.70; N, 2.46.

Found:

C, 59.68; H, 5.70; N, 2.33.

105. 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-dimethylamino-1-methylethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

5 Anal. Calcd for C22H25NO5 0.80 H2O 0.20 EtOAc:

C, 65.91; H, 6.84; N, 3.37.

Found:

C, 65.91; H, 6.91; N, 3.41.

106. 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid

Anal. Calcd for C23H25NO5 1.7 H2O 0.30 EtOAc:

C, 64.23; H, 6.86; N, 3.10.

15 Found:

C, 64.23; H, 6.62; N, 3.08.

107. 4-[3-Benzyl-5-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid

20 Anal. Calcd for C₂₈H₂₉N₂O₄ 0.5 HCl:

C, 70.83; H, 6.00; N, 5.62.

Found:

C, 70.73; H, 6.00; N, 5.62.

108. 4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(pyridin-2-ylaminomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-25 dioxo-butyric acid

Anal. Calcd for $C_{26}H_{26}N_{2}O_{5}$ 1.25 $H_{2}O$ 0.15 methyl t-butyl ether:

C, 66.62; H, 6.33; N, 5.81.

30 Found:

C, 66.58; H, 6.09; N, 5.43.

EXAMPLE 109

(6-Benzyloxy-1-oxo-indan-2-ylidene)-hydroxyacetic acid AVIII-3-1

Step 1: 6-Benzyloxyindan-1-one AVIII-1-1

To a solution of 6-hydroxy-indan-1-one (J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 1, 1984, 4, 687-695) (29g, 196 mmole) in DMF (250 mL), was added under a N2 atmosphere at ambient temperature K2CO3 (69.1g, 500 mmole) and benzyl bromide (27.7 mL, 250 mmole). The reaction was set to reflux for 4 hours. The mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature, poured into water, extracted with CH2Cl2, the organic layer was separated and dried with MgSO4, the solvent evaporated and the product purified by chromatography over silica to obtain AVIII-1-1 as a yellowish solid. 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.45-7.3 (m, 6H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 3.05 (m, 2H), 2.7 (m, 2H). mass spec EI: m/z (relative abundance) 238 (M+), 91 (100).

Step 2: (6-Benzyloxy-1-oxo-indan-2-ylidene)-hydroxyacetic acid ethyl ester AVIII-2-1

To a solution of AVIII-1-1 (1.9, 8 mmole) and diethyl oxalate (Aldrich, 2.17 mL, 16 mmole) in THF (8 mL) was added in portions NaOEt (Aldrich, 1.088g, 16 mmole). The reaction was stirred at ambient temperature under a N2 atmosphere for 1.5 hours. The reaction was diluted with CH2Cl2, quenched with saturated NaHCO3 (aq), the organic layer was separated and dried with MgSO4, the mixture was filtered, the solvent evaporated and the crude purified by preparative silica HPLC

eluting with 10:30:60 EtOAc / CH₂Cl₂ / Hexanes to afford the product as a yellow solid. melting point 118-119°C (uncorrected). 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48-7.30 (m, 8H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 4.41 (q, J=7.24 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 2H), 1.43 (t, J=7.24 Hz, 3H). mass spec EI: m/z (relative abundance) 338 (M+), 91 (100).

Step 3: (6-Benzyloxy-1-oxo-indan-2-ylidene)-hydroxyacetic acid AVIII-3-1

5

A solution of <u>AVIII-2-1</u> (500mg, 1.47 mmole) in 1,4-dioxane (3 mL) and 3N HCl (3 mL) was heated in a sealed tube at 70°C overnight. The reaction was then allowed to cool to ambient temperature and poured into 1N HCl (25 mL), the solid was filtered, dried under vacuum and the product purified by trituration with Et₂O / hexanes to afford <u>AVIII-3-1</u>
as a yellow solid. melting point 188-189°C (uncorrected). 1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 7.56 (d, J=8.4, 1H), 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.33 (m, 5H), 5.21 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 2H). mass spec (FAB, m+1) 311

EXAMPLE 110

20 1-[1-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-6-indolyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AVII-3-1

Step 1: 6-Bromo-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)indole

5

10

20

25

A solution of 6-bromoindole (J. Org. Chem. 1986, 51, 5106) (3.00 g, 15.3 mmol) in DMF (65 mL) was treated with NaH (734 mg of a 60% suspension in mineral oil, 18.4 mmol). After 30 min, 4-fluorobenzyl bromide (1.90 mL, 15.3 mmol) was added. When starting material was consumed, the reaction mixture was poured into 1N HCl and extracted with EtOAc (3x), the combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. Chromatography of the residue (4:1/hexanes:EtOAc) provided the product.

1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 87.49 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.21 (dd, L = 8.4 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08.704 (m, 2H), 7.15 c.06 (m, 2H), 6.70 (d. m, 2H), 7.08.704 (m, 2H), 7.15 c.06 (m, 2H), 6.70 (d. m, 2H), 6.70

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.21 (dd J = 8.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08-7.04 (m, 3H), 7.15-6.96 (m, 2H), 6.52 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H). mass spec (EI, M+) 303, 305

15 Step 2: 1-[1-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-6-indolyl]-ethanone AVII-1-1

To a solution of 6-bromo-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)indole (2.50 g, 8.20 mmol) in THF (40 mL) at -78 °C was added t-butyllithium (10.6 mL of a 1.7 M solution in pentane, 18.0 mmol) dropwise. After stirring at -78 °C for 30 min, N-methoxy-N-methylacetamide (1.20 g, 12.3 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 2 h and rt for 1 h before adding sat. NH4Cl (5 mL). The reaction mixture was poured onto water and extracted with EtOAc (3x). The combined organic extracts were washed with sat. NaCl and dried (MgSO4). Concentration followed by chromatography of the residue (4:1/hexanes:EtOAc) provided 750 mg (34%) of product.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.74 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 7.12-7.07 (m, 2H), 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (s, 2H), 2.63 (s, 3H).

5 Step 3: 1-[1-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-6-indolyl]- 2,4-dioxobutanoic acid methyl ester AVII-2-1

To a solution of AII-1-1 (700 mg, 2.60 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added dimethyl oxalate (460 mg, 3.90 mmol) followed by NaH (156 mg of a 60%suspension in mineral oil, 3.90 mmol). Methanol (2 drops) was added 10 and the reaction mixture was heated to reflux. After 1 h, 1 N HCl (20 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with CH2Cl2 (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with sat. NaCl (20 mL) and dried (MgSO₄). Concentration followed by medium-pressure liquid chromatography on silica gel, eluting with 5:5:1/ 15 CH2Cl2:hexanes:EtOAc, afforded 597 mg (65%) of product. 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.76 (dt, J = 8.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.4) Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, J = 3.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (s, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J = 8.4, 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (s, 2H), 3.95 (s, 20 3H).

Step 4: 1-[1-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-6-indolyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AVII-

To a solution of AVII-2-1 (597 mg, 1.69 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added 1 N NaOH (5 mL). After stirring for 14 h at rt, the mixture was poured into 1 N NaOH (20 mL) and extracted with Et₂O (3 x 20 mL). The Et₂O

extracts were discarded. The aqueous phase was treated with 3 N HCl (30 mL), extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL) and the combined organic extracts dried (MgSO₄). Concentration provided a bright red solid which was triturated with Et₂O to provide the product. mp 173-174 °C (uncorrected). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 8.37 (s, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (dt, J = 8.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J = 8.7, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 7.15 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.63 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (s, 2H). mass spec (negative mode electrospray, M-H) 338

10

EXAMPLE 111

1-[1-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-4-indolyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid AVII-3-2 Compound AVII-3-2 was prepared in a manner similar to that described for AVII-3-1 by replacing 6-bromoindole with 4bromoindole (J. Org. Chem. 1986, 51, 5106).

15

mp 156-157 °C (uncorrected). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, d_6 -DMSO) δ 7.88 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.17-7.11 (m, 4H), 5.52 (s, 2H). mass spec (negative mode electrospray, M-H) 338

20

EXAMPLE 112

4-[1-(2.6-Difluorobenzyl)-1*H*-indol-6-yl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

25

ES MS Exact Mass Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₃F₂NO₄+H 358.0885

Found

358.0887

EXAMPLE 113

4-(1-Benzyl-1H-indol-6-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

5

$$CO_2H$$

Anal. Calcd for C19H15NO4 0.75 HCl 0.05 H2O:

C, 65.27; H, 4.57; N, 4.01.

Found:

C, 65.26; H, 4.25; N, 3.87.

10

EXAMPLE 114

4-(5-Benzyl-2-methoxypyridin-3-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid

15 Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₁₅NO₅ 0.05 Et₂O 0.05 H₂O:

C, 64.98; H, 4.95; N, 4.41.

Found:

C, 64.91; H, 4.89; N, 4.15.

EXAMPLE 115

The Compounds in the following Table were made according to the procedures outlined in the Schemes and in Examples 1 to 31.

COMPOUND NAME	EXACT MASS CALC (m/z):	FOUND (m/z):
4-[3-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	319.0776	319.0781
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2,6-difluoro- benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid	NH4+ 336.1042	336.1063
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-4-6- trifluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]- butyric acid (sodium salt)	NH4+ 354.0948	354.0955
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-fluoro-3-choro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₂ ClFO ₄ NH ₄ + 352.0746	352.0763
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-methyl-4-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid	NH4+ 332.1293	332.1307

4-[3-(2,3-dichloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₂ Cl ₂ O ₄ .NH ₄ + 368.0451	368.0443
4-[3-(2-chloro-3-methylbenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₈ H ₁₅ ClO ₄ .NH ₄ + 348.0997	348.1015
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid	NH4+ 368.0451	368.046
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2,3,4,5,6-penta-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid	NH4+ 390.0759	390.0775
4-[3-(2-fluorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₃ FO ₄ .NH ₄ 318.1136	318.1133
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-choro-4-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid	NH4+ 352.0746	352.0752

4-[3-(2- methylbenzyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₈ H ₁₆ O ₄ .NH ₄ + 314.1387	314.1395
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenyl]buty ric acid	NH ₄ + 330.1336	330.135
4-[3-(2- chlorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₃ ClO ₄ .NH ₄ + 334.0841	334.0854
4-[3-(2- bromobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₃ BrO ₄ .NH ₄ + 378.0335	378.034
4-[5-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	361.1082	361.109
4-[3-(3-chloro-2-methyl- benzyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₈ H ₁₅ ClO ₄ .NH ₄ + 348.0997	348.1013

4-[3-(2,3-difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₂ F ₂ O ₄ .NH ₄ + 336.1042	336.1044
4-(3,5-dibenzylphenyl)-2,4- dioxo-butyric acid	C ₂₄ H ₂ 0O ₄ .NH ₄ + 390.1700	390.171
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2- trifluoromethylbenzyl)phen yl]butyric acid	NH ₄ + 368.1104	368.1111
4-[3-(4- fluorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₃ FO ₄ 301.0876	301.0885
4-[3-(3- chlorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₃ ClO ₄ .NH ₄ + 334.0841	334.0847
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-bromo-3- chloro-benzyl)-phenyl]- butyric acid	NH4+ 411.9946	411.9944

4-(3-benzylphenyl)-2,4- dioxo-butyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₄ O ₄ .NH ₄ + 300.123	300.124
4-[3-(2-fluoro-3-methyl- benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid sodium salt	315.1027	315.1034
4-[3-(3-chloro-4-fluoro- benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₂ ClFO ₄ .NH ₄ + 352.0746	352.0733
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-bromo-4-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid	NH ₄ + 396.0241	396.0247
4-[3-(3- bromobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₃ BrO ₄ 361.0075	361.0101
4-[3-(2,5-difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₂ F ₂ O ₄ .NH ₄ + 336.1042	336.1046

4-[3-(5-chloro-2-fluoro- benzyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₂ ClFO ₄ .NH ₄ + 352.0746	352.0753
4.50.60		
4-[3-(3- methylbenzyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₈ H ₁₆ O ₄ 297.1121	297.112
4-(3-benzyl-4-methyl- phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	297.1121	297.1142
4-[3-(3,4-difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	319.0776	319.078
4-[3-(2,5-dichloro-benzyl)-	C17H10CloO4NIU4	900 0405
phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	C17H12Cl2O4.NH4+ 368.0451	368.0465
4-[3-(2-chloro-6-methylbenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₈ H ₁₅ ClO ₄ .NH ₄ + 348.0997	348.1012

2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2- trifluoromethyl-4-chloro- benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid	NH ₄ + 386.1010	386.1009
4-[3-(2-bromo-5-chloro- benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₂ BrClO ₄ .NH ₄ + 411.9947	411.9966
4-(3-naphthalen-1- ylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid	333.1121	333.1121
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(3-fluorobenzyl)phenyl]butyric acid	NH4+ 318.1136	318.114
2,4-dioxo-4-(3- phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)- butyric acid	301.0535	301.0524
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]butyric acid	NH4+ 314.1387	314.1401

4-(3-benzyl-4,5-dimethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	311.1278	311.1293
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(3- methoxybenzyl)phenyl]buty ric acid	NH ₄ + 330.1336	330.1341
4-[3-(5-methyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid	NH4+ 320.0951	320.0967
4-[3-(5-chloro-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	NH ₄ + 340.0405	340.0418
4-(3-benzyl-5- methylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid	297.1121	297.1127
4-[3-(2- cyanobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxo-butyric acid	NH4+ 325.1183	325.1157

WO 99/62520	PCT/US99/12093

Methyl 4-[3-benzylphenyl]- 2,4-dioxobutyrate	C ₁₈ H ₁₆ O ₄ 297.1121	297.113
4-[3-(3,5-dichloro-benzyl)- phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	351.0185	351.0167
4-(5-benzyl-2,4-dioxo-dimethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	311.1278	311.1298
4-(5-benzyl-2- methylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid	297.1121	297.1123
4-(3-cyclohexylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	289.1434	289.1449
4-{3-[(methyl-phenyl- amino)-methyl]-phenyl}- 2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	312.123	312.1235

4-[3-benzyl-5-(5-hydroxy- pentyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid	369.1696	369.1688
4-(3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-yl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	NH4+ 378.1448	378.1455
4-[3-(3-tert-butoxy-2-hydroxy-propyl)-5-(2-methyl-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	427.2115	427.213
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2,3-dimethoxy-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid	NH4+ 360.1442	360.1451
4-[3-(methoxyphenyl- methyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₈ H ₁₆ O ₅ .NH ₄ + 330.1336	330.1344

4-[3-[hydroxy-(tetrahydro- furan-3-yl)-methyl]-5-(2- methyl-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4- dioxo-butyric acid	C ₂₃ H ₂₄ O ₆ .NH ₄ + 414.1917	414.1911
2,4-dioxo-4-(3- phenoxymethyl-phenyl)- butyric acid	299.0914	299.0924
2,4-dioxo-4-(3- phenoxymethyl-phenyl)- butyric acid methyl ester	313.107	313.1096
4-[3-benzyl-5- (cyclopropylcarboxamido)- phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid	C ₂₁ H ₉ NO ₅ .NH ₄ + 383.1601	383.1601
4-[3-benzyl-5-(t-butoxycarbamoyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid	C ₂₂ H ₂₃ NO ₆ .NH ₄ + 415.1863	415.1867

4-[3-(hydroxy-phenyl-methyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₄ O ₅ 299.0919	299.0905
4-(5-benzyl-2,3- dimethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid sodium salt	311.1278	311.1275
N-[3-(3,5-dibromobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₂ Br ₂ O ₄ NH ₄ + 455.9440	455.9461
4-[3-(2-methyl-benzyl)-5- pyrimidin-2-yl-phenyl]-2,4- dioxo-butyric acid methyl ester	389.1496	389.149
4-[3-benzyl-2-(pyrimidin-2-ylamino)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid hydrochloride	C ₂₁ H ₂ 0N ₃ O ₄ 376.1306	376.1292

4-[3-benzoimidazol-1-ylmethyl-5-(2-methyl-benzyl)-phenyl]2,4-dioxobutyric acid TFA salt	427.1652	427.1648
2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(3- trifluoromethylbenzyl)phen yl]butyric acid	CHN +0.75 HCl C:57.24; H: 3.67	C: 57.38; H, 4.03
4-(4-phenoxy-phenyl)-2,4- dioxo-butyric acid	285.0757	285.0763
2,4-dioxo-4-(3-[1,2,3]triazol- 2-ylmethyl-phenyl)-butyric acid	C ₁₃ H ₁₁ N ₃ O ₄ .Na 296.0642	296,0645
4-[3-benzyl-5-(6-methoxy-pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	390.1336	390.1361

4-(3-benzotriazol-2- ylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid	324.0984	324.0978
4-[3-benzyl-5-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-pyrazin-6-yl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid	459.2027	459.2014
4-[4-(3-phenethyl)phenyl]- 2,4-dioxobutyric acid	297.1121	297.1124
4-[4-(3- chlorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxobutyric acid	C ₁₇ H ₁₃ ClO ₄ .NH ₄ + 334.0841	334.0854
4-(3-benzoimidazol-1- ylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid trifluoracetic acid salt	323.1026	323.1033

4-[3-benzyloxy-5-(6-tert- butoxycarbonylamino- hexyloxy)phenyl]-2- hydroxy-4-oxo-but-2-enoic acid methyl ester	528.2604	528.2592
4-(3-benzotriazol-1- ylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid	274.0822	274.0825
4-[3-(3,5-dimethyl-pyrazol- 1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-2,4- dioxo-butyric acid	C16H16N2O4 301.1183	301.1196
4-[3-benzyloxy-5-(2-morphonin-4-yl-ethoxy)phenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxo-but-2-enoic acid TFA salt	428.1704	428.1695
4-(4-methyl-3-phenoxy- phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	299.0914	299.0914

4-[3-(2-hydroxy-benzyl)- phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	316.118	316.1177
4-[3-benzyl-5-(6-dimethylamino-pyrazin-2-yl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid	404.1605	404.162

EXAMPLE 116

HIV Integrase Assay: Strand Transfer Catalyzed by Recombinant Integrase and Preintegration Complexes

Assays for the strand transfer activity of integrase were conducted according to Wolfe, A.L. et al., J. Virol. 70, 1424 (1996), and Farnet, C.M. and Bushman F.D. (1997) Cell; 88, 483 for recombinant integrase and preintegration complexes, respectively, hereby incorporated by reference for these purposes.

Representative compounds tested in the integrase assay demonstrated IC50's less than 1 micromolar. Further, representative compounds tested in the preintegration complex assay also demonstrated IC50's of less than 1 micromolar.

EXAMPLE 117

15 Assay for inhibition of HIV replication

Assays for the inhibition of acute HIV infection of T-lymphoid cells was conducted according to Vacca, J.P. et al., (1994), Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91, 4906, herein incorporated by reference for these purposes.

Representative compounds tested in the present assay demonstrated IC95s of less than 10 micromolar.

EXAMPLE 118

Oral Composition

As a specific embodiment of an oral composition of a compound of this invention, 50 mg of a compound of the present invention is formatted with sufficient finely divided lactose to provide a total amount of 580 to 590 mg to fill a size 0 hard gelatin capsule.

While the foregoing specification teaches the principles of the present invention, with examples provided for the purpose of illustration, it will be understood that the practice of the invention encompasses all of the usual variations, adoptions, or modifications, as come within the scope of the following claims and their equivalents.

35

5

10

20

25

WHAT IS CLAIMED:

1. A compound of structural formula (I):

$$R^8$$
 A
 R^9
 O
 O
 O
 O

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof,

5 wherein:

A is a six-membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring containing 0, 1, or 2 nitrogen heteroatoms substituted on carbon or nitrogen by R^1 , R^2 , R^8 , and R^9 ;

optionally the aromatic ring may be fused with another ring system to

10 form:

 R^1 is selected from:

- 15 (1) -H,
 - (2) -C₁₋₅ alkyl,
 - (3) -C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁷,
 - (4) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁷,
 - (5) $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-SR7,
- 20 (6) -CF3 or -CH2CF3,
 - (7) -halo,
 - (8) $-NO_2$,

```
-C0-3 alkyl -N(R^4)(R^5),
               (9)
                       -R6.
               (10)
                       -C2-5 alkenyl-R3,
               (11)
                      -C2-5 alkynyl-R3,
               (12)
  5
                      -O-R6,
               (13)
                      -O-C1-6 alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms
               (14)
                      may be replaced with fluorine atoms,
               (15)
                      -O-C_{1-6} alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR7;
              (16)
                      -O-C_{2-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>4</sup>)(R<sup>5</sup>);
10
              (17)
                      -S-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl;
              (18)
                      -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OR^7;
                      -CH2-CH(OH)-CH2-O-R7; and
              (19)
              (20)
                      -C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5)
       R<sup>2</sup> is selected from:
15
              (1)
                      -H,
              (2)
                      -R3,
              (3)
                      -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                      -C1-6 alkyl substituted with R3, wherein one or more of the
              (4)
                      hydrogen atoms on C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl may be replaced with a
20
                      fluorine atom,
              (5)
                      -C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl,
                      -O-R6.
              (6)
              (7)
                      -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-OR<sub>6</sub>,
              (8)
                      -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl- SR<sub>6</sub>,
25
              (9)
                      -S(O)_n-R6
              (10)
                      -C_{1-6} alkyl (OR_6)(R_4),
              (11)
                      -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R^4)(R^6),
              (12)
                      -C_{1-6} alkyl S(O)_{n-R6},
              (13)
                      -C<sub>0</sub>-6 alkyl C(0)-R<sub>6</sub>,
30
              (14)
                     -C_{0-6} alkyl C(O)CH_2-C(O)-OH,
              (15)
                      -C_{1-6} alkyl C(S)-R<sup>6</sup>,
                     -C1-6 alkyl NR4C(O)-R6,
              (16)
              (17)
                     -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-C(O)N(R^4)(R^5), and
              (18)
                     -CH_2(OR^7)-R6;
```

each R3 is independently selected from:

(1) a 5 or 6 membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring, containing 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, unsubstituted or substituted on nitrogen or carbon by 1 to 5 substituents selected from:

(a) halogen,

5

10

15

20

30

- (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (d) phenyl,
- (e) $-S-C_{1-6}$ alkyl,
- (f) -CN,
- (g) hydroxy,
- (h) phenyloxy,
- (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$,

- **(j**)
- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (iii) -CF3, and
 - (iv) hydroxy;
- 25 (2) a 3 to 6 membered saturated ring containing 0, 1 or 2
 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur,
 unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected
 from:
 - (a) halogen,
 - (b) C_{1-6} alkyl,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
 - (d) -CF3,
 - (e) -OCF3,

•		(f) -CN,
		(g) =0,
		(h) benzyl, and
		(i) hydroxy;
5	(3)	unsubstituted or substituted hexahydrothieno[3,4-
		d]imidazolyl with one or two substituents selected from:
		(a) oxo,
		(b) halogen,
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
10		(d) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(e) -CF3,
		(f) -OCF3,
		(g) -CN, and
		(h) hydroxy;
15 ((4)	a 5 or 6 membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring,
		containing 0, 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from oxygen,
		nitrogen and sulfur, fused with a phenyl ring; wherein the
		ring system is unsubstituted or substituted on a nitrogen o
		carbon atom by 1 to 3 substituents selected from:
20		(a) -halogen,
		(b) -C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c) -C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d) -CF3,
		(e) -OCF3,
25		(f) -CN, and
		(g) -hydroxy;
	(5)	a 3 to 6 membered saturated ring containing 0, 1 or 2
		heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, fuse
		with a phenyl ring, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or
30		substituents selected from:
		(a) halogen,
		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d) -CF3,
35		(e) -OCF3,

(f) -CN, (g) =0, and (h) hydroxy; a 5 to 6 membered ring containing 0, 1 or 2 heteroatoms (6) 5 selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, containing 2 or 3 double bonds, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or 2 substituents selected from: (a) halogen, (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, 10 (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-, (d) -CF3, (e) -OCF3, **(f)** -CN, (g) =0, and 15 (h) hydroxy; and a 5 to 6 membered ring containing 0, 1 or 2 heteroatoms **(7)** selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, containing 2 or 3 double bonds, fused with a phenyl ring, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or 2 substituents selected from: 20 (a) halogen, **(b)** C₁₋₆ alkyl, (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-, (d) -CF₃, (e) -OCF3, 25 -CN, **(f)** (g) =0, and (h) hydroxy; and each R4 is independently selected from: **(1)** -H, 30 **(2)** -C₁₋₄ alkyl, (3) -CF3, -R3. **(4)** (5) -C2-3 alkenyl, **(6)** -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³,

-C2-3 alkenyl-R3,

35

(7)

- (8) $-S(O)_n-R^3$, and
- (9) $-C(O)-R^3$;

each R5 is independently selected from:

- (1) -H,
- 5 (2) -C₁₋₃ alkyl,
 - (3) -CF3,
 - (4) -R³,
 - (5) -C2-3 alkenyl,
 - (6) $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl- R^3 ,
- 10 (7) -C2-3 alkenyl-R³,
 - (8) $-S(O)_n-R^3$,
 - (9) $-C(O)-R^3$,
 - (10) -C(O)OR4, and
 - (11) -C(O)C(O)OH;
- each R6 is independently selected from:
 - (1) $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl- R^3 , and
 - (2) $-R^3$;

each R7 is independently selected from:

- (1) -H, and
- 20 (2) -C₁₋₆ alkyl;

R8 is selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) -O- C₁₋₆ alkyl and
- (3) C₁₋₆ alkyl;
- 25 R9 is selected from:
 - (1) -H,
 - (2) -O- C₁₋₃ alkyl,
 - (3) -OH, and
 - (4) oxo; and
- 30 each n is independently selected from 0, 1 and 2;

PROVIDED THAT when A is phenyl:

- (1) R1 is not R6 para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety; and
- (2) R² is not selected from:

5

- (a) phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
- (b) substituted phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
- (c) -C1-6 alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety, and
- (d) substituted -C₁₋₆ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety; and
- (3) at least one of R1, R2, and R8 is not:
 - (a) -H,
- 10 (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, or
 - (c) R3 wherein R3 is cycloalkyl; and
 - (4) and when R² is S(O)_nR⁶, and R⁶ is CH₂-R³ or R³, then R³ is not unsubstituted phenyl.
- 15 2. The compound according to Claim 1 of structural formula:

$$R^{8}$$
 A
 R^{9}
 O
 O
 O

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

20 A is selected from:

25

- (1) phenyl,
- (2) pyridyl,
- (3) naphthyl,
- (4) indolyl, provided that the aryl ring is substituted by the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety in structural formula (I),
 - (5)

(6) N

(7)

5 (8)

(9)

10 (10) N

(11)

(12)

15 (13) H

(14)

(15) NN

R1 is selected from:

- (1) -H,
- 5 (2) $-C_{1-5}$ alkyl,
 - (3) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-OR7;
 - (4) $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-OR7,
 - $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-SR7,
 - (6) -CF3 or -CH2CF3.
- 10 (7) -F, Cl, or Br,

15

20

- (8) -NO₂,
- (9) $-C_{0-3}$ alkyl $-N(R^4)(R^5)$,
- (10) -phenyl,
- (11) substituted phenyl substituted with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
 - (d) phenyl,
 - (e) -CF3,
 - (f) -OCF3,
 - (g) -CN,
 - (h) hydroxy,
 - (i) phenyloxy, and
- 25 (j) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (iii) -CF3, and
- 30 (iv) hydroxy;
 - (12) phenyl C₁₋₃ alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents independently selected from:

halogen, (a) (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen (c) atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, 5 (d) phenyl, -CF₃, (e) **(f)** -SCH₃, -CN, (g) (h) hydroxy, 10 (i) phenyloxy, $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R⁷)₂, **(j)** (k) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents (1)15 selected from: (i) halogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, (ii) -CF3, and (iii) (iv) hydroxy; 20 (13)-O-R6-O- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one to three (14)fluorine atoms, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR⁷; (15)(16) $-O-C_{2-6}$ alkyl-N(R4)(R5); 25 (17)-S-C₁₋₃ alkyl; $-C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OR7$; (18)-CH2-CH(OH)-CH2-O-R7; and (19) $-C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5);$ (20)R² is selected from: 30 **(1)** -H, **(2)** -R3, -C₁₋₆ alkyl,

(3)

-C₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with R³, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms on C₁₋₆ alkyl may be replaced with a fluorine atom,

- (5) -O-R6,
- 5 (6) -S-R6,
 - (7) $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl- SR_{6} ;
 - (8) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl $(OR_{6})(R_{4})$,
 - (9) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R⁴)(R⁶),
 - (10) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl S $-R_{6}$,
- 10 (11) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl $C(0)-R_{6}$,
 - (12) -C₀₋₆ alkyl C(O)CH₂-C(O)-OH,
 - (13) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl NR $^{4}C(O)$ -R6,
 - (14) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl- $C(O)N(R^4)(R^5)$, and
 - (15) $-CH_2(OR^7)-R^6$;

each R3 is independently selected from:

- (1) phenyl;
- (2) substituted phenyl with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,
- 20 (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom.
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (d) phenyl,
 - (e) -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (f) -CN,
 - (g) hydroxy,
 - (h) phenyloxy,
 - (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_{2}$,

30 (j)

25

(k) oxo, and

5

15

20

25

- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (iii) -CF3, and
 - (iv) hydroxy;
- (3) thienyl,
- (4) substituted thienyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:

10 (a) halogen,

- (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,

(d) phenyl,

- (e) $-S-C_{1-6}$ alkyl,
- (f) -CN,
- (g) hydroxy,
- (h) phenyloxy,
- (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_{2}$,

(j) N- CH

- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C_{1-6} alkyl,
 - (iii) -CF3, and
 - (iv) hydroxy;
- 30 (5) pyridyl,
 - (6) substituted pyridyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,

		(b)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen	
		(D)		
		(c)	atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen	
		(0)		
-		(1)	atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,	
5		(d)	phenyl,	
		(e)	-S-C ₁₋₆ alkyl,	
		(f)	-CN,	
		(g)	hydroxy,	
		(h)	phenyloxy,	
10		(i)	$-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R ⁷) ₂ ,	
		(j)		
			-N-CH	
			—N N-CH₃	
		(k)	oxo, and	
		(1)	substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents	
15		(*/	selected from:	
10			(i) halogen,	
			(ii) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,	
			(iii) -CF3, and	
			(iv) hydroxy;	
20	(7)	imida	azolyl,	
20	(8)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	(0)		abstituted imidazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two	
			ituents independently selected from:	
		(a) . (b)	halogen, C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen	
or.		(D)		
25		(c)	atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen	
		(6)		
		(1)	atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,	
		(d)	phenyl,	
		(e)	-S-C ₁₋₆ alkyl,	
30		(f)	-CN,	
		(g)	hydroxy,	
		(h)	phenyloxy,	
		(i)	$-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$,	

5

15

20

(j) N-CH₃

- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (iii) -CF3, and
 - (iv) hydroxy;

10 (9) pyrrolyl,

- (10) substituted pyrrolyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (d) phenyl,
 - (e) $-S-C_{1-6}$ alkyl,
- (f) -CN,
 - (g) hydroxy,
 - (h) phenyloxy,
 - (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^{7})_{2}$,

(j) N-CH₃

(k) oxo, and

- (1) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (iii) -CF3, and
 - (iv) hydroxy;

25

- (11) pyrazolyl,
- (12) substituted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,

5

- (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (d) phenyl,

10

- (e) $-S-C_{1-6}$ alkyl,
- (f) -CN,
- (g) hydroxy,
- (h) phenyloxy,
- (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$,

15

(j)

- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:

20

- (i) halogen,
- (ii) C_{1-6} alkyl,
- (iii) -CF3, and
- (iv) hydroxy;
- (15) piperidinyl,

25

- (16) substituted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,
 - (b) C_{1-6} alkyl,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,

30

- (d) -CF3,
- (e) -OCF3,
- (f) -CN,
- (g) = 0,

		(\mathbf{h})	benzyl, and
		(i)	hydroxy;
	(17)	mor	pholinyl,
	(18)	subs	tituted morpholinyl substituted at a carbon or nitrogen
5			with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from:
		(a)	halogen,
		(b)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d)	-CF3,
10		(e)	-OCF3,
		(f)	-CN,
		(g)	=O,
		(h)	benzyl, and
		(i) ·	hydroxy;
15	(19)	hexa	hydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazolyl,
	(20)	subst	tituted hexahydrothieno[3,4-d] substituted
			hydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazolyl with one or two
			tituents independently selected from:
	• .	(a)	oxo,
20		(b)	halogen,
		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(d)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(e)	-CF3,
		(f)	-OCF3,
25		(g)	-CN, and
		(h)	hydroxy,
	(21)	naph	thyl,
	(22)	subst	ituted naphthyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
			pendently selected from:
30	•	(a)	-halogen,
		(b)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d)	-CF ₃ ,
		(e)	-OCF ₃ ,
35		(f)	-CN, and

		(g) -nydroxy,
	(23)	indolyl,
,	(24)	substituted indolyl substituted on a carbon atom with one or
		two substituents independently selected from:
5		(a) -halogen,
		(b) -C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d) -CF3,
		(e) -OCF3,
10		(f) -CN, and
		(g) -hydroxy;
	(25)	C3-6 cycloalkyl fused with a phenyl ring
	(26)	substituted C ₃₋₆ cycloalkyl fused with a phenyl ring
	,	substituted on carbon with one or two substituents
15		independently selected from:
		(a) halogen,
		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
		(d) -CF3,
20		(e) -OCF3,
		(f) -CN,
		(g) = 0, and
		(h) hydroxy;
	(27)	pyrazinyl;
25	(28)	substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with
		one or two substituents independently selected from:
		(a) halogen,
	•	(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
30		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(d) phenyl,
		(e) -S-C ₁₋₆ alkyl,
		(f) -CN,
35		(g) hydroxy,

- (h) phenyloxy,
- (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R⁷)₂,

(j)

5

10

- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (iii) -CF3, and
 - (iv) hydroxy;
- (29) pyrimidinyl;
- (30) substituted pyrimidinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:

15 (a) halogen,

- (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,

20

30

- (d) phenyl,
- (e) -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
- (f) -CN,
- (g) hydroxy,
- (h) phenyloxy,
- 25 (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_{2}$,

(j)

- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,

- (iii) -CF3, and
- (iv) hydroxy;
- (31) triazolyl;

5

10

15

20

25

30

- (32) substituted triazolyl with one or two substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen,
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (d) phenyl,
 - (e) -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (f) -CN,
 - (g) hydroxy,
 - (h) phenyloxy,
 - (i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_{2}$,

(j)

- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (iii) -CF3, and
 - (iv) hydroxy;
- (33) tetrazolyl;
- (34) substituted tetrazolyl with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen,
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (d) phenyl,

```
(e) -S-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
(f) -CN,
(g) hydroxy,
(h) phenyloxy,
```

5

10

20

25

(i) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$,

(j)

(k) oxo, and

(l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:

(i) halogen,

(ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl,

(iii) -CF3, and

(iv) hydroxy;

15 (35) C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

(36) substituted C3-6 cycloalkyl substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from:

(a) halogen,

(b) C_{1-6} alkyl,

(c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,

(d) -CF3,

(e) -OCF3,

(f) -CN,

(g) = 0,

(h) benzyl, and

(i) hydroxy;

(37) tetrahydrofuran;

(38) substituted tetrahydrofuran substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from:

30 (a) halogen,

(b) C_{1-6} alkyl,

(c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,

(d) -CF3,

```
(e)
                            -OCF3,
                    (f)
                            -CN,
                            =0,
                    (g)
                    (h)
                            benzyl, and
 5
                    (i)
                            hydroxy;
             (39)
                    piperazinyl;
                    substituted piperazinyl substituted with one or two
             (40)
                    substituents independently selected from:
                    (a)
                            halogen,
10
                    (b)
                            C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                    (c)
                            C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyloxy-,
                    (d)
                           -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                    (e)
                           -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
                    (f)
                           -CN,
15
                    (g)
                            =0,
                    (h)
                           benzyl, and
                    (i)
                           hydroxy;
             (41)
                    benzotriazolyl,
             (42)
                    substituted benzotriazolyl substituted on a carbon atom with
                    one or two substituents independently selected from:
20
                    (a)
                            -halogen,
                    (b)
                           -C_{1-6} alkyl,
                    (c)
                           -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyloxy-,
                           -CF3,
                    (d)
25
                    (e)
                           -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
                    (f)
                           -CN, and
                    (g)
                           -hydroxy;
             (43)
                    benzoimidazolyl,
             (44)
                    substituted benzoimidazolyl substituted on a carbon atom
                    with one or two substituents independently selected from:
30
                    (a)
                            -halogen,
                    (b)
                           -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                    (c)
                           -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyloxy-,
                    (d)
                           -CF3,
```

(e) -OCF3, (f) -CN, and -hydroxy; (g) each R4 is independently selected from: 5 **(1)** -H, -C₁₋₄ alkyl, **(2)** (3)-CF3, -R3. **(4)** -C2-3 alkenyl, (5) -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³, 10 (6) - C_{2-3} alkenyl- R^3 , and **(7)** -C(O)-R³; (8) each ${\bf R}^{\bf 5}$ is independently selected from: **(1)** -H, 15 **(2)** -C₁₋₃ alkyl, -CF₃, (3) -R3, (4) -C2-3 alkenyl, (5) $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl- R^3 , **(6)** $-S(O)_n-R^3$, 20 **(7)** $-C(O)-R^3$, (8) -C(O)OR4, and (9) (10)-C(O)C(O)OH;each R^6 is independently selected from: 25 -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³, and **(1) (2)** -R3; each ${\bf R}^7$ is independently selected from: -H, and (1) (2)-C₁₋₆ alkyl; $\rm R^8$ is selected from hydrogen, methyl and -O- $\rm C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl; and 30 R⁹ is selected from: **(1)** -H,

(2)

(3)

-O-C₁₋₃ alkyl,

-OH, and

(4) oxo; and each n is independently selected from 0, 1 and 2;

PROVIDED THAT when A is phenyl:

5 (1) R^1 is not:

10

15

20

35

- (a) phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety.
- (b) substituted phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
- (c) C₁₋₃ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moeity, or
- (d) substituted -C₁₋₃ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moeity; and
- (2) R^2 is not selected from:
 - (a) phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
- (b) substituted phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
 - (c) -C₁₋₆ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety, and
 - (d) substituted -C₁₋₆ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety; and
 - (3) at least one of R^1 , R^2 , and R^8 is not:
 - (a) -H,
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, or
 - (c) R³ wherein R³ is cycloalkyl; and
- 25 (4) and when or R² is SR⁶, and R⁶ is CH₂-R³ or R³, then R³ is not unsubstituted phenyl.
 - 3. The compound according to Claim 2, and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:
- 30 A is selected from:
 - (1) phenyl,
 - (2) pyridinyl,
 - (3) indolyl, provided that 6-membered aromatic ring is substituted by the dioxobutyric moiety in structural formula (I);

(7)
$$H$$
, and

R1 is selected from:

10

- (1) -H,
- (2) $-CH_3$,
- (3) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-OR7;
- 15 (4) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁷,
 - $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-SR⁷,
 - (6) -CF3 or -CH2CF3,
 - (7) -Cl,
 - (8) -F,
- 20 (9) $-C_{0-3}$ alkyl $-N(R_4)(R_5)$,
 - (10) -phenyl,
 - (11) phenyl C₁₋₃ alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents independently selected from:

```
CH<sub>3</sub>,
                          (b)
                          (c)
                                   -OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                          (d)
                                   -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                          (e)
                                   -SCH<sub>3</sub>,
 5
                                   -CN,
                          (f)
                                   hydroxy, and
                          (g)
                                   -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                         -O-CH2-phenyl, wherein the phenyl group may be
                 (12)
                          unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
10
                          independently selected from:
                                   -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                          (a)
                          (b)
                                   CH<sub>3</sub>,
                          (c)
                                   -OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                          (d)
                                   -CF3,
15
                          (e)
                                   -SCH<sub>3</sub>,
                          (f)
                                   -CN,
                          (g)
                                   hydroxy, and
                          (h)
                                   -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                (13)
                          -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one to three
20
                          fluorine atoms,
                (14)
                          -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH;
                (15)
                          -O-C_{1-6} alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR<sup>7</sup>;
                (16)
                         -O-CH_2CH_2 N(CH_3)_2,
                (17)
                         -O-CH(CH_3)CH_2N(CH_3)_2,
25
                (18)
                         -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> NH<sub>2</sub>,
                          -O-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>,
                (19)
                (20)
                          -S-CH<sub>3</sub>,
                (21)
                         -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
                 (22)
                          -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-R<sup>7</sup>, and
30
                (23)
                          -C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5);
       R<sup>2</sup> is selected from:
                (1)
                          -H,
                          -R3,
                 (2)
                (3)
                          -CH<sub>3</sub>,
```

	(4)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyl substituted with R ³ , wherein one or more of the
		hydrogen atoms on C ₁₋₆ alkyl may be replaced with a
		fluorine atom,
	(5)	-O-R6,
5	(6)	-S-R6,
	(7)	-O-C ₁₋₆ alkyl- SR ⁶ ;
	(8)	$-C_{1-6}$ alkyl $(OR^6)(R^4)$,
	(9)	$-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^4)(R^6)$,
	(10)	$-C_{0-6}$ alkyl C(O)-R ⁶ ,
10	(11)	-C ₀₋₆ alkyl C(O)CH ₂ -C(O)-OH,
	(12)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyl $NR^4C(O)$ -R ⁶ ,
	(13)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)N(\mathbb{R}^4)(\mathbb{R}^5), and
	(14)	-CH2(OR7)-R6;
	each R3 is i	independently selected from:
15 (1) phenyl;		phenyl;
	(2)	substituted phenyl with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents
		independently selected from:
		(a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br,
		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
20		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,-,
		(d) -CN,
		(e) hydroxy, and
25		(f) oxo;
	(3)	thienyl,
	(4)	substituted thienyl substituted on carbon with one or two
		substituents independently selected from:
90		(a) halogen, selected from F, Cl, and Br,
30		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, and
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
	/ = \	atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom;
	(5)	pyridyl,

(6)substituted pyridyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from: (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br; (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen 5 atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen (c) atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, (d) hydroxy, and (e) oxo; 10 **(7)** imidazolyl, (8) pyrrolyl, (9)pyrazolyl (10)substituted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from: 15 (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br; (b) -CH₃, (c) -CF₃, (d) -OCH₃, (e) -OCF3, and 20 **(f)** hydroxy; (11)C3-6 cycloalkyl, (12) substituted C3-6 cycloalkyl with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from: (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br, 25 (b) CH₃, (c) methyloxy-, (d) -CF3, -OCF3, (e) -CN, **(f)** 30 (g) =0, and (h) hydroxy; (13)piperidinyl, (14)substituted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from: 35 (a) halogen selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br.

```
(b)
                         methyl,
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
                  (d)
                         -CF3,
                  (e)
                         -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
 5
                  (f)
                         =0, and
                  (g)
                         hydroxy;
            (15)
                  morpholinyl,
                  substituted morpholinyl substituted on carbon or nitrogen
            (16)
                  with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from:
10
                  (a)
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (b)
                         methyl,
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
                  (d)
                         -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                  (e)
                         -OCF3, and
15
                  (f)
                         hydroxy;
           (17)
                  hexahydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazolyl,
            (18)
                  naphthyl,
            (19)
                  substituted naphthyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
                  independently selected from:
20
                         -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (a)
                  (b)
                         methyl,
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
                  (d)
                         -CF3,
                  (e)
                         -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
25
                  (f)
                         -CN, and
                  (g)
                         -hydroxy,
            (20)
                  indolyl, and
            (21)
                  1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl,
            (22)
                  substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl substituted on
30
                  carbon with a substituent selected from:
                  (a)
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (b)
                         methyl,
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
                  (d)
                         -CF3,
35
                         -OCF3,
                  (e)
```

WO 99/62520

- (f) -CN,
- (g) = 0, and
- (h) hydroxy;
- (23) pyrazinyl;
- 5 (24) substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (c) C1-6 alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (d) hydroxy,
 - (e) phenyloxy,
 - (f) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$, and

15 (g)

10

20

25

- (25) pyrimidinyl;
- (26) substituted pyrimidinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,
 - (c) methoxy-, and
 - (d) phenyl,
- (27) triazolyl;
- (28) substituted triazolyl with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,
 - (c) methoxy-, and
 - (d) hydroxy,
- 30 (29) tetrazolyl;
 - (30) substituted tetrazolyl with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,

```
(c)
                          methoxy-, and
                   (d)
                          hydroxy,
            (31)
                   C3-6 cycloalkyl;
            (32)
                   substituted C3-6 cycloalkyl substituted with one or two
 5
                   substituents independently selected from:
                   (a)
                          halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br.
                   (b)
                         methyl,
                   (c)
                         methoxy-,
                   (d)
                         -CF3, and
10
                   (e)
                          -OCF3,
            (33)
                   tetrahydrofuran;
            (34)
                   substituted tetrahydrofuran substituted with one or two
                   substituents independently selected from:
                   (a)
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
15
                   (b)
                         methyl,
                   (c)
                         methoxy-,
                   (d)
                         -CF3, and
                   (e)
                         -OCF3,
            (35)
                  piperazinyl;
20
                   substituted piperazinyl substituted with one or two
            (36)
                   substituents independently selected from:
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (a)
                   (b)
                         C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                   (c)
                         C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyloxy-,
25
                  (d)
                         -CF3,
                   (e)
                         -OCF3,
                  (f)
                         benzyl, and
                  (g)
                         hydroxy;
            (37)
                  benzotriazolyl,
30
            (38)
                  substituted benzotriazolyl substituted on carbon with one or
                  two substituents independently selected from:
                  (a)
                         -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl. and -Br,
                  (b)
                         -methyl,
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
35
                  (d)
                         -CF3, and
```

```
-OCF<sub>3</sub>,
                     (e)
              (39)
                     benzoimidazolyl, and
              (40)
                     substituted benzoimidazolyl substituted on carbon with one
                     or two substituents independently selected from:
 5
                             -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl. and -Br,
                     (a)
                     (b)
                             -methyl,
                     (c)
                             methoxy-,
                            -CF3, and
                     (d)
                     (e)
                             -OCF3;
      each R4 is independently selected from:
10
                     -H,
              (1)
                     -C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,
              (2)
              (3)
                     -CF3,
                     -R3
              (4)
                     -C_{1-3} alkyl-R^3, and
15
              (5)
                     -C(O)-R^3;
              (6)
      each R<sup>5</sup> is independently selected from:
              (1)
                     -H.
              (2)
                     -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl,
20
              (3)
                     -CF3,
                     -R3,
              (4)
                     -C_{1-3} alkyl-R^3,
              (5)
                     -C(O)-R^3,
              (6)
                     -C(O)OR^4, and
             (7)
25
                     -C(O)C(O)OH;
              (8)
      each R6 is independently selected from:
                     -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>, and
              (1)
              (2)
                     -R<sup>3</sup>:
      each R7 is independently selected from:
30
              (1)
                     -H, and
                     -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
      \rm R^8 is selected from hydrogen, methyl and -O- \rm C_{1\text{-}6} alkyl; and
```

R⁹ is selected from:

-H,

(1)

	(2)	-O- C ₁₋₃ alkyl,
	(3)	-OH, and
	(4)	oxo; and
5	PROVIDED	THAT: when A is phenyl,
	(1)	R1 is not:
		(a) phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
		(b) substituted phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester
		moiety,
10		(c) C ₁₋₃ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester
		moeity, or
		(d) substituted -C ₁₋₃ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric
		acid/ester moeity; and
	(2)	R ² is not selected from:
15		(a) phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
		(b) substituted phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester
		moiety,
		(c) -C ₁₋₆ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester
		moiety, and
20		(d) substituted -C ₁₋₆ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric
		acid/ester moiety; and
	(3)	at least one of R ¹ , R ² , and R ⁸ is not:
		(a) -H,
		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl, or
25		(c) R3 wherein R3 is cycloalkyl; and
	(4)	and when R^2 is $SR6$, $R6$ is $R3$.

- 4. The compound according to Claim 3 and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:
- 30 R¹ is selected from:
 - (1) -H,
 - (2) -CH₃,
 - (3) -CH₂OCH₃,
 - (4) -OCH₂CH₂OH,

```
-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>,
                (5)
                (6)
                         -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>-OH,
                (7)
                         -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                          -F,
                (8)
                         -Cl,
 5
                (9)
                         -C_{0-3} alkyl -N(R^4)(R^5),
                (10)
                (11)
                         -phenyl,
                (12)
                         phenyl C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be
                         unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
10
                         independently selected from:
                                  -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                         (a)
                         (b)
                                  CH_3
                         (c)
                                  -OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                         (d)
                                  -CF<sub>3</sub>,
15
                         (e)
                                  -CN,
                         (f)
                                  hydroxy,
                         (g)
                                  -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                         -O-CH2-phenyl, wherein the phenyl group may be
                (13)
                         unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
20
                         independently selected from:
                                  -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                         (a)
                         (b)
                                  CH_3,
                         (c)
                                  -OCH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                         (d)
                                  -CF3,
25
                         (e)
                                  -CN,
                         (f)
                                  hydroxy,
                         (g)
                                -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                         -O-CH3,
                (14)
                (15)
                         -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>,
30
                (16)
                         -OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                (17)
                         -OCF3,
                (18)
                         -OCH(CH_3)_2,
                (19)
                         -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
                         -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR<sup>7</sup>,
                (20)
```

```
-O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
                (21)
                (22)
                        -O-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
                (23)
                        -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> NH<sub>2</sub>,
                        -O-CH(CH_3)CH_2NH_2,
                (24)
  5
                (25)
                        -S-CH<sub>3</sub>,
                (26)
                        -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
                (27)
                        -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-R<sup>7</sup>, and
               (28)
                        -C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5);
       R<sup>2</sup> is selected from:
10
               (1)
                        -H,
                        -R3.
               (2)
               (3)
                        -CH_2-R^3,
               (4)
                        -CH_2CH_2-R^3,
                       -CF_2-R^3,
               (5)
15
                       -CH(CH3)-R3,
               (6)
                        -O-R6,
               (7)
                        -S-phenyl,
               (8)
                        -C_{1-6} alkyl (OR_6)(R_4),
               (9)
                       -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R4)(R6),
               (10)
                        -C(O)-R^3
20
               (11)
               (12)
                       -C_{0-6} alkyl C(O)CH_2-C(O)-OH,
               (13)
                       -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl NR4C(O)-R6,
                       -CH(OCH3)R3, and
               (14)
                       -CH(OH)R^3:
               (15)
       each R<sup>3</sup> is independently selected from:
25
               (1)
                       phenyl;
                       substituted phenyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently
               (2)
                       selected from:
                       (a)
                                halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br,
30
                       (b)
                                -CH<sub>3</sub>,
                       (c)
                                methyloxy-,
                                ethyloxy-,
                       (d)
                       (e)
                                -OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                       (f)
                                -OCF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>,
```

```
-CF<sub>3</sub>,
                     (g)
                     (h)
                            -CH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                     (i)
                            -CF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>,
                            -OCF3,
                     (j)
 5
                     (k)
                            -CN, and
                     (1)
                            hydroxy;
             (3)
                     thienyl,
             (4)
                     substituted thienyl substituted on a carbon atom with a
                     substituent selected from:
10
                     (a)
                            F,
                     (b)
                            Cl, and
                     (c)
                            methyl;
             (5)
                     pyridyl,
             (6)
                     substituted pyridyl substituted on a carbon with a
15
                     substituent selected from:
                     (a)
                            -F,
                     (b)
                             -Cl,
                     (c)
                            -CH<sub>3</sub>,
                     (d)
                            -CF<sub>3</sub>,
20
                     (e)
                            -OCH<sub>3</sub>,
                     (f)
                            -OCF3,
                     (g)
                            hydroxy, and
                     (h)
                            oxo;
                     pyrazolyl
             (7)
25
             (8)
                     substituted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two
                     substituents independently selected from:
                     (a)
                            -F,
                     (b)
                            -Cl,
                            -CH3, and
                     (c)
30
                     (d)
                            -CF3;
             (9)
                     C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl,
             (10)
                     piperidinyl,
                     substituted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with a
             (11)
                     substituent selected from:
```

```
(a)
                         methoxy-,
                   (b)
                         -OCF3,
                   (c)
                         =0, and
                   (d)
                         hydroxy;
 5
            (12)
                  morpholinyl,
            (13)
                  naphthyl,
                  1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl,
            (14)
            (15)
                  pyrazinyl;
                  substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with
            (16)
10
                  a substituent selected from:
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (a)
                  (b)
                         methyl,
                         -CF3.
                  (c)
                  (d)
                         methoxy-,
15
                  (e)
                         -N(CH_3)_2, and
                  (f)
            (17)
                  pyrimidinyl,
            (18)
                  [1,2,3]-triazolyl,
20
            (19)
                  [1,2,4]-triazolyl,
            (20)
                  tetrazolyl;
            (21)
                  cyclopropyl,
            (22)
                  cyclobutyl,
            (23)
                  cyclopentyl,
25
            (24)
                  cyclohexyl,
            (25)
                  tetrahydrofuran,
            (26)
                  piperazinyl,
                  substituted piperazinyl substituted with a substituent
            (27)
                  selected from:
30
                  (a)
                         -F,
                         -Cl,
                  (b)
                  (c)
                         methyl,
                  (d)
                        -CF3, and
```

. (e) benzyl, (28)benzotriazolyl, (29)benzoimidazolyl, each R4 is independently selected from: 5 **(1)** -H, **(2)** -C₁₋₄ alkyl, (3) -CF3, -R3(4) - C_{1-3} alkyl- R^3 , and (5) $-C(O)-R^3$; 10 (6) each R5 is independently selected from: **(1)** -H, (2) -CH₃, (3)-CF₃, 15 **(4)** phenyl, (5) -benzyl, **(6)** -C(O)OR4, and -C(O)C(O)OH; **(7)** each R6 is independently selected from: -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³, and 20 **(1) (2)** -R3; each R7 is independently selected from: **(1)** -H, and (2)-C₁₋₆ alkyl; 25 R8 is selected from: **(1)** -H, **(2)** methoxy, and (3) -C₁₋₆ alkyl, and R9 is selected from: 30 **(1)** -H, -O- C₁₋₃ alkyl, **(2)** (3)-OH, and **(4)** oxo; and PROVIDED THAT: when A is phenyl, 35 **(1)** R^1 is not:

5

10

15

20

25

- (a) phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
- (b) substituted phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
- (c) C₁₋₃ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moeity, or
- (d) substituted -C₁₋₃ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moeity; and
- (2) \mathbb{R}^2 is not selected from:
 - (a) phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
 - (b) substituted phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety,
 - (c) -C₁₋₆ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety, and
 - (d) substituted -C₁₋₆ alkyl phenyl para to the dioxobutyric acid/ester moiety; and
- (3) at least one of R1, R2, R8 and R9 is not:
 - (a) -H,
 - (b) C1-6 alkyl, or
 - (c) R3 wherein R3 is cycloalkyl.

5. The compound according to Claim 4, wherein A is phenyl, and at least one of R¹, R², R⁸ and R⁹ is not hydrogen, and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

6. The compound according to Claim 1 of structural formula:

$$R^1$$
 R^2
 O
 O

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein: R^1 is selected from:

30 (1) -H,

```
-CH<sub>3</sub>,
               (2)
                       -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-OR<sup>7</sup>;
               (3)
                       -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-OR<sup>7</sup>,
               (4)
                       -0-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-SR<sup>7</sup>,
               (5)
 5
                       -CF3 or -CH2CF3,
               (6)
               (7)
                       -C1,
                       -F,
               (8)
                       -C_{0-3} alkyl -N(R^4)(R^5),
               (9)
               (10)
                       -phenyl,
10
               (11)
                       phenyl C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be
                       unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
                       independently selected from:
                               -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                       (a)
                               -CH<sub>3</sub>,
                       (b)
15
                               -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
                       (c)
                               -CF3,
                       (e)
                               -SCH<sub>3</sub>,
                       (f)
                               -CN,
                       (g) ·
                       (h)
                               hydroxy,
20
                       (i)
                               -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
               (12)
                       -O-CH2-phenyl, wherein the phenyl group may be
                       unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
                       independently selected from:
                               -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                       (a)
25
                       (b)
                               CH_3
                       (c)
                               -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, or -OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                               -CF3,
                       (e)
                               -SCH<sub>3</sub>,
                       (f)
                       (g)
                               -CN,
30
                               hydroxy,
                       (h)
                               -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                       -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one to three
               (13)
                       fluorine atoms,
               (14)
                       -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
```

```
(15)
                       -O-C_{1-6} alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR<sup>7</sup>,
               (16)
                       -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
               (17)
                       -O-CH(CH3)CH2N(CH3)2,
               (18)
                       -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> NH<sub>2</sub>,
 5
               (19)
                       -O-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>.
               (20)
                       -S-CH<sub>3</sub>,
               (21)
                       -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH
               (22)
                       -CH2-CH(OH)-CH2-O-R7, and
               (23)
                       -C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5):
10
      R<sup>2</sup> is selected from:
               (1)
                       -H,
               (2)
                       -R3,
               (3)
                       -CH3,
                       -C1-6 alkyl substituted with R3, wherein one or more of the
               (4)
15
                       hydrogen atoms on C1-6 alkyl may be replaced with a
                       fluorine atom,
                       -O-R6.
              (5)
               (6)
                       -S-R6.
              (7)
                       -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl- SR<sub>6</sub>,
                      -C1-6 alkyl (OR6)(R4),
20
              (8)
              (9)
                      -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R4)(R6),
              (10)
                      -C_{0-6} alkyl C(O)-R_{0}
              (11)
                      -C<sub>0-6</sub> alkyl C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>-C(O)-OH,
              (12)
                      -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl NR<sup>4</sup>C(O)-R<sup>6</sup>,
                      -C1-6 alkyl-C(O)N(R4)(R5), and
25
              (13)
              (14)
                      -CH<sub>2</sub>(OR<sup>7</sup>)-R<sup>6</sup>;
      each R3 is independently selected from:
              (1)
                      phenyl;
              (2)
                      substituted phenyl with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents
30
                      independently selected from:
                      (a)
                              halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br,
                      (b)
                              C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
                              atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
```

		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,-,
		(d)	-CN,
		(e)	hydroxy, and
5 ·		(f)	oxo;
	(3)	thien	yl,
	(4)	subst	ituted thienyl substituted on carbon with one or two
•		subst	ituents independently selected from:
		(a)	halogen, selected from F, Cl, and Br,
10		(p) .	C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
		(c)	atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, and C_{1-6} alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom;
(5) pyridyl,		pyrid	yl,
15 (6)		substituted pyridyl substituted on carbon with one or two	
		subst	ituents independently selected from:
		(a)	halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br;
		(b)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
20		(c)	C_{1-6} alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(d)	hydroxy, and
		(e)	oxo;
	(7)	imida	azolyl,
25 (8) pyrrolyl,		lyl,	
	(9)	pyraz	colyl
	(10)	subst	ituted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two
		subst	ituents independently selected from:
		(a)	halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br;
30		(b)	-CH ₃ ,
		(c)	-CF ₃ ,
		(d)	-OCH ₃ ,
		(e)	-OCF3, and
		(f)	hydroxy;

(11)C3-6 cycloalkyl, (12)substituted C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from: halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br, (a) 5 **(b)** CH_3 , (c) methyloxy-, -CF₃, (d) (e) -OCF₃, -CN, **(f)** 10 (g) =0, and (h) hydroxy; (13)piperidinyl, substituted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with one or (14)two substituents independently selected from: 15 halogen selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br, (a) (b) methyl, (c) methoxy-, -CF₃, (**d**) (e) -OCF3, 20 **(f)** =0, and (g) hydroxy; (15)morpholinyl, substituted morpholinyl substituted on carbon or nitrogen (16)with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from: 25 halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br, (a) (b) methyl, (c) methoxy-, (d) -CF₃, (e) -OCF3, and 30 **(f)** hydroxy; (17)hexahydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazolyl. (18)naphthyl, substituted naphthyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents (19)independently selected from:

(a) -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br, (b) methyl, (c) methoxy-, (d) -CF₃, 5 (e) -OCF3, **(f)** -CN, and (g) -hydroxy, indolyl, (20)(21)1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl, substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl substituted on 10 (22)carbon with a substituent selected from: halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br, (a) **(b)** methyl, (c) methoxy-, 15 (d) -CF3, -OCF3, (e) **(f)** -CN, =0, and (g) (h) hydroxy; 20 (23)pyrazinyl; substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with (24)one or two substituents independently selected from: (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br, (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen 25 atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen (c) atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, (d) hydroxy, phenyloxy, (e) 30 $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$, and **(f)** (g)

(25)

pyrimidinyl;

```
(26)
                   substituted pyrimidinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon
                   with a substituent selected from:
                   (a)
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (b)
                         methyl,
 5
                   (c)
                         methoxy-, and
                  (d)
                         phenyl,
            (27)
                  triazolyl;
            (28)
                  substituted triazolyl with a substituent selected from:
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
10
                  (b)
                         methyl,
                         methoxy-, and
                  (c)
                  (d)
                         hydroxy,
            (29)
                  tetrazolyl;
            (30)
                  substituted tetrazolyl with a substituent selected from:
15
                  (a)
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (b)
                         methyl,
                  (c)
                         methoxy-, and
                  (d)
                         hydroxy,
            (31)
                  C3-6 cycloalkyl;
20
            (32)
                  substituted C3-6 cycloalkyl substituted with one or two
                  substituents independently selected from:
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (a)
                  (b)
                         methyl,
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
25
                  (d)
                         -CF3, and
                  (e)
                         -OCF3.
                  tetrahydrofuran;
            (33)
            (34)
                  substituted tetrahydrofuran substituted with one or two
                  substituents independently selected from:
30
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (a)
                  (b)
                        methyl,
                  (c)
                        methoxy-,
                  (d)
                         -CF3, and
                  (e)
                         -OCF3,
35
           (35)
                  piperazinyl;
```

```
substituted piperazinyl substituted with one or two
             (36)
                    substituents independently selected from:
                    (a)
                           halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br.
                    (b)
                           C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                           C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyloxy-,
 5
                    (c)
                    (d)
                           -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                    (e)
                           -OCF3,
                    (f)
                           benzyl, and
                    (g)
                           hydroxy;
10
             (37)
                    benzotriazolyl,
             (38)
                    substituted benzotriazolyl substituted on carbon with one or
                    two substituents independently selected from:
                    (a)
                           -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl. and -Br,
                    (b)
                           -methyl,
15
                    (c)
                           methoxy-,
                    (d)
                           -CF3, and
                    (e)
                           -OCF3,
             (39)
                    benzoimidazolyl,
           (40)
                    substituted benzoimidazolyl substituted on carbon with one
20
                    or two substituents independently selected from:
                    (a)
                           -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl. and -Br,
                    (b)
                           -methyl,
                    (c)
                           methoxy-.
                    (d)
                           -CF3, and
25
                    (e)
                           -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
      each R4 is independently selected from:
             (1)
                    -H,
             (2)
                    -C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,
             (3)
                    -CF3,
30
                    -R3.
             (4)
             (5)
                    -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>, and
                    -C(O)-R^3:
             (6)
     each R^5 is independently selected from:
             (1)
                    -H,
35
             (2)
                    -C_{1-3} alkyl,
```

- (3) -CF₃,
- (4) -R³,
- (5) $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl- R^3 ,
- (6) $-C(O)-R^3$,
- 5 (7) -C(O)OR4, and
 - (8) -C(O)C(O)OH;

each R^6 is independently selected from:

- (1) -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³, and
- (2) $-R^3$;
- 10 each R7 is independently selected from:
 - (1) -H, and
 - (2) -C₁₋₆ alkyl;

PROVIDED THAT:

- (1) at least one of R^1 and R^2 is not:
- 15 (a) H,
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, or
 - (c) R³ wherein R³ is cycloalkyl; and
 - (2) when R^2 is SR^6 , R^6 is R^3 .
- 7. The compound according to Claim 1 of structural formula:

R¹ R⁸ OH

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein: \mathbb{R}^1 is selected from:

- 25 (1) -H,
 - (2) $-CH_3$,
 - (3) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-OR⁷;
 - (4) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁷,
 - (5) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-SR⁷,
- 30 (6) -CF₃ or -CH₂CF₃,

```
(7)
                      -Cl,
              (8)
                      -F.
              (9)
                      -C_{0-3} alkyl -N(R^4)(R^5),
                      -phenyl,
              (10)
 5
              (11)
                      phenyl C1-3 alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be
                      unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
                      independently selected from:
                             -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                      (b)
                             CH<sub>3</sub>,
10
                             -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
                      (c)
                      (d)
                             -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                      (e)
                             -SCH<sub>3</sub>,
                      (f)
                             -CN,
                             hydroxy, and
                      (g)
15
                      (h)
                             -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                      -O-CH2-phenyl, wherein the phenyl group may be
              (12)
                      unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
                      independently selected from:
                      (a)
                             -F, -Cl, or -Br,
20
                      (b)
                             -CH<sub>3</sub>,
                      (c)
                             -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
                      (d)
                             -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                      (e)
                             -SCH<sub>3</sub>,
                             -CN,
                      (f)
25
                             hydroxy, and
                      (g)
                             -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R^7)_2,
                     -O-C1-6 alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one to three
              (13)
                     fluorine atoms,
              (14)
                     -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
30
                     -O-C_{1-6} alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR<sup>7</sup>,
              (15)
              (16)
                     -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
              (17)
                     -O-CH(CH_3)CH_2N(CH_3)_2
              (18)
                     -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> NH<sub>2</sub>,
              (19)
                     -O-CH(CH3)CH2NH2,
35
                     -S-CH<sub>3</sub>,
              (20)
```

(21) $-C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH$ (22)-CH2-CH(OH)-CH2-O-R7, and (23) $-C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R_4)(R_5)$; R² is selected from: 5 (1) -H, (2)-R3, (3) -CH₃, -C1-6 alkyl substituted with R3, wherein one or more of the **(4)** hydrogen atoms on C1-6 alkyl may be replaced with a 10 fluorine atom, -O-R6, (5) -S -R6, (6)(7) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl- SR6; (8) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl $(OR_6)(R_4)$, $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R4)(R6), 15 (9)(10)-C₀₋₆ alkyl C(O)-R₆, (11) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl $C(O)CH_2-C(O)-OH$, (12)-C₁₋₆ alkyl NR⁴C(O)-R⁶, (13) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-C(O)N(R4)(R5), and 20 $-CH_2(OR^7)-R6$; (14)each R^3 is independently selected from: **(1)** phenyl, (2) substituted phenyl with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from: 25 (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br, (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen (c) atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,-, 30 (d) -CN, (e) hydroxy, and **(f)** oxo; (3) thienyl,

	(4)	substituted thienyl substituted on carbon with one or two	
•			ituents independently selected from:
•		(a)	halogen, selected from F, Cl, and Br,
		(b)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
5		(c)	atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, and C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
•			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom;
	(5)	pyridy	yl,
	(6)	substi	tuted pyridyl substituted on carbon with one or two
10		substituents independently selected from:	
		(a)	halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br;
		(b)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
15			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(d)	hydroxy, and
		(e)	oxo;
	(7)	imida	zolyl,
	(8)	pyrrol	lyl,
2 0	(9)	pyraz	olyl
(10)		substi	tuted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two
,		substi	tuents independently selected from:
* *		(a)	halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br;
· -		(b)	-CH3,
25		(c)	-CF3,
		(d)	-OCH ₃ ,
		(e)	-OCF3, and
•		(f)	hydroxy;
	(11)	C3-6	cycloalkyl,
30	(12)	substi	tuted C3-6 cycloalkyl with 1 or 2 substituents
		indep	endently selected from:
		(a)	halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
		(b)	CH3,
		(c)	methyloxy-,
3 5		(d)	-CF3,

```
(e)
                          -OCF3,
                   (f)
                         -CN,
                   (g)
                          =0, and
                 · (h)
                         hydroxy;
 5
            (13)
                   piperidinyl,
            (14)
                   substituted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with one or
                   two substituents independently selected from:
                   (a)
                         halogen selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (b)
                         methyl,
10
                   (c)
                         methoxy-,
                   (d)
                         -CF3,
                   (e)
                         -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
                   (f)
                         =0, and
                   (g)
                         hydroxy;
15
            (15)
                   morpholinyl,
            (16)
                   substituted morpholinyl substituted on carbon or nitrogen
                   with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from:
                   (a)
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (b)
                         methyl,
20
                   (c)
                         methoxy-,
                   (d)
                         -CF3,
                  (e)
                         -OCF3, and
                  (f)
                         hydroxy;
           (17)
                  hexahydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazolyl,
25
           (18)
                  naphthyl,
                  substituted naphthyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
           (19)
                  independently selected from:
                  (a)
                         -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (b)
                         methyl,
30
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
                  (d)
                         -CF3,
                  (e)
                         -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
                  (f)
                         -CN, and
                  (g)
                         -hydroxy,
```

- (20) indolyl,
- (21) 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl,
- (22) substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl substituted on carbon with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,
 - (c) methoxy-,
 - (d) -CF3,
 - (e) -OCF3,
- (f) -CN,
 - (g) = 0, and
 - (h) hydroxy;
- (23) pyrazinyl;
- (24) substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br.
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
 - (d) hydroxy,
 - (e) phenyloxy,
 - (f) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R⁷)₂, and

(g)

-N-CH3

25

30

5

10

15

20

(25) pyrimidinyl;

- (26) substituted pyrimidinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,
 - (c) methoxy-, and
 - (d) phenyl,
- (27) triazolyl;

```
(28)
                   substituted triazolyl with a substituent selected from:
                   (a)
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (b)
                         methyl,
                   (c)
                         methoxy-, and
 5
                   (d)
                         hydroxy,
            (29)
                   tetrazolyl;
            (30)
                   substituted tetrazolyl with a substituent selected from:
                   (a)
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br.
                   (b)
                         methyl,
10
                   (c)
                         methoxy-, and
                   (d)
                         hydroxy,
            (31)
                  C3-6 cycloalkyl;
            (32)
                  substituted C3-6 cycloalkyl substituted with one or two
                  substituents independently selected from:
15
                  (a)
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (b)
                         methyl,
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
                  (d)
                         -CF3, and
                  (e)
                         -OCF3,
20
            (33)
                  tetrahydrofuran;
                  substituted tetrahydrofuran substituted with one or two
            (34)
                  substituents independently selected from:
                  (a)
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (b)
                         methyl,
25
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
                  (d)
                         -CF3, and
                  (e)
                         -OCF3,
            (35)
                  piperazinyl;
                  substituted piperazinyl substituted with one or two
            (36)
30
                  substituents independently selected from:
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (a)
                  (b)
                         C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                         C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyloxy-,
                  (c)
                  (d)
                         -CF3,
35
                  (e)
                         -OCF3,
```

		(f)	benzyl, and
	•	(g)	hydroxy;
	(37)	benz	otriazolyl,
•	(38)	subs	tituted benzotriazolyl substituted on carbon with one or
5		two s	substituents independently selected from:
		(a)	-halogen, selected from -F, -Cl. and -Br,
	•	(b)	-methyl,
. =		(c)	methoxy-,
			-CF3, and
10		(e)	-OCF ₃ ,
	(39)	benz	oimidazolyl, and
	(40)		tituted benzoimidazolyl substituted on carbon with one
		or tw	o substituents independently selected from:
	2	(a)	-halogen, selected from -F, -Cl. and -Br,
15		(p)	-methyl,
*			methoxy-,
			-CF3, and
		(e)	-OCF3;
			ndently selected from:
20	(1)	-H,	. alland
	(2)		ı alkyl,
	(3)	-CF3	,
	(4) (5)	-R3,	$_{ m 3}$ alkyl- $_{ m R}$ 3, and
25			
25	(6)	-C(O	·
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{each } \mathbf{K}^{\bullet} \text{ is } . \\ \mathbf{(1)} \end{array}$	muepe -Н,	endently selected from:
	(2)	•	3 alkyl,
	(3)	-CF3	•
30	(4)	-R3,	,
	(5)	•	3 alkyl-R ³ ,
	(6))-R ³ ,
	(7)		OR4, and
	(8))C(O)OH;
35			andontly sologied from:

WO 99/62520

- (1) -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³, and
- (2) -R3:

each R7 is independently selected from:

- **(1)** -H, and
- 5 (2) -C₁₋₆ alkyl;

 R^8 is selected from methyl and -O- C_{1-6} alkyl; and

PROVIDED THAT:

- **(1)** at least one of R¹, R², and R⁸ is not:
 - C₁₋₆ alkyl, or
- R3 wherein R3 is cycloalkyl; and 10 **(b)**
 - when R2 is SR6, R6 is R3. **(2)**
 - The compound according to Claim 1 of structural 8. formula:

$$R^1$$
 R^2
 R^8
 O
 OH

15

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein: R¹ is selected from:

- -H, **(1)**
- **(2)** -CH3,
- 20 (3) -C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁷;
 - -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁷, **(4)**
 - -0-C₁₋₆ alkyl-SR⁷, (5)
 - **(6)** -CF3 or -CH2CF3,
 - **(7)** -C1,
- 25 -F, (8)
 - $-C_{0-3}$ alkyl- $N(R_4)(R_5)$, (9)
 - (10)-phenyl,
 - (11)phenyl C1-3 alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents independently selected from:
- 30

```
(a)
                               -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                       (b)
                               CH_3
                       (c)
                               -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
                       (\mathbf{d})
                               -CF<sub>3</sub>,
 5
                       (e)
                               -SCH<sub>3</sub>,
                       (f)
                               -CN,
                       (g)
                               hydroxy,
                       (h)
                               -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                       -O-CH2-phenyl, wherein the phenyl group may be
               (12)
10
                       unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
                       independently selected from:
                       (a)
                               -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                       (b)
                               CH<sub>3</sub>,
                               -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
                       (c)
                       (d)
15
                               -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                       (e)
                               -SCH<sub>3</sub>,
                       (f)
                               -CN,
                               hydroxy,
                       (g)
                       (h)
                               -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                       -O-C1-6 alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one to three
20
               (13)
                       fluorine atoms,
               (14)
                       -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
               (15)
                       -O-C_{1-6} alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR<sup>7</sup>,
               (16)
                       -O-CH2CH2 N(CH3)2,
25
               (17)
                       -O-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
               (18)
                       -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> NH<sub>2</sub>,
               (19)
                       -O-CH(CH3)CH2NH2,
               (20)
                       -S-CH<sub>3</sub>,
               (21)
                       -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
30
               (22)
                       -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-R<sup>7</sup>, and
               (23)
                       -C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5);
      R2 is selected from:
               (1)
                       -H,
                       -R3,
               (2)
35
               (3)
                       -CH<sub>3</sub>,
```

	(4)	-C1-6 alkyl substituted with R3, wherein one or more of the
		hydrogen atoms on C ₁₋₆ alkyl may be replaced with a
		fluorine atom,
	(5)	-O-R6,
5	(6)	-S-R6,
	(7)	-O-C ₁₋₆ alkyl-SR ⁶ ,
	(8)	$-C_{1-6}$ alkyl- $(OR_6)(R_4)$,
	(9)	$-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R4)(R6),
	(10)	$-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-C(O)-R6,
10	(11)	$-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-C(O)CH ₂ -C(O)-OH,
	(12)	$-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-NR 4 C(O)-R 6 ,
	(13)	-C ₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)N(\mathbb{R}^4)(\mathbb{R}^5), and
	(14)	-CH2(OR7)-R6;
	each R3 is	independently selected from:
15	(1)	phenyl,
	(2)	substituted phenyl with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents
		independently selected from:
		(a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br,
		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
20		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(d) -CN,
		(e) hydroxy, and
25		(f) oxo;
	(3)	thienyl,
	(4)	substituted thienyl substituted on carbon with one or two
		substituents independently selected from:
		(a) halogen, selected from F, Cl, and Br,
30		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, and
		(c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom;
	(5)	pyridyl,

	(6)	substituted pyridyl substituted on carbon with one or two
		substituents independently selected from:
		(a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br;
		(b) C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
5		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, (c) C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
		(d) hydroxy, and
		(e) oxo;
10	(7)	imidazolyl,
	(8)	pyrrolyl,
	(9)	pyrazolyl
	(10)	substituted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two
•		substituents independently selected from:
15		(a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br;
		(b) -CH3,
		(c) -CF3,
		(d) -OCH3,
		(e) -OCF3, and
20		(f) hydroxy;
	(11)	C3-6 cycloalkyl,
	(12)	substituted C3-6 cycloalkyl with 1 or 2 substituents
		independently selected from:
		(a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
25		(b) CH ₃ ,
		(c) methyloxy-,
		(d) -CF3,
		(e) -OCF3,
		(f) -CN,
30		(g) =0, and
		(h) hydroxy;
	(13)	piperidinyl,
	(14)	substituted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with one or
		two substituents independently selected from:
35		(a) halogen selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,

```
(b)
                         methyl,
                   (c)
                         methoxy-,
                   (d)
                         -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                   (e)
                         -OCF3,
 5
                         =0, and
                   (f)
                  (g)
                         hydroxy;
            (15)
                  morpholinyl,
            (16)
                  substituted morpholinyl substituted at carbon or nitrogen
                  with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from:
10
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (a)
                  (b)
                         methyl,
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
                         -CF3,
                  (d)
                  (e)
                         -OCF3, and
15
                  (f)
                         hydroxy;
            (17)
                  hexahydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazolyl,
            (18) .
                  naphthyl,
            (19)
                  substituted naphthyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
                  independently selected from:
20
                  (a)
                         -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (b)
                         methyl,
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
                  (d)
                         -CF3,
                  (e)
                         -OCF3,
25
                  (f)
                         -CN, and
                         -hydroxy,
                  (g)
            (20)
                  indolyl, and
            (21)
                  1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl,
                  substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl substituted on
            (22)
30
                  carbon with a substituent selected from:
                  (a)
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (b)
                         methyl,
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
                  (d)
                         -CF3,
35
                         -OCF3,
                  (e)
```

(f) -CN,

- (g) = 0, and
- (h) hydroxy;

(23) pyrazinyl;

5 (24) substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:

- (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
- (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (d) hydroxy,
- (e) phenyloxy,
- (f) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$, and

15 (g)

10

20

- (25) pyrimidinyl;
- (26) substituted pyrimidinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,
 - (c) methoxy-, and
 - (d) phenyl,
- (27) triazolyl;
- 25 (28) substituted triazolyl with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,
 - (c) methoxy-, and
 - (d) hydroxy,
- 30 (29) tetrazolyl;
 - (30) substituted tetrazolyl with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,

```
(c)
                          methoxy-, and
                   (d)
                          hydroxy,
            (31)
                   C3-6 cycloalkyl;
            (32)
                   substituted C3-6 cycloalkyl substituted with one or two
 5
                   substituents independently selected from:
                   (a)
                          halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (b)
                          methyl,
                   (c)
                          methoxy-,
                          -CF3, and
                   (d)
10
                   (e)
                          -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
            (33)
                   tetrahydrofuran;
            (34)
                   substituted tetrahydrofuran substituted with one or two
                   substituents independently selected from:
                   (a)
                          halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
15
                   (b)
                          methyl,
                   (c)
                          methoxy-,
                   (d)
                          -CF3, and
                   (e)
                          -OCF3,
            (35)
                   piperazinyl;
20
            (36)
                   substituted piperazinyl substituted with one or two
                   substituents independently selected from:
                   (a)
                          halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (b)
                          C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                   (c)
                          C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyloxy-,
25
                   (d)
                          -CF3,
                   (e)
                          -OCF3,
                   (f)
                          benzyl, and
                   (g)
                          hydroxy;
            (37)
                   benzotriazolyl,
30
            (38)
                   substituted benzotriazolyl substituted on carbon with one or
                   two substituents independently selected from:
                   (a)
                          -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl. and -Br,
                   (b)
                          -methyl,
                   (c)
                          methoxy-,
35
                   (d)
                          -CF3, and
```

```
(e)
                             -OCF3,
             (39)
                     benzoimidazolyl, and
             (40)
                     substituted benzoimidazolyl substituted on carbon with one
                     or two substituents independently selected from:
 5
                     (a)
                             -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl. and -Br,
                     (b)
                            -methyl,
                     (c)
                            methoxy-.
                     (d)
                            -CF3, and
                     (e)
                            -OCF3;
      each R4 is independently selected from:
10
             (1)
                     -H,
             (2)
                     -C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,
             (3)
                     -CF3,
                     -R3,
             (4)
                     -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>, and
15
             (5)
             (6)
                     -C(O)-R^3;
      each R<sup>5</sup> is independently selected from:
             (1)
                     -H,
             (2)
                     -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl,
20
             (3)
                     -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                     -R3,
             (4)
                     -C_{1-3} alkyl-R^3,
             (5)
             (6)
                     -C(O)-R^3,
                     -C(O)OR4, and
             (7)
25
             (8)
                     -C(O)C(O)OH;
      each R6 is independently selected from:
                     -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>, and
             (1)
             (2)
                     -R3;
      each R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from:
30
             (1)
                     -H, and
```

 R^8 is selected from methyl and -O- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl; and each n is independently selected from 0, 1 and 2; PROVIDED THAT:

 $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

(2)

(1) at least one of R^1 , R^2 , and R^8 is not:

- (a) C₁₋₆ alkyl, or
- (b) R³ wherein R³ is cycloalkyl; and
- (2) when R^2 is SR^6 , R^6 is R^3 .

5

9. The compound according to Claim 1 of structural

formula:

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

10 R1 is selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) -CH₃,
- (3) -C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁷,
- (4) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁷,
- 15 (5) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-SR⁷,
 - (6) -CF3 or -CH2CF3,
 - (7) -Cl,
 - (8) -F,
 - (9) $-C_{0-3}$ alkyl $-N(R^4)(R^5)$,
- 20 (10) -phenyl,
 - (11) phenyl C₁₋₃ alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) -F, -Cl, or -Br,
- 25 (b) CH₃,
 - (c) -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
 - (d) -CF3,
 - (e) -SCH3,
 - (f) -CN,
- 30 (g) hydroxy,

 $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R⁷)₂, (h) -O-CH2-phenyl, wherein the phenyl group may be (12)unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents independently selected from: (a) -F, -Cl, or -Br, **(b)** CH₃, (c) -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3, (d) -CF3, (e) -SCH₃, 10 -CN, **(f)** hydroxy, (g) · (h) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one to three (13)fluorine atoms, and 15 **(14)** $-C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH$, $-O-C_{1-6}$ alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR⁷, (15)(16)-O-CH₂CH₂ N(CH₃)₂, (17) $-O-CH(CH_3)CH_2N(CH_3)_2$, (18)-O-CH₂CH₂ NH₂, (19)-O-CH(CH₃)CH₂NH₂, 20 (20)-S-CH₃, (21) $-C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH$, (22)-CH₂-CH(OH)-CH₂-O- \mathbb{R}^7 , and (23) $-C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5)$; 25 R² is selected from: **(1)** -H, (2)-R3, (3)-CH3, -C1-6 alkyl substituted with R³, wherein one or more of the **(4)** 30 hydrogen atoms on C1-6 alkyl may be replaced with a fluorine atom, -O-R6, (5)-S -R6, (6) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl- SR⁶, (7)

	(8)	-C1-	6 alkyl (OR6)(R4),
	(9)	-Co-	6 alkyl-N(R4)(R6),
	(10)	-Co-	6 alkyl C(O)-R ⁶ ,
	(11)	-C ₀ -	6 alkyl C(O)CH ₂ -C(O)-OH,
5	(12)	-C ₁ -	6 alkyl NR ⁴ C(O)-R ⁶ ,
	(13)	-C ₁ -	$6 \text{ alkyl-C(O)N(R}^4)(R^5), \text{ and}$
. ,	(14)	-CH	2(OR ⁷)-R ⁶ ;
•	each R3 is	indep	endently selected from:
	(1)	pher	nyl;
10	(2)	subs	tituted phenyl with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents
		inde	pendently selected from:
		(a)	halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br,
		(b)	$\mathrm{C}_{1 ext{-}6}$ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
15		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
			atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,-,
•		(d)	-CN,
		(e)	hydroxy, and
		(f)	oxo;
20	(3)	thie	
	(4)		tituted thienyl substituted on carbon with one or two
			tituents independently selected from:
		(a)	halogen, selected from F, Cl, and Br,
~=		(b)	C ₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
25		(.)	atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, and
		(c)	C1-6 alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
	(F)		atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom;
	(5)	pyrio	
20	(6)		tituted pyridyl substituted on carbon with one or two
30			tituents independently selected from:
		(a)	halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br;
		(b)	C1-6 alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen
			atoms may be replaced with a fluoring atom

		(c)	C ₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen
	•	•.	atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
			hydroxy, and
			0x0;
5	(7)	imida	·
	(8)	pyrrol	yl,
	(9)	pyrazo	
	(10)		tuted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two
			tuents independently selected from:
10		(a)	halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br;
		(b)	-CH ₃ ,
¥		(c)	-CF ₃ ,
		(d)	-OCH ₃ ,
	•	(e)	-OCF3, and
15		(f)	hydroxy;
	(11)	С3-6 с	ycloalkyl,
	(12)	substi	tuted C3-6 cycloalkyl with 1 or 2 substituents
		indepe	endently selected from:
		(a)	halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
20		(b)	CH ₃ ,
		(c)	methyloxy-,
		(d)	-CF ₃ ,
		(e)	-OCF ₃ ,
		(f)	-CN,
25		(g)	=O, and
		(h)	hydroxy;
	(13)	piperi	dinyl,
	(14)	substi	tuted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with one or
		two sı	abstituents independently selected from:
30		(a)	halogen selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
		(b)	methyl,
		(c)	methoxy-,
		(d)	-CF ₃ ,
		(e)	-OCF ₃ ,

```
(f)
                          =0, and
                   (g)
                          hydroxy;
            (15)
                   morpholinyl,
            (16)
                   substituted morpholinyl substituted on carbon or nitrogen
 5
                   with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from:
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (a) `
                   (b)
                         methyl,
                   (c)
                         methoxy-,
                   (d)
                         -CF<sub>3</sub>,
10
                   (e)
                         -OCF3, and
                   (f)
                         hydroxy;
                  hexahydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazolyl,
            (17)
            (18)
                  naphthyl,
            (19)
                  substituted naphthyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents
15
                  independently selected from:
                   (a)
                         -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (b)
                         methyl,
                         methoxy-,
                   (c)
                   (d)
                         -CF<sub>3</sub>,
20
                   (e)
                         -OCF3,
                  (f)
                         -CN, and
                  (g)
                         -hydroxy,
            (20)
                  indolyl, and
            (21)
                  1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl,
25
            (22)
                  substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl substituted on
                  carbon with a substituent selected from:
                  (a)
                         halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                  (b)
                         methyl,
                  (c)
                         methoxy-,
30
                  (d)
                         -CF3,
                  (e)
                         -OCF3,
                  (f)
                         -CN,
                  (g)
                         =0, and
                  (h)
                         hydroxy;
35
            (23)
                  pyrazinyl;
```

(24) substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with one or two substituents independently selected from:

- (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
- (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom,
- (d) hydroxy,
- (e) phenyloxy,
- (f) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$, and

(g)

5

10

15

30

- (25) pyrimidinyl;
- (26) substituted pyrimidinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,
 - (c) methoxy-, and
 - (d) phenyl,
- 20 (27) triazolyl;
 - (28) substituted triazolyl with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,
 - (c) methoxy-, and
- 25 (d) hydroxy,
 - (29) tetrazolyl;
 - (30) substituted tetrazolyl with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
 - (b) methyl,
 - (c) methoxy-, and
 - (d) hydroxy,
 - (31) C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl;

```
(32)
                    substituted C3-6 cycloalkyl substituted with one or two
                    substituents independently selected from:
                    (a)
                           halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                    (b)
                           methyl,
 5
                    (c)
                           methoxy-,
                    (d)
                           -CF3, and
                    (e)
                           -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
             (33)
                    tetrahydrofuran;
             (34)
                   substituted tetrahydrofuran substituted with one or two
10
                   substituents independently selected from:
                   (a)
                           halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (b)
                           methyl.
                   (c)
                           methoxy-,
                   (d)
                           -CF3, and
15
                   (e)
                          -OCF3,
            (35)
                   piperazinyl;
            (36)
                   substituted piperazinyl substituted with one or two
                   substituents independently selected from:
                          halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                   (a)
20
                   (b)
                          C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                   (c)
                          C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyloxy-,
                   (d)
                          -CF3,
                          -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
                   (e)
                   (f)
                          benzyl, and
25
                   (g)
                          hydroxy;
            (37)
                   benzotriazolyl,
            (38)
                   substituted benzotriazolyl substituted on carbon with one or
                   two substituents independently selected from:
                   (a)
                          -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl. and -Br.
30
                   (b)
                          -methyl,
                   (c)
                          methoxy-,
                   (d)
                          -CF3, and
                   (e)
                          -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
            (39)
                   benzoimidazolyl,
```

```
substituted benzoimidazolyl substituted on carbon with one
                      or two substituents independently selected from:
                              -halogen, selected from -F, -Cl. and -Br,
                      (b)
                              -methyl,
                             methoxy-,
 5
                      (c)
                      (d)
                              -CF3, and
                     (e)
                             -OCF3,
      each R^4 is independently selected from:
              (1)
                      -H,
                      -C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,
10
              (2)
              (3)
                      -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                      -R3,
              (4)
                      -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>, and
              (5)
                      -C(O)-R^3;
              (6)
15
      each R<sup>5</sup> is independently selected from:
              (1)
                      -H,
                     -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl,
              (2)
              (3)
                      -CF3,
              (4)
                      -R3,
                      -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>,
20
              (5)
                      -C(O)-R^3,
              (6)
                      -C(O)OR4, and
              (7)
              (8)
                      -C(O)C(O)OH;
      each R6 is independently selected from:
25
              (1)
                      -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>, and
              (2)
                      -R3:
      each R7 is independently selected from:
              (1)
                      -H, and
              (2)
                      -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
      R8 is selected from methyl and -O- C_{1-6} alkyl; and
30
      PROVIDED THAT:
              (1)
                      at least one of R^1, R^2, and R^8 is not:
                      (b)
                              C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, or
                              R<sup>3</sup> wherein R<sup>3</sup> is cycloalkyl; and
                      when R2 is SR6, R6 is R3.
35
              (2)
```

10. The compound according to Claim 1 of structural

formula:

$$R^1$$
 OH R^2

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein: 5 R1 is selected from:

- **(1)** -H,
- **(2)** -CH₃,
- -CH2OCH3. (3)
- 10 **(4)** -OCH2CH2OH,
 - -OCH2CH2OCH3, (5)
 - -(CH₂)₆-OH, (6)
 - **(7)** -CF3,
 - -F,
 - (8)
- 15 (9)-C1,

20

- -C₀₋₃ alkyl -N(R4)(R5), (10)
- (11)-phenyl,
- phenyl C₁₋₃ alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be (12)unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) -F, -Cl, or -Br,
 - (b) CH₃,
 - -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3, (c)
 - (d) -CF₃,
- 25 (e) -CN,
 - (f) hydroxy,
 - - C_{0-6} alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$, (g)
- -O-CH2-phenyl, wherein the phenyl group may be (13)unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents 30 independently selected from:

```
-F, -Cl, or -Br,
                           (a)
                           (b)
                                    -CH3,
                                    -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
                           (c)
                           (d)
                                    -CF3,
                                    -CN,
   5
                           (e)
                           (f)
                                   hydroxy,
                           (g)
                                    -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                           -O-CH3,
                  (14)
                  (15)
                           -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>,
  10
                  (16)
                           -OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                  (17)
                           -OCF3,
                  (18)
                           -OCH(CH_3)_2,
                  (19)
                           -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
                  (20)
                           -O-C_{1-6} alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR<sup>7</sup>,
  15
                  (21)
                           -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
                  (22)
                           -O-CH(CH_3)CH_2N(CH_3)_2,
                  (23)
                           -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>,
                  (24)
                           -O-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>,
                  (25)
                           -S-CH<sub>3</sub>,
  20
                  (26)
                           -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH;
                  (27)
                           -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-R<sup>7</sup>; and
                  (28)
                           -C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R_4)(R_5);
         R<sup>2</sup> is selected from:
                  (1)
                           -H,
                           -R3.
  25
                  (2)
                  (3)
                           -CH_2-R^3
                           -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>3</sup>,
                  (4)
                           -CF_2-R^3,
                  (5)
                           -CH(CH3)-R3,
                  (6)
                           -O-R6,
                  (7)
30
                  (8)
                           -S-phenyl,
                           -C_{1-6} alkyl (OR^6)(R^4),
                  (9)
                           -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R^4)(R^6),
                  (10)
                  (11)
                           -C(O)-R^3
  35
                  (12)
                           -C<sub>0-6</sub> alkyl C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>-C(O)-OH,
```

```
-C1-6 alkyl NR4C(O)-R6,
              (13)
                     -CH(OCH3)R3, and
              (14)
              (15)
                     -CH(OH)R3;
      each R3 is independently selected from:
 5
              (1)
                     phenyl;
              (2)
                     substituted phenyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently
                     selected from:
                            halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br,
                     (a)
                     (b)
                             -CH<sub>3</sub>,
10
                            methyloxy-,
                     (c)
                     (d)
                            ethyloxy-,
                     (e)
                            -OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                     (f)
                            -OCF<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>,
                     (g)
                            -CF3,
15
                     (h)
                            -CH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                            -CF2CH3,
                     (i)
                     (j)
                            -OCF3,
                     (k)
                            -CN, and
                     (1)
                            hydroxy;
20
             (3)
                     thienyl,
                     substituted thienyl substituted on a carbon atom with a
             (4)
                     substituent selected from:
                     (a)
                            F,
                     (b)
                            Cl, and
25
                     (c)
                            methyl;
             (5)
                     pyridyl,
             (6)
                    substituted pyridyl substituted on a carbon with a
                     substituent selected from:
                     (a)
                            -F,
30
                     (b)
                            -Cl,
                     (c)
                            -CH<sub>3</sub>,
                     (d)
                            -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                     (e)
                            -OCH<sub>3</sub>,
                            -OCF3,
                     (f)
```

(20)

tetrazolyl;

•		(g) hydroxy, and		
		(h) oxo;		
•	(7)	pyrazolyl		
	(8)	substituted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two		
5		substituents independently selected from:		
		(a) -F,		
•		(b) -Cl,		
		(c) -CH3, and		
		(d) -CF3;		
10	(9)	C ₃₋₆ cycloalkyl,		
	(10)	piperidinyl,		
	(11)	substituted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with a		
		substituent selected from:		
		(a) methoxy-,		
15		(b) -OCF3,		
		(c) $=0$, and		
		(d) hydroxy;		
	(12)	morpholinyl,		
	(13)	naphthyl,		
20	(14)	1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl,		
	(15)	pyrazinyl;		
	(16)	substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with		
		a substituent selected from:		
		(a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,		
25		(b) methyl,		
		(c) -CF ₃ ,		
		(d) methoxy-,		
		(e) -N(CH3)2, and		
		—N N−CH ₃		
		(f) (T) (T) (T) (T)		
30	(17)	pyrimidinyl,		
	(18)	[1,2,3]-triazolyl,		
,	(19)	[1,2,4]-triazolyl,		
	(00)			

```
(21)
                     cyclopropyl,
                     cyclobutyl,
              (22)
              (23)
                     cyclopentyl,
              (24)
                     cyclohexyl,
 5
             (25)
                     tetrahydrofuran,
             (26)
                     piperazinyl; .
                     substituted piperazinyl substituted with a substituent
             (27)
                     selected from:
                            -F,
                     (a)
10
                     (b)
                            -C1,
                     (c)
                            methyl,
                     (d)
                            -CF3, and
                    (e)
                            benzyl,
                    benzotriazolyl,
             (28)
                    benzoimidazolyl,
15
             (29)
      each R4 is independently selected from:
             (1)
                    -H,
                    -C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,
             (2)
                    -CF<sub>3</sub>,
             (3)
20
             (4)
                    -R3,
                    -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>, and
             (5)
             (6)
                    -C(O)-R3;
      each R5 is independently selected from:
             (1)
                    -H,
25
             (2)
                    -CH<sub>3</sub>,
             (3)
                    -CF3,
             (4)
                    phenyl,
             (5)
                    -benzyl,
             (6)
                    -C(O)OR4, and
30
                    -C(O)C(O)OH;
             (7)
      each R6 is independently selected from:
                    -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>, and
             (1)
             (2)
                    -R3;
      each R7 is independently selected from:
35
             (1)
                    -H, and
```

- (2) -C₁₋₆ alkyl.
- 11. The compound according to Claim 1 of structural formula:

$$\mathbb{R}^{2}$$
 \mathbb{O} \mathbb{O} \mathbb{O}

5

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein: R^1 is selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) -CH₃,
- 10 (3) -CH₂OCH₃
 - (4) -OCH₂CH₂OH,
 - (5) -OCH₂CH₂OCH₃,
 - (6) $-(CH_2)_6-OH$,
 - (7) -CF3,
- 15 (8) -F,
 - (9) -Cl,
 - (10) $-C_{0-3}$ alkyl $-N(R^4)(R^5)$,
 - (11) -phenyl,
- (12) phenyl C₁₋₃ alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be 20 unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) -F, -Cl, or -Br,
 - (b) CH₃,
 - (c) -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
- 25 (d) -CF₃,
 - (e) -CN,
 - (f) hydroxy,
 - (g) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$,

```
-O-CH2-phenyl, wherein the phenyl group may be
                       unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
                       independently selected from:
                       (a)
                                -F, -Cl, or -Br,
 5
                       (b)
                               CH<sub>3</sub>,
                               -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
                       (c)
                       (d)
                               -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                               -CN,
                       (e)
                       (f)
                               hydroxy,
10
                               -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R^7)_{2,1}
                       (g)
               (14)
                       -O-CH3,
               (15)
                       -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>,
               (16)
                       -OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                       -OCF3,
               (17)
15
                       -OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
               (18)
               (19)
                       -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
               (20)
                       -O-C_{1-6} alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR7,
               (21)
                       -O-CH2CH2 N(CH3)2,
               (22)
                       -O-CH(CH_3)CH_2N(CH_3)_2,
20
               (23)
                       -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>,
               (24)
                       -O-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>,
               (25)
                       -S-CH<sub>3</sub>,
               (26)
                       -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH;
               (27)
                       -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-R<sup>7</sup>; and
25
              (28)
                       -C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5);
      R<sup>2</sup> is selected from:
                       -H,
              (1)
                       -R<sup>3</sup>,
               (2)
                       -CH_2-R^3,
               (3)
                       -CH_2CH_2-R^3,
30
              (4)
              (5)
                       -CF_2-R^3,
              (6)
                       -CH(CH3)-R<sup>3</sup>,
              (7)
                       -O-R6,
              (8)
                       -S -phenyl,
```

```
-C_{1-6} alkyl (OR^6)(R^4),
            (9)
                   -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R^4)(R^6),
            (10)
                   -C(O)-R^3
            (11)
            (12)
                   -C<sub>0-6</sub> alkyl C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>-C(O)-OH,
                   -C1-6 alkyl NR4C(O)-R6,
 5
            (13)
            (14)
                   -CH(OCH3)R3, and
            (15)
                   -CH(OH)R^3:
     each R^3 is independently selected from:
            (1)
                   phenyl;
10
            (2)
                   substituted phenyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently
                   selected from:
                   (a)
                          halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br,
                   (b)
                          -CH3,
                          methyloxy-,
                   (c)
15
                   (d)
                          ethyloxy-,
                   (e)
                          -OCH2CF3,
                   (f)
                          -OCF2CH3,
                   (g)
                          -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                   (h)
                          -CH2CF3,
20
                   (i)
                          -CF2CH3,
                   (j)
                          -OCF3,
                   (k)
                          -CN, and
                   (1)
                          hydroxy;
                   thienyl,
            (3)
25
            (4)
                   substituted thienyl substituted on a carbon atom with a
                   substituent selected from:
                          F,
                   (a)
                   (b)
                          Cl, and
                   (c)
                          methyl;
30
            (5)
                   pyridyl,
            (6)
                   substituted pyridyl substituted on a carbon with a
                   substituent selected from:
                   (a)
                          -F,
                   (b)
                           -C1,
```

```
-CH<sub>3</sub>,
                    (c)
                    (d)
                           -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                    (e)
                           -OCH<sub>3</sub>,
                    (f)
                           -OCF3,
 5
                           hydroxy, and
                    (g)
                    (h)
                           oxo;
             (7)
                    pyrazolyl
                    substituted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two
             (8)
                    substituents independently selected from:
10
                    (a)
                           -F,
                    (b)
                           -C1,
                           -CH3, and
                    (c)
                    (d)
                           -CF<sub>3</sub>;
             (9)
                    C3-6 cycloalkyl,
15
             (10)
                    piperidinyl,
                    substituted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with a
             (11)
                    substituent selected from:
                    (a)
                           methoxy-,
                           -OCF3,
                    (b)
20
                    (c)
                           =0, and
                    (d)
                           hydroxy;
             (12)
                   morpholinyl,
             (13)
                   naphthyl,
                    1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl,
             (14)
25
             (15)
                   pyrazinyl;
                   substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with
             (16)
                    a substituent selected from:
                          halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
                    (a)
                   (b)
                           methyl,
30
                   (c)
                           -CF3.
                   (d)
                           methoxy-,
                           -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, and
                   (e)
                   (f)
```

- (17) pyrimidinyl,
- (18) [1,2,3]-triazolyl,
- (19) [1,2,4]-triazolyl,
- 5 (20) tetrazolyl;
 - (21) cyclopropyl,
 - (22) cyclobutyl,
 - (23) cyclopentyl,
 - (24) cyclohexyl,
- 10 (25) tetrahydrofuran,
 - (26) piperazinyl;
 - (27) substituted piperazinyl substituted with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) -F,
- 15 (b) -Cl,
 - (c) methyl,
 - (d) -CF3, and
 - (e) benzyl,
 - (28) benzotriazolyl,
- 20 (29) benzoimidazolyl,

each R4 is independently selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) -C₁₋₄ alkyl,
- (3) -CF3,
- 25 (4) -R³,
 - (5) $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl- R^3 , and
 - (6) $-C(O)-R^3$;

each R5 is independently selected from:

- (1) -H,
- 30 (2) -CH₃,
 - (3) -CF3,
 - (4) phenyl,
 - (5) -benzyl,

- (6) -C(O)OR4, and
- (7) -C(O)C(O)OH;

each R6 is independently selected from:

- (1) $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl- R^3 , and
- 5 (2) $-R^3$:

each R7 is independently selected from:

- (1) -H, and
- (2) -C₁₋₆ alkyl.
- 10 12. The compound according to Claim 1 of structural formula:

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein: R1 is selected from:

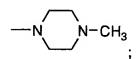
- 15 (1) -H,
 - (2) -CH₃,
 - (3) -CH₂OCH₃
 - (4) -OCH₂CH₂OH,
 - (5) -OCH₂CH₂OCH₃,
- (6) -(CH₂)₆-OH,
 - (7) -CF3,
 - (8) -F,
 - (9) -C1,
 - (10) $-C_{0-3}$ alkyl-N(R⁴)(R⁵),
- 25 (11) -phenyl,
 - (12) phenyl C₁₋₃ alkyl-, wherein the phenyl group may be unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents independently selected from:
 - (a) -F, -Cl, or -Br,
- 30 (b) -CH₃,
 - (c) -OCH₃, OCH₂CH₃, OCF₃, or OCH₂CF₃,

```
-CF3,
                          (d)
                          (e)
                                   -CN,
                                   hydroxy,
                          (f)
                                   -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                          (g)
 5
                 (13)
                         -O-CH2-phenyl, wherein the phenyl group may be
                          unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to four substituents
                          independently selected from:
                          (a)
                                   -F, -Cl, or -Br,
                          (b)
                                   CH<sub>3</sub>,
10
                                   -OCH3, OCH2CH3, OCF3, or OCH2CF3,
                          (c)
                                   -CF3,
                          (d)
                                   -CN,
                          (e)
                                   hydroxy,
                          (f)
                                   -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>2</sub>,
                          (g)
15
                 (14)
                          -O-CH<sub>3</sub>,
                 (15)
                          -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>,
                 (16)
                          -OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                 (17)
                          -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
                 (18)
                          -OCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
20
                          -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OH,
                 (19)
                          -O-C_{1-6} alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR<sup>7</sup>,
                 (20)
                 (21)
                          -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
                 (22)
                          -O-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,
                 (23)
                          -O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>,
25
                 (24)
                          -O-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>,
                 (25)
                          -S-CH<sub>3</sub>,
                          -C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)C(O)OH;
                 (26)
                 (27)
                          -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-O-R<sup>7</sup>; and
                 (28)
                          -C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5);
       R<sup>2</sup> is selected from:
30
                          -H,
                 (1)
                          -R3,
                 (2)
                 (3)
                          -CH_2-R^3
                 (4)
                          -CH2CH2-R3,
```

```
-CF_2-R^3,
             (5)
            (6)
                    -CH(CH3)-R3,
             (7)
                    -O-R6,
             (8)
                    -S-phenyl,
                   -C_{1-6} alkyl (OR_6)(R_4),
 5
             (9)
             (10)
                   -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R^4)(R^6),
             (11)
                    -C(O)-R^3,
             (12)
                   -C0-6 alkyl C(O)CH2-C(O)-OH,
                   -C_{1-6} alkyl NR^4C(O)-R^6,
             (13)
10
                   -CH(OCH3)R3, and
             (14)
                   -CH(OH)R^3;
             (15)
      each R3 is independently selected from:
             (1)
                   phenyl;
             (2)
                   substituted phenyl with 1, 2, or 3 substituents independently
15
                   selected from:
                   (a)
                           halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, -Br,
                   (b)
                          -CH<sub>3</sub>,
                   (c)
                          methyloxy-,
                   (d)
                           ethyloxy-,
20
                   (e)
                          -OCH<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>,
                   (f)
                          -OCF2CH3,
                          -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                   (g)
                   (h)
                          -CH2CF3,
                   (i)
                          -CF2CH3,
25
                   (j)
                          -OCF3,
                   (k)
                          -CN, and
                   (1)
                          hydroxy;
                   thienyl,
            (3)
            (4)
                   substituted thienyl substituted on a carbon atom with a
30
                   substituent selected from:
                   (a)
                          F,
                   (b)
                          Cl, and
                   (c)
                          methyl;
            (5)
                   pyridyl,
```

	(6)	substituted pyridyl substituted on a carbon with a
		substituent selected from:
	•	(a) -F,
		(b) -Cl,
5		(c)CH3,
		(d) -CF ₃ ,
		(e) -OCH3,
		(f) -OCF ₃ ,
		(g) hydroxy, and
10		(h) oxo;
	(7)	pyrazolyl
	(8)	substituted pyrazolyl substituted on carbon with one or two
		substituents independently selected from:
		(a) -F,
1 5		(b) -Cl,
		(c) -CH3, and
		(d) -CF3;
	(9)	C3-6 cycloalkyl,
	(10)	piperidinyl,
20	(11)	substituted piperidinyl substituted on carbon with a
		substituent selected from:
		(a) methoxy-,
		(b) -OCF3,
		(c) =O, and
25		(d) hydroxy;
	(12)	morpholinyl,
	(13)	naphthyl,
	(14)	1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl,
	(15)	pyrazinyl;
30	(16)	substituted pyrazinyl substituted on nitrogen or carbon with
		a substituent selected from:
		(a) halogen, selected from -F, -Cl, and -Br,
		(b) methyl,
		(c) -CF ₃ ,
35		(d) methoxy-,

- (e) -N(CH3)2, and
- **(f)**



- (17) pyrimidinyl,
- 5 (18) [1,2,3]-triazolyl,
 - (19) [1,2,4]-triazolyl,
 - (20) tetrazolyl;
 - (21) cyclopropyl,
 - (22) cyclobutyl,
- 10 (23) cyclopentyl,

15

- (24) cyclohexyl,
- (25) tetrahydrofuran,
- (26) piperazinyl;
- (27) substituted piperazinyl substituted with a substituent selected from:
 - (a) -F,
 - (b) -Cl,
 - (c) methyl,
 - (d) -CF3, and
- 20 (e) benzyl,
 - (28) benzotriazolyl,
 - (29) benzoimidazolyl,

each R4 is independently selected from:

- (1) -H,
- 25 (2) -C₁₋₄ alkyl,
 - (3) -CF3,
 - (4) -R³.
 - (5) -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³, and
 - (6) $-C(O)-R^3$;
- 30 each R5 is independently selected from:
 - (1) -H,
 - (2) $-CH_3$,
 - (3) -CF3,

5

10

15

20

25

(10)

acid,

- **(4)** phenyl, (5)-benzyl, **(6)** $-C(O)OR^4$, and -C(O)C(O)OH; **(7)** each R6 is independently selected from: **(1)** $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl- R^3 , and (2)-R3: each R7 is independently selected from: **(1)** -H, and **(2)** -C₁₋₆ alkyl. 13. A compound according to Claim 1, selected from: **(1)** 3-biphenyl-4-yl-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid, (2) 4-(3,5-bis-benzyloxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxo-but-2-enoic acid, (3)4-[3-(3,4-difluorobenzyl)oxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2enoic acid, **(4)** 4-[3-(4-methylbenzyl)oxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid, **(5)** 4-(3-benzyloxy-5-methoxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid, **(6)** 4-(3-benzyloxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid, (7) 4-[3-(4-chlorobenzyl)oxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid. (8) 4-[3-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)oxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2enoic acid, (9)4-[3-(4-fluorobenzyl)oxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic
- 30 (11) 4-[3-benzyloxy-5-(6-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-hexyloxy)phenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
 - (12) 4-(3-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)phenyl)-4-0x0-2-butenoic acid,
 - (13) 4-(3-benzyloxy-5-hydroxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,

4-[3-(3-chlorobenzyl)oxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic

35 (14) 4-(3-(1-phenylethoxy)phenyl)-4-oxo-2-butenoic acid,

	(15)	4-[3-benzyloxy-5-(6-[5-(2-oxohexahydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazol-
		4-yl)pentanoylamino]hexyloxy)-phenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-
		2-enoic acid,
	(16)	4-[3-(6-aminohexyloxy)-5-benzyloxyphenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-
5		oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(17)	4-(3-dibenzylaminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(18)	4-(3-chloro-phenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid, and
	(19)	4-(3-benzyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butanoic acid,
	(20)	4-(4-dibenzylaminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
10	(21)	4-(4-benzylaminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(22)	4-(2-benzyloxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(23)	4-naphthalen-1-yl-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(24)	4-naphthalen-2-yl-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(25)	4-(6-benzyloxy-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-4-yl)-2-hydroxy-4-
15		oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(26)	4-(2,6-Bis benzyloxypyridin-4-yl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(27)	4-[1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-5-indolyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxo-2-butenoic
		acid,
	(28)	4-[1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-4-indolyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxo-2-butenoic
20		acid,
	(29)	4-(4-benzyloxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(30)	4-[1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-6-indolyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxo-2-butenoic
		acid, and
	(31)	4-biphenyl-4-yl-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
25	and tautor	ners and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
		14
	(1)	14. A compound selected from the group consisting of:
	(1)	4-(3,5-Bis-benzyloxy-phenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
30	(2)	4-[3-Benzyloxy-5-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)-phenyl]-2,4-
3 0	(9)	dioxobutanoic acid,
	(3)	4-[3-Benzyloxy-5-(6-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-hexyloxy)-
	(4)	phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(4) (5)	4-(3-Benzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
25	(5)	4-[3-(2-chlorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
35	(6)	4-(4-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,

	(7)	4-(3-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(8)	1-(3-benzyloxy-5-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(9)	1-(3-Benzyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
٠	(10)	1-(2-Benzyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
5	(11)	1-[3-(4-Fluorobenzyloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
•	(12)	1-[3-(3,4-Difluorobenzyloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(13)	4-[3-(5-methyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
	(14)	4-{3-[(methyl-phenyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-2,4-dioxo-
10		butyric acid,
	(15)	4-(3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-yl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(16)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-
		phenyl]butyric acid,
	(17)	2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,
15	(18)	4-[3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(19)	4-[5-(4-Fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
	(20)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(21)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-
20		dioxobutyric acid,
	(22)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid
	(23)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric
		acid,
	(24)	4-(5-Benzyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
25	(25)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-dimethylamino-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(26)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoxazol-7-yl]-2,4-dioxo
		butyric acid,
	(27)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
30		acid,
	(28)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-
	•	dioxobutyric acid,
	(29)	4-[3-(3-Chloropyridin-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric
		acid,

	(30)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl)
		phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(31)	4-(5-benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methoxyethoxyphenyl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
5	(32)	4-(3-Benzyl-4-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(33)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(34)	4-(3-Benzyl-4-fluorophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(35)	4-(3-Benzyl-4-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
10	(36)	4-[5-(2-Methylbenzyl)-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(37)	2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-pyridin-2-ylmethylphenyl)butyric acid,
	(38)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
15	(39)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(40)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-benzyloxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(41)	4-[5-(3-Methylbenzyl)-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
20	(42)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-benzyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(43)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-hydroxy)ethoxyphenyl]-2,4- dioxo-2-butanoic acid,
	(44)	2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-pyridin-3-ylmethylphenyl)butyric acid,
25	(45)	4-[3-(3-Methyl-pyridin-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(46)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-methylsulfanylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(47)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-N-morpholinophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(48)	4-(8-Benzyl-4-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2h-benzo[1,4]oxazin-6-yl)-
	(10)	2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
30	(49)	4-[5-(2-Chlorobenzyl)-3-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(50)	•
		4-[5-(3-Chlorobenzyl)-3-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(51)	4-(5-Benzyl-2,3,4-trimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
35	(52)	4-(6-Benzylbenzo[1,3]dioxol-4-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,

	(53)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(morpholine-4-carbonyl)phenyl]-2,4- dioxobutyric acid,
	(54)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyridine-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
		acid,
5	(55)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(morpholinomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric
		acid,
	(56)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyridine-3-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
		acid,
	(57)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(2-dimethylamino-1-hydroxy-1-
10		methylethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(58)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
		acid,
	(59)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-fluorophenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(60)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-hydroxymethyl-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-
15		dioxobutyric acid,
	(61)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyrazin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(62)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(2-oxopiperidin-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(63)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(morpholinomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-
20		dioxobutyric acid,
	(64)	4-[3-(2-Chlorobenzyl)-5-pyridin-2-ylmethylphenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(65)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-
		ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
25	(66)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-methoxymethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(67)	4-[3-(2-Fluorobenzyl)-5-morpholinomethylphenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(68)	4-[3-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-5-morpholinomethylphenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
30	(69)	4-[3-(3-Fluorobenzyl)-5-morpholinomethylphenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(70)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(tert-butylcarbamoyl)phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(71)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-
35		dioxobutyric acid,

	(72)	4-[5-Benzyl-3-(N'-methyl-N-piperazinyl)phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(73)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,4]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
5	(74)	4-(6-Benzyl-3-oxo-3,4-dihydro-2-H-benzo[1,4]oxazin-8-yl)-2,4
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(75)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyrimidin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric
		acid,
	(76)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-amino-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
10		acid,
	(77)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-ethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(78)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-morpholin-4-yl-ethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(79)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-trifluoroethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
15	(80)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclobutyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(81)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclopentyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(82)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-tetrazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric
		acid,
	(83)	4-(5-Benzyl-2,3-diisopropoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
20	(84)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-N-methylaminophenyl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(85)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,4-
		dioxo-butyric acid,
	(86)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(2-N,N-
25		dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(87)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(morpholinomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxo-butyric acid,
	(88)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-N,N-
		dimethylaminomethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
30	(89)	4-(7-Benzylbenzo[1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic
		acid,
	(90)	2-Hydroxy-4-oxo-4-(3-phenylindan-5-yl)but-2-enoic acid,
	(91)	4-(Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid,
	(92)	3-(3-Benzyl-5-carboxyacetylphenyl)-3-oxopropionic acid,
35	(93)	4-(4-Dibenzylaminophenyl)-2-hydroxy-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid

	(94)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-methoxy-2-mtethylthioethoxyphenyl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(95)	4-(7-Benzyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[1,4]dioxin-5-yl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
5	(96)	(+/-) 4-(8-Benzyl-3-hydroxy-3,4-dihydro-2H-benzo[B][1,4]di-
		oxepin-6-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(97)	4-(2,3-Dimethoxy-5-pent-4-enylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid
	(98)	4-(5-Cyclopropylmethyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
10	(99)	(6-Benzyloxy-1-oxo-indan-2-ylidene)-hydroxyacetic acid,
	(100)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,3]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-
		2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(101)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,4]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-
		2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
15	(102)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(3-N,N-dimethylaminopropoxy)-3-
		methoxyphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(103)	4-[3-(Phenyldifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	. (104)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclopropyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(105)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(1-piperidinylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-
20		dioxo-butyric acid,
	(106)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-dimethylamino-1-methylethoxy)phenyl]-2,4
		dioxo-butyric acid,
	(107)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
25	(108)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
	•	butyric acid,
	(109)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(pyridin-2-
		ylaminomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(110)	4-[1-(2,6-Difluorobenzyl)-1H-indol-6-yl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid
30	(111)	4-(1-Benzyl-1H-indol-6-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(112)	1-[1-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-6-indolyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(113)	1-[1-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-4-indolyl]-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(114)	4-[3-(2,4-difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(115)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2,6-difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid,
35	(116)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-4-6-trifluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid,

	(117)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-fluoro-3-choro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid,
	(118)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-methyl-4-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric
		acid,
	(119)	4-[3-(2,3-dichloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
5		4-[3-(2-chloro-3-methylbenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(121)	
	(122)	
		acid,
	(123)	4-[3-(2-fluorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
10	(124)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-choro-4-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid,
	(125)	4-[3-(2-methylbenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(126)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenyl]butyric acid,
	(127)	4-[3-(2-chlorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(128)	4-[3-(2-bromobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
15	(129)	4-[5-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
	(130)	4-[3-(3-chloro-2-methyl-benzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(131)	4-[3-(2,3-difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(132)	4-(3,5-dibenzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
20	(133)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-trifluoromethylbenzyl)phenyl]butyric acid,
	(134)	4-[3-(4-fluorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(135)	4-[3-(3-chlorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(136)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-bromo-3-chloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric
		acid,
25	(137)	4-(3-benzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(138)	4-[3-(2-fluoro-3-methyl-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric
		acid,
	(139)	4-[3-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(140)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-bromo-4-fluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid,
30	(141)	4-[3-(3-bromobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(142)	4-[3-(2,5-difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(143)	4-[3-(5-chloro-2-fluoro-benzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(144)	4-[3-(3-methylbenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
		4-(3-benzyl-4-methyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
35	(146)	4-[3-(3,4-difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,

	(147)	4-[3-(2,5-dichloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(148)	4-[3-(2-chloro-6-methyl-benzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(149)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2-trifluoromethyl-4-chloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-
		butyric acid,
5	(150)	4-[3-(2-bromo-5-chloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric
		acid,
	(151)	4-(3-naphthalen-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(152)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(3-fluorobenzyl)phenyl]butyric acid,
	(153)	2,4-dioxo-4-(3-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,
10	(154)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]butyric acid,
	(155)	4-(3-benzyl-4,5-dimethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(156)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(3-methoxybenzyl)phenyl]butyric acid,
	(157)	$\hbox{4-[3-(5-methyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric}$
		acid,
15	(158)	$\hbox{4-[3-(5-chloro-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,} \hbox{4-dioxo-butyric}$
		acid,
	(159)	4-(3-benzyl-5-methylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(160)	4-[3-(2-cyanobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(161)	4-[3-benzylphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
20	(162)	4-[3-(3,5-dichloro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(163)	4-(5-benzyl-2,4-dimethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(164)	4-(5-benzyl-2-methylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(165)	4-(3-cyclohexylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(166)	4-{3-[(methyl-phenyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-2,4-dioxo-
25		butyric acid,
	(167)	4-[3-benzyl-5-(5-hydroxy-pentyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric
		acid,
	(168)	4-(3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-yl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(169)	4-[3-(3-tert-butoxy-2-hydroxy-propyl)-5-(2-methyl-benzyl)-
30		phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(170)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(2,3-dimethoxy-benzyl)-phenyl]-butyric acid,
	(171)	4-[3-(methoxyphenylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(172)	4-[3-[hydroxy-(tetrahydro-furan-3-yl)-methyl]-5-(2-methyl-
		benzyl)-phenyl]2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
35	(173)	2,4-dioxo-4-(3-phenoxymethyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,

	(174)	2,4-dioxo-4-(3-phenoxymethyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,
	(175)	
		dioxobutyric acid,
	(176)	4-[3-benzyl-5-(t-butoxycarbamoyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric
5		acid,
	(177)	4-[3-(hydroxy-phenyl-methyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(178)	4-(5-benzyl-2,3-dimethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
		n-[3-(3,5-dibromobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(180)	4-[3-(2-methyl-benzyl)-5-pyrimidin-2-yl-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
10		butyric acid,
	(181)	4-[3-benzyl-2-(pyrimidin-2-ylamino)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid
	(182)	4-[3-benzoimidazol-1-ylmethyl-5-(2-methyl-benzyl)-phenyl]-
		2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
15	(183)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)phenyl] butyric acid,
	(184)	4-(4-phenoxy-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(185)	2,4-dioxo-4-(3-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,
	(186)	4-[3-benzyl-5-(6-methoxy-pyridin-2-yl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
20	(187)	4-(3-benzotriazol-2-ylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(188)	4-[3-benzyl-5-(2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-pyrazin-6-
		yl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(189)	4-[4-(3-phenethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(190)	4-[4-(3-chlorobenzyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
25	(191)	4-(3-benzoimidazol-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric
		acid,
	(192)	4-[3-benzyloxy-5-(6-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-
		hexyloxy)phenyl]-2-hydroxy-4-oxo-but-2-enoic acid,
	(193)	
30	(194)	4-[3-(3,5-dimethyl-pyrazol-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
	(195)	4-[3-benzyloxy-5-(2-morphonin-4-yl-ethoxy)phenyl]-2-
		hydroxy-4-oxo-but-2-enoic acid,
	(196)	4-(4-methyl-3-phenoxy-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid
35	(197)	4-[3-(2-hydroxy-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,

	(198)	4-[3-benzyl-5-(6-dimethylamino-pyrazin-2-yl)-phenyl]-2,4-
		dioxo-butyric acid, and
	(199)	4-(5-benzyl-2-methoxypyridin-3-yl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid;
	and t	automers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
5		
		15. The compound according to Claim 14 selected from:
	(1)	4-(3-Benzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
	(2)	4-[3-(5-methyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid,
10	(3)	4-{3-[(methyl-phenyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-2,4-dioxo- butyric acid,
	(4)	4-(3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-yl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(5)	2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-phenyl]butyric acid,
15	(6)	2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,
	(7)	4-[3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(8)	4-[5-(4-Fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(9)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
20	(10)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-
	•	dioxobutyric acid,
	(11)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid
	(12)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyricacid,
25	(13)	4-(5-Benzyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(14)	4-(5-Benzyl-3-dimethylamino-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(15)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoxazol-7-yl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
30	(16)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(17)	4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
35	(18)	4-[3-(3-Chloropyridin-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,

(19)4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl) phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid, 4-(5-benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methoxyethoxyphenyl)-2,4-(20)dioxobutyric acid, 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,3]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-5 (21)2,4-dioxobutyric acid, 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,4]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-(22)2,4-dioxobutyric acid, 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(3-N,N-dimethylaminopropoxy)-3-(23)10 methoxyphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid, 4-[3-(Phenyldifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid, (24)(25)4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclopropyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid, (26)4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(1-piperidinylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4dioxo-butyric acid. 15 (27)4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-dimethylamino-1-methylethoxy)phenyl]-2,4dioxo-butyric acid. (28)4-[5-Benzyl-2-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid. (29)4-[3-Benzyl-5-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-20 butyric acid, and (30)4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(pyridin-2ylaminomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid; and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

- 25 16. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 1.
- 17. The pharmaceutical composition of Claim 16, useful 30 for treating infection by HIV, or for treating AIDS or ARC.
 - 18. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 17 additionally comprising a therapeutically effective amount of an AIDS treatment agent selected from
- 35 (1) an AIDS antiviral agent,

- (2) an anti-infective agent, and
- (3) an immunomodulator.
- 19. The composition of Claim 18 wherein the antiviral agent is an HIV protease inhibitor.
 - 20. The composition of Claim 19 wherein the HIV protease inhibitor is N-(2(R)-hydroxy-1-(S)-indanyl)-2(R)-phenylmethyl-4(S)-hydroxy-5-(1-(4-(3-pyridylmethyl)-2(S)-N'-(t-butylcarboxamido)-piperazinyl))-pentaneamide or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 21. A method of inhibiting HIV integrase, comprising the administration to a mammal in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of structural formula (I):

$$R^8$$
 A
 R^9
 O
 O
 O

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof,

20 wherein:

A is a six-membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring containing 0, 1, or 2 nitrogen heteroatoms substituted on carbon or nitrogen by R¹, R², R⁸, and R⁹;

optionally the aromatic ring may be fused with another ring system to form:

R1 is selected from:

- 5 (1) -H,
 - (2) -C₁₋₅ alkyl,
 - (3) -C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁷,
 - (4) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁷,
 - (5) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-SR⁷,
- 10 (6) -CF₃ or -CH₂CF₃,
 - (7) -halo,
 - (8) $-NO_2$,
 - (9) $-C_{0-3}$ alkyl $-N(R^4)(R^5)$,
 - (10) -R6,
- 15 (11) -C₂₋₅ alkenyl-R³,
 - (12) -C2-5 alkynyl-R3,
 - (13) -O-R6,
 - (14) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with fluorine atoms,
- 20 (15) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR⁷;
 - (16) $-O-C_{2-6}$ alkyl-N(R⁴)(R⁵);
 - (17) -S-C₁₋₃ alkyl;
 - (18) $-C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OR^7$;
 - (19) -CH2-CH(OH)-CH2-O-R7; and
- 25 (20) -C(OH)(CH₃)-CH₂N(R⁴)(R⁵);

R² is selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) $-R^3$,

(3) -C₁₋₆ alkyl, -C1-6 alkyl substituted with R3, wherein one or more of the **(4)** hydrogen atoms on C1-6 alkyl may be replaced with a fluorine atom, 5 -C₂₋₆ alkenyl, (5)-O-R6, (6) -0-C₁₋₆ alkyl-OR⁶, (7) -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl-SR⁶, (8) $-S(O)_n-R6$ (9) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl $(OR^6)(R^4)$, 10 (10)(11) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R4)(R6), $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl $S(O)n-R_{6}$, (12)(13) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl C(O)-R⁶, (14) $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl $C(O)CH_2-C(O)-OH$, 15 $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl C(S)-R⁶, (15)-C₁₋₆ alkyl NR⁴C(O)-R⁶, (16) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl- $C(O)N(R^4)(R^5)$, and (17)(18) $-CH_2(OR^7)-R6;$ each R³ is independently selected from: 20 **(1)** a 5 or 6 membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring, containing 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, unsubstituted or substituted on nitrogen or carbon by 1 to 5 substituents selected from: (a) halogen. 25 (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, (d) phenyl, 30 -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl, (e) -CN, (f) (g) hydroxy, (h) phenyloxy, $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl-N(R⁷)₂, (i)

5

15

20

25

		
	—-N	N-CH ₃
(i)	_	_/
U)		

- (k) oxo, and
- (l) substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from:
 - (i) halogen,
 - (ii) C_{1-6} alkyl,
 - (iii) -CF3, and
 - (iv) hydroxy;
- (2) a 3 to 6 membered saturated ring containing 0, 1 or 2

 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur,
 unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected
 from:
 - (a) halogen,
 - (b) C_{1-6} alkyl,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
 - (d) -CF3,
 - (e) -OCF3,
 - (f) -CN,
 - (g) = 0,
 - (h) benzyl, and
 - (i) hydroxy;
 - (3) unsubstituted or substituted hexahydrothieno[3,4-d]imidazolyl with one or two substituents selected from:
 - (a) oxo,
 - (b) halogen,
 - (c) C_{1-6} alkyl,
 - (d) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
 - (e) -CF3,
 - (f) -OCF₃,
- 30 (g) -CN, and
 - (h) hydroxy;
 - (4) a 5 or 6 membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring, containing 0, 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from oxygen,

nitrogen and sulfur, fused with a phenyl ring; wherein the ring system is unsubstituted or substituted on a nitrogen or carbon atom by 1 to 3 substituents selected from:

- (a) -halogen,
- (b) -C₁₋₆ alkyl,
- (c) -C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
- (d) -CF3,
- (e) -OCF3,
- (f) -CN, and
- 10 (g) -hydroxy;

5

25

30

- (5) a 3 to 6 membered saturated ring containing 0, 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, fused with a phenyl ring, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or 2 substituents selected from:
- 15 (a) halogen,
 - (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
 - (d) -CF3,
 - (e) -OCF3,
- 20 (f) -CN,
 - (g) = 0, and
 - (h) hydroxy;
 - (6) a 5 to 6 membered ring containing 0, 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, containing 2 or 3 double bonds, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or 2 substituents selected from:
 - (a) halogen,
 - (b) C_{1-6} alkyl,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-,
 - (d) -CF3,
 - (e) -OCF3,
 - (f) -CN,
 - (g) = 0, and
 - (h) hydroxy; and

```
(7)
                      a 5 to 6 membered ring containing 0, 1 or 2 heteroatoms
                      selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, containing 2 or 3
                     double bonds, fused with a phenyl ring, unsubstituted or
                      substituted with 1 or 2 substituents selected from:
 5
                     (a)
                             halogen,
                             C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                     (b)
                     (c)
                             C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyloxy-,
                     (d)
                             -CF3,
                     (e)
                             -OCF<sub>3</sub>,
10
                             -CN,
                     (f)
                             =0, and
                     (g)
                     (h)
                             hydroxy; and
      each R4 is independently selected from:
              (1)
                     -H,
15
                     -C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,
              (2)
              (3)
                     -CF<sub>3</sub>,
                     -R3,
              (4)
              (5)
                     -C2-3 alkenyl,
              (6)
                     -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>,
20
             (7)
                     -C2-3 alkenyl-R3,
             (8)
                     -S(O)_n-R^3, and
              (9)
                     -C(O)-R^3:
      each R5 is independently selected from:
             (1)
                     -H,
25
              (2)
                     -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl,
                     -CF3,
             (3)
                     -R3,
             (4)
             (5)
                     -C2-3 alkenyl,
                     -C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl-R<sup>3</sup>,
             (6)
30
                     -C2-3 alkenyl-R3,
             (7)
                     -S(O)_n-R^3,
             (8)
                     -C(O)-R^3,
             (9)
             (10)
                     -C(O)OR4, and
```

(11)

35

-C(O)C(O)OH;each R6 is independently selected from:

- (1) -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³, and
- (2) $-R^3$:

each R7 is independently selected from:

- (1) -H, and
- 5 (2) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

R8 is selected from:

- (1) -H,
- (2) -O- C₁₋₆ alkyl and
- (3) C₁₋₆ alkyl;
- 10 R9 is selected from:

30

- (1) -H,
- (2) $-O-C_{1-3}$ alkyl,
- (3) -OH, and
- (4) oxo; and
- each n is independently selected from 0, 1 and 2.
 - 22. The method according to Claim 21, wherein the compound of structural formula (I) is selected from:
 - (1) 4-(3-Benzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
- 20 (2) 4-[3-(5-methyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
 - (3) 4-{3-[(methyl-phenyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
 - (4) 4-(3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-yl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
- 25 (5) 2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-phenyl]butyric acid,
 - (6) 2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,
 - (7) 4-[3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
 - (8) 4-[5-(4-Fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
 - (9) 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
 - (10) 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
 - (11) 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,

4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric (12)acid. (13)4-(5-Benzyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid. (14)4-(5-Benzyl-3-dimethylamino-2-methoxyphenyl)-2.4-5 dioxobutyric acid, (15)4-[5-Benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoxazol-7-yl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid. 4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric (16)acid, 10 (17)4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4dioxobutyric acid, 4-[3-(3-Chloropyridin-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric (18)acid, 4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl) (19)15 phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid, (20)4-(5-benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methoxyethoxyphenyl)-2,4dioxobutyric acid, 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,3]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-(21)2,4-dioxobutyric acid, 20 (22)4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,4]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid, (23)4-[5-Benzyl-2-(3-N,N-dimethylaminopropoxy)-3methoxyphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid. 4-[3-(Phenyldifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid, (24)25 4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclopropyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid, (25)4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(1-piperidinylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-(26)dioxo-butyric acid, 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-dimethylamino-1-methylethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-(27)dioxo-butyric acid. 30 (28)4-[5-Benzyl-2-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid, 4-[3-Benzyl-5-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-(29)butyric acid, and

(30) 4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(pyridin-2-ylaminomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid;and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

5 23. A method of treating infection by HIV, or of treating AIDS or ARC, comprising the administration to a human in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of structural formula (I):

$$R^8$$
 A
 R^9
 O
 O
 O

and tautomers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

A is a six-membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring containing 0, 1, or 2 nitrogen heteroatoms substituted on carbon or nitrogen by R1, R2, R8, and R9;

optionally the aromatic ring may be fused with another ring system to form:

- 20 R1 is selected from:
 - (1) -H,
 - (2) -C₁₋₅ alkyl,

```
-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-OR<sup>7</sup>,
               (3)
                       -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-OR<sup>7</sup>,
               (4)
                       -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-SR<sup>7</sup>,
               (5)
               (6)
                       -CF3 or -CH2CF3,
 5
               (7)
                       -halo,
               (8)
                       -NO_2,
               (9)
                       -C_{0-3} alkyl -N(R^4)(R^5),
                       -R6.
               (10)
               (11)
                       -C<sub>2-5</sub> alkenyl-R<sup>3</sup>,
10
               (12)
                       -C<sub>2-5</sub> alkynyl-R<sup>3</sup>,
               (13)
                       -O-R6,
                       -O-C1-6 alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms
               (14)
                       may be replaced with fluorine atoms,
                       -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-NH-C(O)-OR<sup>7</sup>,
               (15)
15
               (16)
                       -O-C_{2-6} alkyl-N(R<sup>4</sup>)(R<sup>5</sup>),
               (17)
                       -S-C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl,
               (18)
                       -C(O)CH_2C(O)C(O)OR^7
               (19)
                       -CH2-CH(OH)-CH2-O-R7, and
               (20)
                       -C(OH)(CH_3)-CH_2N(R^4)(R^5);
20
      R<sup>2</sup> is selected from:
               (1)
                       -H,
                       -R3,
               (2)
               (3)
                       -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl,
                       -C1-6 alkyl substituted with R3, wherein one or more of the
              (4)
                       hydrogen atoms on C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl may be replaced with a
25
                       fluorine atom,
              (5)
                       -C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl,
              (6)
                       -0-R6,
                       -O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl-OR<sup>6</sup>,
              (7)
30
                       -O-C1-6 alkyl- SR6,
              (8)
              (9)
                       -S(O)_n-R6,
                       -C_{1-6} alkyl (OR^6)(R^4),
              (10)
                       -C_{0-6} alkyl-N(R^4)(R^6),
              (11)
                       -C1-6 alkyl S(O)n-R6,
              (12)
```

 $-C_{0-6}$ alkyl $C(O)-R_{0}$, (13)(14)-C0-6 alkyl C(O)CH2-C(O)-OH, (15) $-C_{1-6}$ alkyl C(S)-R⁶, (16)-C₁₋₆ alkyl NR⁴C(O)-R⁶, 5 (17)-C₁₋₆ alkyl-C(O)N(\mathbb{R}^4)(\mathbb{R}^5), and -CH₂(OR⁷)-R6; (18)each R3 is independently selected from: **(1)** a 5 or 6 membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring, containing 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, 10 nitrogen and sulfur, unsubstituted or substituted on nitrogen or carbon by 1 to 5 substituents selected from: (a) halogen. (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, 15 (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy- wherein one or more of the hydrogen atoms may be replaced with a fluorine atom, (d) phenyl, (e) -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl, -CN. **(f)** 20 (g) hydroxy, (h) phenyloxy, (i) - C_{0-6} alkyl- $N(R^7)_2$, **(j**) (k) oxo, and 25 (1)substituted phenyloxy with 1, 2, or 3 substituents selected from: (i) halogen, (ii) C₁₋₆ alkyl, (iii) -CF3, and 30 (iv) hydroxy; (2)a 3 to 6 membered saturated ring containing 0, 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur,

unsubstituted or substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected from: (a) halogen, (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, 5 (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-, -CF₃, (d) (e) -OCF3, **(f)** -CN, (g) =0, 10 (h) benzyl, and (i) hydroxy; unsubstituted or substituted hexahydrothieno[3,4-(3)d]imidazolyl with one or two substituents selected from: (a) oxo, 15 **(b)** halogen, (c) C₁₋₆ alkyl, (d) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-, (e) -CF₃, **(f)** -OCF3, 20 (g) -CN, and (h) hydroxy; **(4)** a 5 or 6 membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring, containing 0, 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, fused with a phenyl ring; wherein the 25 ring system is unsubstituted or substituted on a nitrogen or carbon atom by 1 to 3 substituents selected from: -halogen, (a) **(b)** -C₁₋₆ alkyl, -C1-6 alkyloxy-, (c) 30 (d) -CF3, (e) -OCF3, -CN, and **(f)** (g) -hydroxy;

(5)

35

a 3 to 6 membered saturated ring containing 0, 1 or 2

heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, fused

with a phenyl ring, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or 2 substituents selected from: halogen, (a) **(b)** C₁₋₆ alkyl, 5 (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-, (d) -CF3, -OCF3. (e) **(f)** -CN, (g) =0, and 10 (h) hydroxy; **(6)** a 5 to 6 membered ring containing 0, 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, containing 2 or 3 double bonds, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or 2 substituents selected from: 15 (a) halogen, **(b)** C₁₋₆ alkyl, (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-, (d) -CF3, -OCF3, (e) 20 **(f)** -CN, (g) =0, and (h) hydroxy; and (7)a 5 to 6 membered ring containing 0, 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur, containing 2 or 3 25 double bonds, fused with a phenyl ring, unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or 2 substituents selected from: (a) halogen. C₁₋₆ alkyl, **(b)** (c) C₁₋₆ alkyloxy-, 30 (d) -CF3, (e) -OCF3, (f) -CN, (g) =0, and (h) hydroxy; and

each R4 is independently selected from:

35

(1) -H, -C₁₋₄ alkyl, **(2)** (3) -CF3, **(4)** -R3. 5 -C2-3 alkenyl, (5) -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³, **(6) (7)** -C2-3 alkenyl-R3, $-S(O)_n-R^3$, and (8) **(9)** -C(O)-R3; each R5 is independently selected from: 10 (1) -H, **(2)** -C₁₋₃ alkyl, -CF₃, (3)-R3, **(4**) 15 -C2-3 alkenyl, (5) -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³, **(6)** -C2-3 alkenyl-R3, **(7)** (8) $-S(O)_n-R^3$, (9) $-C(O)-R^3$, 20 -C(O)OR4, and (10)(11)-C(O)C(O)OH; each R6 is independently selected from: -C₁₋₃ alkyl-R³, and **(1) (2)** -R3; each R^7 is independently selected from: 25 **(1)** -H, and **(2)** -C₁₋₆ alkyl; R8 is selected from: **(1)** -H, 30 **(2)** -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl and (3) C₁₋₆ alkyl; R9 is selected from:

(1)

(2)

(3)

35

-H,

-O- C₁₋₃ alkyl,

-OH, and

(4) oxo; and each n is independently selected from 0, 1 and 2.

10

20

30

- 24. The method according to Claim 23 wherein the compound of structural formula (I) is selected from:
 - (1) 4-(3-Benzylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutanoic acid,
 - (2) 4-[3-(5-methyl-thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
 - (3) 4-{3-[(methyl-phenyl-amino)-methyl]-phenyl}-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
 - (4) 4-(3-benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-yl-phenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
 - (5) 2,4-dioxo-4-[3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-phenyl]butyric acid,
 - (6) 2,4-Dioxo-4-(3-phenylsulfanyl-phenyl)-butyric acid,
- 15 (7) 4-[3-(2,4-Difluoro-benzyl)-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
 - (8) 4-[5-(4-Fluoro-benzyl)-2,3-dimethoxy-phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
 - (9) 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
 - (10) 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
 - (11) 4-[5-Benzyl-2-(pyridin-2-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
 - (12) 4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
 - (13) 4-(5-Benzyl-2,3-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
- 25 (14) 4-(5-Benzyl-3-dimethylamino-2-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
 - (15) 4-[5-Benzyl-2-N,N-dimethylaminobenzoxazol-7-yl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
 - (16) 4-(3-Benzyl-5-pyrazin-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
 - (17) 4-(3-Benzyl-5-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
 - (18) 4-[3-(3-Chloropyridin-2-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,

	(19)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-methoxy-3-(N,N-dimethylaminomethyl)
		phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid,
	(20)	4-(5-benzyl-3-methoxy-2-methoxyethoxyphenyl)-2,4-
		dioxobutyric acid,
5	(21)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,3]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-
		2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(22)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-[1,2,4]triazol-1-ylmethylphenyl)-
		2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(23)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(3-N,N-dimethylaminopropoxy)-3-
10		methoxyphenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(24)	4-[3-(Phenyldifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(25)	4-(5-Benzyl-2-cyclopropyloxyphenyl)-2,4-dioxobutyric acid,
	(26)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(1-piperidinylmethyl)phenyl]-2,4
	•	dioxo-butyric acid,
15	(27)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(2-dimethylamino-1-methylethoxy)phenyl]-2,4
		dioxo-butyric acid,
	(28)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yloxy)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
		butyric acid,
	(29)	4-[3-Benzyl-5-(4-benzylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-
20		butyric acid, and
	(30)	4-[5-Benzyl-2-isopropoxy-3-(pyridin-2-
		ylaminomethyl)phenyl]-2,4-dioxo-butyric acid;
	and t	automers and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

International application No. PCT/US99/12093

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(6) :Please See Extra Sheet.				
US CL. Please See Extra Sheet.				
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC				
	DS SEARCHED	1 1 5		
	ocumentation searched (classification system followed	by classification symbols)		
	Please See Extra Sheet.			
Documentat	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the	extent that such documents are included	in the fields searched	
·				
	ata base consulted during the international search (nar	no of data have and where practicable	search terms used)	
		ne of data base and, where proceeding,		
CAS online				
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where app	ropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
X	US 4,336,397 A (CRAGOE, Jr. et al) 2	22 June 1982, especially col.	1-9, 16	
	2, line 55 - col. 3 line 24.			
		5 1000	10.16	
X	US 4,423,063 A (ROONEY et al) 27	December 1989, especially	1-9, 16	
	col. 2, line 55 - col. 3, line 22.			
x	EP 0 418 845 A1 (FUJISAWA PHAR	MACEUTICAL CO., LTD)	1-9, 16	
^	27 March 1991, especially page 25, lin		,	
	,			
X	TANAKA, J. et al. Studies on Au		1-9, 16	
	Synthesis of 7-Isopropyl-3,5-dimethyl-1-napthol. Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn. 1989, Vol. 62, No. 6, pages 2102-2104, especially compound			
	9 page 2102.	2-2104, especially compound		
	9 page 2102.			
	·			
X Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.				
• Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand				
	ocument defining the general state of the art which is not considered be of particular relevance	the principle or theory underlying th		
"E" earlier document published on or after the international filing date "B" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone			ered to involve an inventive step	
cit	"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other			
1	necial reason (as specified) ocument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other	considered to involve an inventive combined with one or more other suc	step when the document is the document is the documents, such combination	
m.	means document published prior to the international filing date but later than ** document member of the same patent family			
	e priority date claimed	Date of mailing of the international se		
Date of the actual completion of the international search Of OCTOBER 1999 Date of mailing of the international search 29 OCT 1999				
06 OCTOBER 1999		48 UCI 13	7 3	
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US		712	CE BRIDGERS	
Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT			EGAL SPECIALIST MIÇAL MATRIX	
Washington, D.C. 20231 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230		Telephone No. (703) 308-1235	AB &	

International application No. PCT/US99/12093

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Caugory	Citation of document, which is a specific property of the citation of the cita	
x	MURRAY et al. A Simple Regioselective Synthesis of Ethyl 1,5 Diarylpyrazole-3-carboxylates. J. Heterocyclic Chem. September- October 1989, Vol. 26, pages 1389-1392, especially compounds 1- 7 in table 1 page 1389.	1-9, 16
x	FRERI, M. Deviazioni nella condensazione di Claisen. Gazz. Chim. Ital. 1938, Vol. 68, pages 612-618, see the whole paper especially compounds II, III, IV, V, and VI.	1-9, 16
x	US 3,899,508 A (WIKEL) 12 August 1975, especially below col. 2 see the intermediate - various alkyl esters and col. 3 lines 1-2.	1-2, 16
x	WITIAK, T et al. Synthesis of Ethyl 6-Substituted-Chroman- and - Chromone-2-carboxylates. A Comparative Structure-Activity Study Employing the 6-Phenyl and Phenoxy Analogs in the Triton Hyperlipidemic Rat Model. Journal of Medicinal Chemistry. 1975, Vol. 18, No. 9, pages 934-942, especially compounds 19, 20, and 40 on page 935.	1-9, 16
x	TOMASSINI, J. et al. Inhibition of Cap (m ⁷ GpppXm)-Dependent Endonuclease of Influenza Virus by 4-Substituted 2,4-Dioxobutanoic Acid Compounds. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy. December 1994, Vol. 38, No. 12, pages 2827-2837, especially compound 5 on page 2829.	1-9, 16
•	·	

International application No. PCT/US99/12093

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)			
This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:			
1. X Claims Nos.: 10-12 because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:			
The claims were searched to the point where the core substituent A was phenyl. The multitude of permutations that result because of the variable core meant that no meaningful search could be done on permutations other than phenyl. Thus, claims 10-12 were not searched.			
2. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:			
Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).			
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)			
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:			
·			
·			
1. As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.			
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.			
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:			
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:			
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.			
No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.			

International application No. PCT/US99/12093

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER:

IPC (6):

A61K 31/535; A01N 37/08, 37/12, 43/02, 43/06, 43/26, 43/32, 43/38, 43/40, 43/54, 43/65, 43/58, 43/60, 43/64, 43/76, 43/82, 53/00; C07C 59/74, 59/76, 59/90, 69/76, 229/00, 321/00

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER: US CL :

514/239.2, 238.8, 247, 255, 256, 317, 360, 374, 381, 383, 406, 415, 438, 450, 452, 467, 530, 531, 538, 539, 541; 560/19, 48, 51, 53; 562/426, 433, 441, 451, 452, 457, 459, 462, 463

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched Classification System: U.S.

514/239.2, 238.8, 247, 255, 256, 317, 360, 374, 381, 383, 406, 415, 438, 450, 452, 467, 530, 531, 538, 539, 541; 560/19, 48, 51, 53; 562/426, 433, 441, 451, 452, 457, 459, 462, 463